The Bee.

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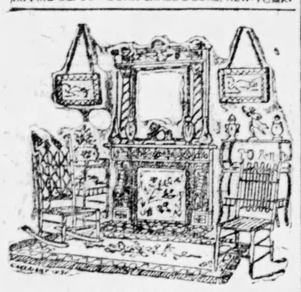

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Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others. It's not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

THE CONANT BROS' FURNITURE CO.,

Summit, Adams and Water Streets.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Stationary temperature, fair weather, southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Slightly cooler, fair weather, westerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 8 p. m.—Fair weather, slightly cooler, southwesterly winds.

LOCAL.

Exposition notes of interest.
St. Cecelias have a lawn fete.
The oil committee to meet again.
Gone to meet O. Y. C. members.
Meeting of labor organizations.
Jim Pheatt has a narrow escape.
Program for Lakeside encampment.
Ann Arbor difficulty being arbitrated.
Charley Gates at home chock full of stories.
Reception to Gen. Carnahan to-night.
Large number of vessels in the harbor.
Foster Warren refused a certificate of election on the secretary of state's vote.

UNITED STATES.

Sugar refinery cases.
Notes from Maumee.
Doings in Custer, O.
Promotions in the army.
A trip to the Death valley.
The Hall-Fitzsimmons fight off.
The tricks of shrewd Jim Blaine.
The earth caving in in Pennsylvania.
The people's party's national address.
Letter carriers to favor an increase in salary.
Doings of the politicians in the District of Columbia.
McKinley to be slaughtered in the house of his friends.
Threatening letters written to the court trying the Elliott case.
Wanamaker trying to raise the wind in the postoffice department.
The Tennessee miners' troubles may be settled without bloodshed.
A wild-eyed Ohio boy who wants to fight for the Chilian insurgents.

FOREIGN.

Balmaceda trying to enlist American tars.

WRONGED BY A MINISTER.

Serious Charges Made by a Girl at Troy Against a Vermont Preacher.

Troy, N. Y., July 23.—A 16-year-old girl, named Hanlon, was found wandering in the streets here, crying and acting strangely.

When interrogated she said she had come from Bennington, Vt., with the intention of drowning herself, because she had been betrayed by a minister at Bennington.

When she arrived here she could not make up her mind to end her life. The girl's mother came here and took her daughter home. She confirmed the girl's story. Several prominent people are said to be connected with the girl's departure from her home.

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Watches!	We think we can please you with our ENGAGEMENT RINGS. CAWOOD.

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TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS.

All our Black Cheviot Blazers for $2.90 Each.

All our Light and Fancy Jackets at a corresponding reduction.

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MAPS OF LUCAS COUNTY

$5.00 EACH

And of the City 25c Each.

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LET YOUR LIGHT SHINE

And see to it that it shines from one of those Elegant New Lamps that

J. J. FREEMAN

is just putting on the market. Rich "Onyx and Gold," "First Empire," "Oxydized Silver," and and all the new finishes.

Magnificent Onyx Tables, Mirrors, Etc. If you wish to look at beautiful goods, at summer prices, come in and we

WILL CLOSE AT 6:30.

WILL HELP YOU.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at low cash prices; Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

ELASCOMB & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

DROPS OF WATER

Spoilt Our Frescoing!

We must Redecorate and propose to sell all

WALL PAPER AT COST!

TO SAVE HANDLING.

Allen & Parkhurst.

RECIPROCITY.

Mr. Blaine is right. We believe in reciprocity and practice it as far as possible with our customers.

Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, &c., sold on Installments at cash prices. Baby Carriages and Refrigerators $1 down and $1 per week. Goods delivered free anywhere in Toledo.

Honorable and square dealing every time. Ask your friends about us. Come in and examine our goods and learn our prices.

DRAPER & NUGENT.

THE SHAH OF PERSIA

Nassar-ed-Din Believed to be Dying.

A Sly Old Diplomat Who Keeps Them Guessing.

A Past Master in the Practice of Deceit.

All Oriental Countries Watching His Condition.

His Death Would be Seized Upon by All the Waring Factions as a Time to Push Their Claims for Recognition.

London, July 23.—The announcement from Teheran of the serious illness of Nassar-ed-Din, shah of Persia, has revived the periodical speculation in London as to the political probabilities in the event of his death.

Though Persia is the most remote of the large Asiatic countries, its importance from a strategic, as well as a commercial point of view, has constantly engaged the attention of European statesmen, more especially those of Russia and England, each of which governments has repeatedly sought to conclude with the Persian monarch a treaty of commerce as the entering wedge to greater encroachments upon his territory.

It was with this object in view that British allurements were held out to the shah to visit Europe in 1873, upon which occasion, despite his peculiarly offensive habits, he was made much of at the different capitals and persistently importuned by officials and capitalists for railway, banking, trading and other concessions in Persia, whereby the shah was to receive enormous profits.

With true Oriental courtesy the shah gave assent to several of the propositions submitted to him and the capitalists were happy. So was the shah. He had a good time and went home rich in experience and wise in the knowledge of having had it at the expense of those who thought they had plucked him.

But the Shah is Past Master in the art of Oriental diplomacy, which consists chiefly, if not wholly of duplicity and mendacity.

When he arrived at Teheran he resumed business at the old stand and in spite of the promises he had made, refused to make any concessions except to himself.

Meanwhile Russia and England continued their efforts to establish better commercial relations with the Asiatic kingdom, making, however, little headway.

In 1878 the Shah made a trip to Russia after which the St. Petersburg government enjoyed a short season of preferment at the Teheran court and in 1889 he again visited London, Paris and other European capitals, repeating his former practice of promising concessions, on the strength of which Prince Dolgorouki, Russian minister to Persia, was instructed to negotiate a treaty of commerce based on the lines of the Shah's promises.

Dolgorouki was recalled in the latter part of 1889, he having failed to justify the expectations to which his appointment gave rise.

Dolgorouki was admittedly foiled by the astuteness of the British minister, Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, but the triumph of that official was short-lived, for not long afterward M. Baetzoff, Dolgorouki's successor, executed a flank movement upon Wolff and Sir Henry was almost immediately relieved at his own request, owing to "ill health," since which time Russia has enjoyed the lion's share of the scant commercial privileges obtainable from the Shah's government.

With Russia in possession of these advantages, slight as they are as compared to the chief objects sought, she would be incalculably in the lead of all other European nations in the event of the death of the shah with its attendant change of government and a possibility of a revolution.

Some time ago the shah created a sensation in his court by naming the son of one of his concubines, an officer in the Persian army, as his successor, instead of the rightful heir, Mouzaffer-ed-Din, his legitimate son. This raised a tremendous row and the shah finally yielded to the opposition and abandoned his idea. The matter was kept as quiet as possible, but those who were aware of it ascribed the shah's action to Russian intrigue.

The seeds of discord having been thus sown, the likelihood of an uprising in favor of the pretender, after the death of the shah, is not remote, and just such a circumstance is what is most feared by English statesmen.

Russia has thousands of troops on the frontier of Persia, within easy marching distance of Teheran, while it would take England three months to get troops there if their presence should be necessary.

Should any disturbance occur in Persia through a change of government Russia would unquestionably move her troops forward to Teheran at once to "preserve order," and once there they would remain. It will therefore be seen that the shah's illness is indeed serious.

THE EARTH IS CAVING IN.

Great Excitement in the Mining Towns.

So Much Coal Has Been Taken Out of the Interior that the Crust Refuses to Stand.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 23.—The earth has caved in in many places in Edwardsville, just across the river, causing houses to topple over and rendering the land in the vicinity in which it occurred useless for further building.

The people who lived in the houses received timely warning and escaped with their lives.

It will cost many thousands of dollars to put the interior of the mine, over which the town is situated, in condition.

The settling has not yet ceased and the people are still vacating their homes, and great excitement exists among the miners.

Gold Fever Again.

Grenada, Nicaragua, July 23.—The famous placer mines of Prinza polka have again started the gold fever throughout Central America. Gold nuggets weighing from six to 38 pounds were lately found there. Senor Catezas, who has just come from the mines has with him rich specimens of native gold. He states that this district is destined to become as celebrated as the bonanza mines of California.

LAST VICTIM FOR THE GALLOWS

Samuel E. Wayman to be Hanged Unless the Governor Interferes.

Rochester, N. Y., July 23.—Samuel E. Wayman, who was convicted of the murder of Emory Thayer, a farmer, while robbing his house in October, 1885, is to be hanged on August 15 unless the governor intervenes.

Lawyer Coyne, Wayman's counsel, will appear before Governor Hill with the papers and petition for a commutation as soon as a day can be fixed. The petition has been quite largely signed.

After the day had been fixed for his execution Sheriff Hampton went to Wayman and, referring to his claim that he had not been able to get his witnesses, offered, if he would pick out any man in whom he had confidence to get his witnesses, to pay the expenses thus incurred.

Wayman accepted and named Deputy Sheriff O'Leary, who for two weeks has been attempting to find the person Wayman claimed would help him in establishing an alibi. The attempts have thus far been unsuccessful.

The prisoner protests his innocence stoutly and hopes for a commutation.

Special interest attaches to the coming execution as it will, in all probability, be the last in this state in which the gallows will be used.

The Mutiny Confirmed.

London, July 23.—The Times confirms the reports of the mutiny of the Coldstream guards and states that it was due to the work of the young soldiers composing the battalion being exceptionally severe during the kaiser's visit.

This caused general ill-feeling when the battalion was ordered to parade on Monday. The disposition to refuse to obey orders was quelled by the officers, however, and the battalion paraded as usual.

Holidays in Uraguay.

Montevideo, July 23.—A decree was yesterday issued by the government of Uraguay which devotes three days to a public holiday. Some of the local banks refused to obey the decree until compelled so to do by the police.

The Montevideo branch of the English bank of the River Plate, which a few days ago was placed in the hands of a liquidator, has issued an announcement declaring itself solvent and in a position to meet all its liabilities.

Duties on Grain.

Berlin, July 23.—This morning a conference took place between the members of the government and representatives of the principal grain firms of Germany. The conference is supposed to have been the result of an urgent summons issued by the government, which is supposed to be seriously reconsidering the reduction of duties upon grain.

Denies the Rumor.

Burlington, Vt., July 23.—Col. Le Grand B. Cannon, of the Delaware & Hudson Canal company, said yesterday that there was no truth in the statements telegraphed from Albany to the effect that the Vanderbilts were negotiating through Dr. Seward Webb for the control of the Delaware & Hudson Canal company's railroad.

IN AID OF IRELAND.

Balfour's Work Greeted With Cheers.

Every Evidence that the Irish and the Government are Getting Closer Together.

London, July 23.—In the house of commons last evening the committee of supply favorably reported a bill which calls for the appropriation of £60,000 wherewith to pay the salaries and expenses connected with the government relief measures in Ireland.

Mr. Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, in connection with the report of the committee and in support of its recommendations, made a detailed statement of the relief works which had been inaugurated and were in course of construction, or which had already been completed.

It was, Mr. Balfour said, the intention of the governor that these works should prove a permanent means for the promotion of the welfare of the inhabitants of Ireland. When it was considered how great were the difficulties which attended the vast system of relief works which extended from the extreme north to the extreme south of Ireland it must be acknowledged that the government had not been wanting in appreciation of its duty. (Cheers).

Mr. Tim Healy, member for the northern division of Longford and a leader of the anti-Parnellite Irish nationalists, acknowledged that the government had performed a very useful work. Mr. Healy, however, vigorously charged that in the carrying out of the government's system of relief the county of Donegal had been neglected.

Mr. Alfred Webb, nationalist member of parliament for the western division of Waterford, said he gave full credit to Mr. Balfour for the work which he had performed. Mr. Webb said he had from his own observation realized how effectively the pressing necessities of the people had been relieved and he congratulated the chief secretary for Ireland upon the success of his efforts. Nevertheless he (Mr. Webb) still felt bitter humiliation as an Irishman that these constant grants of relief to his suffering countrymen were necessary.

He regarded the fact that they were so necessary as showing how utterly wrong was the present form of government in Ireland.

Mr. Balfour, again taking the floor, stated that he approved of the suggestion that an agricultural department be established to instruct the youth of the congested districts in obtaining a knowledge of intelligent, economical and successful farming.

Held to Court.

Fall River, Mass., July 23.—Dr. H. A. Hawkins, who created a sensation by recklessly shooting Mary Powers, a Lowell girl, and later by terrorizing the police and gathering a mob of 2,000 people, was this morning in the police court held in $2,000 bail until next Wednesday.

Favor an Increase in Salary.

Boston, July 23.—The delegates chosen by the Boston letter carriers to attend the national convention in Detroit, August 5, 6 and 7 held a meeting last night, when it was decided that the delegation should especially favor an increase of salary and not push the other measures.

Bank Assigns.

Jefferson, Tex., July 23.—Owing to the recent embarrassment of a number of the largest customers, the Citizens' bank has assigned to T. J. Rogers to secure depositors. The assets largely exceed the liabilities.

WANT AMERICAN TARS.

Balmaceda's Men are in This Country.

Earnest Efforts to Secure Crews for the New Chilian War Ships in France.

New York, July 23.—It is stated that an agent of Balmaceda's government has traversed the whole coast of New England, from Cape Cod to Eastport, for the purpose of hiring sailors to make up crews for two men of war. The ships have been fitted out in France, but the necessary officers and crews could not be secured in Europe.

The agent offered large bounties and big wages. How far he has succeeded is not known.

WILL BE NO BLOODSHED.

The Convict Lease Law to be Repealed.

Gov. Buchanan to Convene the Legislature.

In the Meantime it is Expected that the Miners Will Not Protest Against the Convicts.

Knoxville, Tenn., 23.—It is pretty generally decided that there is little to fear that blood will have to be shed in the mining region.

Gov. Buchanan reached the city from Nashville, and as soon as he had breakfasted began his work to smooth the tangled skein.

He first called his militia officers into his consultation room and listened to their reports.

Later on prominent citizens of Knoxville and friends of the governor were admitted. The governor listened to all suggestions, evidently wanting the fullest possible discussion of the situation in all its aspects.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, by appointment, he met the committee of the miners mentioned in last night's dispatches, and the commission of five named by the miners.

The discussion lasted for several hours, and at the end he announced his decision. He stated that before he left Nashville he had decided to call an extra session of the legislature, and had already made a call for an election to fill vacancies in the legislature.

In his call for a special session he will embody a recommendation to the legislature that the convict lease shall be modified if not repealed.

In the meanwhile, pending the election, the convicts must be returned to the Briceville mines from which they had been evicted. If the miners agree not to molest them until such time as the legislature may act, the militia will be sent home.

The committee from the miners, although having power to act, concluded that the decision of the Governor should be laid officially before the miners as a whole, and the Governor was so informed.

A mass meeting of miners will be held at 11 o'clock immediately upon the arrival of the committee, and the matter will be definitely decided. The committee will return this afternoon at 5:45 to notify the Governor. Those best acquainted with the mountain people believe that the miners will be willing to leave the matter with the Legislature and will give the required promises.

If they do not the convicts will be returned to Coal Creek and with them the militia. If the force is not large enough to guarantee protection to property and the safe working of the convicts, the United States will be called upon for a force of regulars.

Reports about threatened riot to-day at Briceville are without foundation. There is nobody in Briceville for the miners to fight. The militia and the convicts and the guards are all in Knoxville.

There is not a man in Briceville, nor has there been since Monday, who is not a miner or a friend of the miners. Tomorrow is anxiously awaited by Governor Buchanan.

He is interested in it as no other man can be, for all the best lawyers believe that in calling out the militia he has exceeded his power.

The Constitution of the State is very plainly against him. The clause relating to the militia is: "the militia shall not be called into service except in cases of rebellion or invasion and then only when the General Assembly shall declare by law that the public safety requires it."

The miners now pause to consider. They are not so anxious to fight as they were a few days ago, when only a handful of men opposed them. They say that they think that they will induce their insurgent army to lay down their arms and allow the convicts to return to the mines if the governor will promise to call an extra session of the legislature and ask that the lease law be repealed.

The governor has given them until tomorrow afternoon to restore order and allow the law to take its course in Coal Creek valley. If it is not done by that time he will have the troops to the scene and maintain the dignity of the state at the point of the bayonet.

The troops are anxious to move and settle the question as to who is the biggest, the state of Tennessee or the miners of Anderson county. They are thoroughly disgusted with the attitude of the people of this section and are not backward in expressing themselves.

A mass meeting has just broken up and its participants are running through the streets yelling "Hurrah for the miners" and jeering Gov. Buchanan. The feeling is becoming intense, and if the governor is inclined to peaceful measures, such conduct will change his resolution. Owing to conditions, Gen. Carnes is enforcing rigid discipline and the soldiers are demeaning themselves quietly. Only a few who are on special missions can be found on the streets.

A FORGER AT DEFIANCE.

He Has Been Doing a Land Office Business.

Bound Over on a Plea of Guilty—A Boy Drowned in the Auglaize.

Defiance, July 23.—(Special)—Daniel Powell, who claims Hicksville as his home, was arrested Tuesday evening on a charge of forgery preferred by his brother, Joseph, who claims Daniel forged his name and Mr. Overhot's of Hicksville to a $100 note.

This paper was sold at the Merchants' and Farmers' bank of Hicksville, Powell receiving the face value of the note.

Officer Eiser arrested him at Cecil and he was given a hearing last evening before 'Squire Hunter.

Powell stoutly maintained his innocence to the officers and his attorneys.

When he was arraigned in court to the surprise of everyone present and to the amazement of his attorneys he plead guilty.

He was required to enter into a bond of $500 for his appearance at common pleas court.

This bond he could not furnish and he was remanded to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Late developments, it is claimed, show that Powell has been engaged in a systematic job of forging having uttered ten or fifteen bogus instruments and receiving nearly the face value of them.

Last evening about 6 o'clock James, the 7-year-old son of Oscar Hallingshead, was drowned in the Auglaize river at the Hopkins Street bridge. The boy was playing on the bridge in company with some comrades and was hanging on some of the rods on the structure.

Letting go his grasp he fell through a hole to the water about thirty feet below.

The coroner was summoned and he returned a verdict of accidental drowning. The parents of the boy reside in East Defiance and have a large family.

No blame is attached to anyone for the boy's death.

RATIFIED THE NOMINATION.

Enthusiastic Meeting of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Canton.

Canton, July 23.—The Young Men's Democratic club has held an enthusiastic meeting for the purpose of ratifying the work of the Cleveland convention. The resolutions as prepared by Messrs. J. V. Carr, J. H. Reigner and Hon. John E. Monnot were adopted unanimously and are as follows:

"Resolved, By the Young Men's Democratic club of Canton, that we earnestly approve of the renomination of Gov. Campbell and the entire state ticket nominated at Cleveland, so that the economical administration which was so auspiciously inaugurated by the present governor during his first term may be continued.

"Resolved, That in the state ticket headed by Gov. Campbell we have one worthy of the support of all, irrespective of party affiliations, and that we will use our united efforts and all honorable means for the attainment of the election of this ticket, believing as we do 'that the tariff is a tax, and the consumer pays it,' is the paramount issue in the coming campaign, and we invite your co-operation, that a tax-burdened people may find relief."

Heavy Storms.

Berlin, July 23.—Heavy storms and floods prevail in Silesia, Saxony and North Germany, inundating villages and doing immense damage to crops. The suburbs of Hamburg are submerged and the water is rising.

A large amount of dock property has been destroyed at Hamburg by fire caused by lightning.

Bring Everything You Have.

London, July 23.—The Telegraph this morning urges that in addition to the exhibition of every class of English manufactures at Chicago, there should be an admirable fine-art selection, as America is one of the best of markets for English pictures.

Suspended.

Omaha, Neb., July 23.—Toucray & Bryan, grain commission merchants, have suspended owing to slow collections from country customers.

The principal creditors are St. Louis and Chicago firms.

Ocean Navigation.

Berlin, July 23. — The shipowners of Bremen have adopted a resolution in favor of the adoption by the entire German merchant marine of the German Lloyds reformed regulations for steering.

Damaged by Hail.

St. Peter, Minn., July 23.—The hail storm which passed over the western part of the county on Sunday laid low all the crops, and caused a loss to grain estimated at $100,000. The losers were uninsured.

Killed His Man.

Springfield, Mass., July 23.—An unknown man shot and killed James Nesbit at Chicopee this morning and also injured another man. He has been arrested. The motive for his crime is not known.

World's Fair Commissioners.

London, July 23.—The United States minister, Mr. Robert T. Lincoln, will today present the Chicago World's Fair commissioners to Lord Salisbury.

Tax on Books.

St. Petersburg, July 23.—The government has fixed a tax upon bound books of one rouble per pood and a heavier duty upon Russian books printed abroad.

Created a Baronet.

London, July 23.—Lord Mayor Savory has been created a baronet.

RIOTING AMONG MINERS.

Foreign Laborers Driven from the Works.

Many of them Badly Bruised With Stones.

The Company Has Barricaded Their Latest Importation and More Trouble is Feared.

Plymouth, Pa., July 23.—A strike and serious riot occurred last evening at 6 o'clock at the Nottingham colliery of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, wherein several persons were hurt. It is feared that it is but the precursor of troublesome times in the coal regions.

On Monday last the coal company brought here a car load of foreign laborers, and Tuesday two more car loads came in after nightfall. The new men were all recent importations of the lowest type of the Slav race.

Last night, as the gang of 50 men who enter the mine every night to clear the gangways and breasts of rock, were about to descend in the shaft to begin their work, they were informed that the rate of wages would henceforth be reduced from $1.68 to $1.25 per day.

Those employed in the gang are all Americans.

The men held a consultation and unanimously refused to accept the reduction.

As soon as it was definitely known that the rock men would not go in the mine, Foreman Connor dispatched a messenger to the barracks, where the company had installed their recent importations, and in a few minutes a body of the newly arrived "Huns" were entering the colliery yards, every man in a new working outfit which had been provided by the company.

Their appearance was the signal for an outburst of hooting and groans from the men who were waiting to see the outcome of the affair.

As the new men, under the leadership of Superintendent Leckie and Foreman Connor, walked in the direction of the shaft a volley of stones and pieces of coal fell upon them. The throwing of missiles continued until several of the Huns dropped.

At this time a leader among the sympathizers suggested that the men be driven to their barracks and a bold rush was made, sticks being freely used on the unfortunate Huns, who were routed.

The Huns have barricaded themselves in their barracks, and as they are entirely friendless it is probable that the company will take them to the mines to-day under strong guards.

Several of the men sustained serious cuts and contusions.

Last night the streets were filled with miners wondering what the outcome of the affair will be.

The sympathy of the best people in the region is with the men, and not with the company.

Went Away With the Cash.

Findlay, O., July 23.—J. A. Vail, assistant bookkeeper of the West Park Glass company, has drawn $1,000 from the bank on a fraudulent endorsement. He has fled. Vail was a highly respected citizen and a church member.

Held for Trial.

New York, July 23.—Josiah S. Briean, the Philadelphia architect, who was arrested in Buffalo yesterday charged with embezzling $28,000, was held in $3,000 bail to-day for examination to-morrow afternoon.

John I. Blair Ill.

Kansas City, Mo., July 23.—John I. Blair, the millionaire banker and railroad owner, is critically ill at the Coates house. Physicians are constantly at his bedside.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

The Usual Result of Farm Hands Running a Steam Engine.

Litchfield, Ky., July 23.—A disastrous explosion occured last afternoon on the farm of James Durbin in Edmonson county. The boiler of a steam thresher exploded when surrounded by men and quickly transferred a pleasant harvest scene into one of terror and death.

Three men were instantly killed by the flying debris and escaping steam and five others were perhaps fatally injured. The killed are John Durbin, Will Basham and John Massy.

Those dangerously injured are Peter Pierce, Kit Yates, Job Blanton, Oliver Phelps and Thomas Lindsay. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by the water becoming too low in the boiler.

Hunting for a Crew.

Paris, July 23.—A dispatch from Toulon says that as the presidente Tinto, one of the cruisers built there for the Chilian government, was about to leave port her officers received an official intimation that all French subjects who might be on board in any capacity must be landed.

In consequence of this action on the part of the French authorities, the officers of the presidente Tinto are now endeavoring to secure Italians to man the cruiser.

RAN OFF WITH A GAMBLER.

Handsome Harry Plays a Winning Card.

He Rakes in a Jack Pot With a Cool Hundred Thousand Dollars in It.

Shamokin, Pa., July 23.—A sensation has been caused here by the elopement of "Handsome Harry," the king of Pennsylvania gamblers, and Miss Lizzie Johnson, daughter of Lawyer Johnson, who for 45 years was register and recorder of Montour county, and who died nearly a year ago, leaving $100,000.

Miss Lizzie is a beautiful brunette, a graduate of the Boston conservatory and a favorite in society.

Harry Latimore has long been called the king of gamblers. He has won and lost thousands of dollars. It is said that he has a wife and several children in Wilkesbarre.

DESERTING BALMACEDA.

The Supporters Going Over to the Enemy.

The Envoy Extraordinary of the Chilian Government to Brazil Joins the Insurgents.

New York, July 23.—Senor Alexandre Fierro, until recently envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Chili to Brazil, has arrived in this city with his wife and young daughter.

"The fact of the matter is," said Senor Fierro, when spoken to concerning affairs in Chili, "the people of Chili—that is, all those of any standing at all in the country—are arrayed against Balmaceda. His former stanchest supporters are now his most bitter opponents. It was only a few months ago that I refused his offer to take the portfolio of minister of justice and public education. Since the first of January I have declared myself openly as Balmaceda's adversary. I am not the only former supporter of Balmaceda that talks thus. There are hundreds upon hundreds, who, had they the opportunity at this moment, would verify my statements. Three of my sons are in Chili now. One of them is a law student; the other two were public employes. All are now under arms in the revolutionary party.

Stood by the Government.

Sydney, N. S. W., July 23.—In the course of a parliamentary debate yesterday on the sheep shearers strike, Mr. Dibbs, the leader of the opposition, moved a vote of want of confidence in the government. The motion was lost by a vote of 80 to 57.

Spurgeon's Condition.

London, July 23.—Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon is very sig ntly improved this morning.

Gold in Brazil.

Buenos Ayres, July 23.—Gold is quoted at 295 per cent premium.

THE FIGHT HAS COMMENCED

Campbell Will Push His Enemies Hard.

Grover Cleveland and David B. Hill to Stump the State This Fall.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—Gov. Campbell, of Ohio, attended the annual fete of the Randall club at Silver Lake, this city, yesterday. Fully 10,000 people attended the fete, which was a success in every respect. In speaking of the political outlook in Ohio Gov. Campbell said:

"The democrats of Ohio are thoroughly aroused, and we are going to win the fight beyond all question. The Hamilton county disaffection is fast dying out. It is principally among the German element. They are slow to act, of course, as it is characteristic of their race, but they are gradually coming back into line. They are all democrats.

"By the time the election comes off it will be impossible to tell where the kick was. The democratic party has been growing strongly and rapidly in Ohio, and we are stronger in the country, in fact, all over the state outside of Hamilton county, than we ever were.

"Yes, I expect ex-President Cleveland will lend a helping hand in Ohio this time. The published report that I said he would not speak for the democratic ticket is false.

"What I did say was that he had not yet been invited, but that he would be as soon as the state committee met. The meeting is being held in Columbus today, and Mr. Cleveland will be invited to make six speeches, which he will, I think, comply with.

"Gov. Hill will also take a hand in our campaign, as will also Congressman Jerry Simpson of Kansas, and Senator Peffer, who was elected to succeed Mr. Ingalls.

"The two former gentlemen will be invited by the democratic party, while the two latter will be brought into the state by the Farmers' alliance. The latter party is very strong with us now, and they are hand in hand with the democrats. They will nominate no ticket this year.

"The farmers throughout Ohio generally favor free coinage. They vastly prefer it to the McKinley tariff measure. This bill has disgusted many of the best republican farmers and workingmen in our state. When a poor man sees that his cost of living is increased without anything more being added to his daily stipend, can you blame them for kicking?

"There is just one class of people in Ohio who are in love with the new tariff bill—the ones who are protected. To make a long story short, it is a fight to the finish on party principles, and we feel confident we'll come out winners."

LATEST THING IN TRUSTS.

A Combine of the Tomato Canners.

The Price to Be Advanced All Along the Line.

As is Always the Case, the Farmer Who Raises the Fruit, is Not Allowed Any of the Profits.

St. Louis, July 23.—The tomato packers are forming a trust, and in fact have almost completed it. It came about in this way: The packers as a class are very limited in the amount of capital they can command and usually when they put up a lot of tomatoes they have to sell them before they can put up more.

Knowing this a prominent Chicago merchandise broker, who makes the handling of foreign and domestic dried fruits and canned goods a business, conceived the idea of proposing to the packers that if they would combine and agree not to sell for less than a fixed price, and would give him the privilege of handling their products, he would advance them money, say 50 to 60 per cent. of the value of the goods, to enable them to continue packing.

It would give him control of the canned tomato market and a commission on all the goods he sold. The object evidently is on the part of the broker to force up the price of tomatoes, get the right to sell all the goods put up in this country, and thus swell his income to the amount of the commission on the whole amount of tomatoes canned in the United States.

To this end the Chicago broker employed emissaries to canvass the canneries of the country and induce them to agree to a price and accept his terms and grant him privileges of sale.

These agents have been working East and are now at work in Missouri. So far they have had some success. They have been working on the quiet and trying to keep the matter from becoming public. The price agreed on by the packers entering into the agreement was 85 cents per dozen cans at the factory, and that is what gave the plan away. They have been selling for 85 cents delivered here, which is about 75 cents at the canneries, seventy-five or more miles from St. Louis.

A dealer here when the packing season opened wrote to a packer in the northern part of this State with whom he had dealt for years and asked for his prices. The packer replied saying that on account of an agreement of the packers he could not sell for less than 85 cents at the factory. This looked suspicious and the gentleman who, shrewd as he is prominent, sent one of his salesmen up to find just what was going on. The salesman, who is a personal friend of the packer, after investigating wrote his employer that there was a combine and that it was for the purpose already named.

This gentleman said it was a gigantic scheme, as there are 1,500 canneries in this country and very few of them had sufficient capital. He denounced it as an outrage that such a thing was possible, as tomatoes formed a chief article of diet in the winter and were indispensable almost. "The farmer," he said, "is not benefited by it, and the consumer is required to pay more for the canned product.

"The packers give the farmers no more for the tomatoes. They get the benefit of the increase in price, and this Chicago broker gets the benefit of the commission on all the goods put up by factories who come under the agreement.

"It is an outrageous scheme, and has been worked on the quiet, and is little known to the jobbers and retailers, and even to many of the wholesalers."

A FATHER'S REVENGE.

He Killed a Man Whom He Suspected.

It is Now Stated that the Identity Was Not Perfect and that an Innocent Man Died.

Montreal, July 23.—At Sherbrooke, Que., yesterday, the 15-year-old daughter of a prominent resident of the town, went berrying with a companion. About half a mile from home the girls met a well dressed stranger, who, after a brief conversation, caught one of them and dragged her into a field.

The other girl fled to the house of the father of the victim and told the story. The crazed father armed himself, and, accompanied by the girl, started for the scene.

On the road they met a man whom the girl said was the person they sought, and the father instantly shot him dead.

A little further on his daughter was found in a terrible condition. It is rumored that the man killed was not the offender.

Two Montreal detectives have been summoned to Sherbrooke and have started for that place. The police here refuse to give the names of the parties or any further details.

The Charleston.

San Diego, Cal., July 23.—The United States steamer Charleston left here yesterday for Redondo Beach where she will remain two days before proceeding to San Francisco.

The sailors who may be needed as witnesses in the trial of the pseudo marshals for the assault in which Seaman Brown lost his life, will be left at Mare island, whence they can be summoned when needed. The preliminary examination which is now taking place has brought out similar testimony to that taken at the inquest.

HAS CHARGED THE JURY.

Close of the Elliott Case in Columbus.

Judge Pugh's Address Considered Most Unfavorable to the Defendants.

Columbus, O., July 23.—At 10:30 this morning Prosecutor Huling closed his argument for the state in the Elliott murder trial and Judge Pugh delivered his charge.

It is considered very damaging to the prisoner. The charge was very long and the court occupied over an hour.

At the court's instruction the jury then retired, elected a foreman and then came out for dinner, with orders to report at 2 o'clock.

One principal point in the charge is the instruction of the court that though evidence showed that Osborn fired first, if it showed that at the time of the killing he had given up the fight and was in full retreat, the jury must find defendant guilty.

AFTER MR. REED'S PLACE.

Candidates for the Speakership are Hustling.

McMillan Fighting a Clever Contest.

The Tennessee Congressman Is Up to All the Tricks of the Game When It Comes to a Show Down.

New York, July 23.—The candidates for the Speakership of the next House of Representatives are making strenous efforts just now to gain votes among the New York Congressional delegation.

The enthusiastic reception recently given Crisp, of Georgia, in Tammany Hall has inspired his friends with the hope that he has strengthened his candidacy in the Empire State.

Partial New York support is also claimed by Mills, of Texas; Wilson, of West Virginia; Springer, of Illinois, and McMillin, of Tennessee.

Among New York Democrats the belief is general that after the two leading candidates, Mills and Crisp, have exhausted their strength in the Speakership struggle, the contest will be between Wilson and McMillin, with the chances in favor of the latter.

The Tennessee Congressman has made a prolonged stay in New York since he came here to attend the Fourth of July celebration, and has succeeded in making many friends.

He is a still-hunter, but nearly every night he is a prominent figure in some one of the most popular up-town resorts. He is of quiet demeanor, but smooth and slick of tongue.

He gives the impression of being a very good country lawyer with a horizon bounded by his locality.

There is nothing in his manner or his words to suggest the idea that in the event of a bitter quarrel in Congress, such as distinguished the efforts to pass the Force bill, he would display the dictatorial imperiousness of a Reed or the stolid obstinacy of a Randall.

McMillin was at a table in the Hoffman house the other evening when a gentleman present, who is a dyed-in-the-wool democrat, put to the candidate for speaker the plump question: "Why are you a democrat?"

There were eager ears about and the change which came over the countenance of the Tennessee democrat plainly showed that he was averse to being drawn into a public declaration upon such a subject He endeavored to laugh the query by, but the questioner was persistent and reiterated it again, adding, with a rather aggravating smile, "I suppose, like most men with their religious belief, you can give no better answer than that you follow the faith because your father did.'

"That general rule," responded McMillin, "does not hold good in my case. My great-grandfather, although an Irishman, was a Methodist, which, it must be confessed, is rather an exceptional combination. My grandfather was an infidel. My father was a Campbellite, of the Christian church, the religious organization to which Garfield belonged. As for me, I might truthfully respond as did Congressman Zeb Vance, of North Carolina, when on the stump during an exciting political campaign in his state in which liquor prohibition was made a very important issue, and one which Vance desired to avoid a discussion of on account of his pleasant convivial habits. At one meeting a man in the audience insisted upon being told how the congressman stood upon the question of prohibition, and when he could no longer be put off, Vance finally replied: 'I will reply to the gentleman's question by saying that my head is strongly in favor of the great policy of prohibition, but my stomach yearns the other way, and so I may therefore truthfully declare myself as being divided on the issue.' "

This, however, did not satisfy McMillin's questioner, and again he asked, "But why are you a democrat?" The congressman evidently was determined not to be cornered, for again he resorted to an anecdote. "I may answer that," he said, with a nervous smile, "by narrating an incident said to have taken place down in my portion of the country. A well-known rabid republican bought a coon which was not small enough to eat and too big to turn loose, and, being accosted by three boys who pleaded for the prize, he asked them what their politics were. One proudly declared himself a democrat, another was a greenbacker, and a little eager-faced fellow, who well knew the man's political proclivities, proclaimed himself a republican.

"The possessor of the animal announced as his decision that he would give the coon to the boy who gave the best reason for the faith which was in him. The democrat said that he was a democrat because the principles of that party were the best, when fully practiced, for the government of a republic. They taught, first, the rights of a citizen; next, the rights of the separate states, each with a sovereign power, but acting as a cohesive whole; third, the rights of the government acting in its parental capacity, with due regard to the rights of the states and the rights of the citizens.

"The young greenbacker declared himself in favor of paper money because 'if the greenbackers win everybody will have all the money they want, and I will have lots of candy and marbles.'

"Turning to the third urchin, the man said anxiously: 'Now, my little fellow, why are you a republican?' The boy looked up into his face with a grin and answered: 'Because I want the coon.' And the animal was his."

Promotions.

Washington, July 23.—On the recommendation of the naval officer at New York, Charles B. Sweeney, now clerk and acting deputy naval officer at $2,200, has been promoted to be auditor and deputy naval officer at $2,500, vice John M. Comstock, recently appointed chief of division in the office of the secretary of the treasury. While M. Comstock held the office the salary was $3,000. The office vacated by Mr. Sweeney and three clerkships aggregating $4,400 in salary have been abolished and two clerks have been reduced in salary from $1,600 to $1,400.

The secretary of the treasury has appointed D. C. Wheeler superintendent of the New York custom house, vice Joseph A. Murray, resigned.

WILD-EYED OHIO YOUTH.

He is Bound for the War in Chili.

He Will Engage on Balmaceda's Ships, Touch Off the Magazine and Go Hence to Glory.

San Francisco, July 23.—A young man named Abel Ady, now in this city, will sail on the first vessel for Valparaiso. Ady recently arrived from Delaware, O., where he spent four years pursuing his studies at Wesleyan university at that place.

A letter from President Bassford, of the university, which he carries with him, is a certificate of his mental ability and moral worth. Prior to his Wesleyan university experience, Ady served five months in the United States navy as paymaster's yeoman on board the Hartford.

Armed with religious and naval experience, he is now on his way to Chili to assist the insurgents in their fight against Balmaceda. Ady said to-day:

"Once on board one of Balmaceda's trulsers, before two months are over my head, I will engage to turn the vessel over to the insurgents or lose my head in the attempt; or failing in that I will fire the powder magazine and blow the vessel and all on board, myself among the number, into eternity."

CUSTAR ITEMS.

A Serious Break Down—Some General Mention.

Custar, O., July 23.—As Mrs. Joseph Wright and her son, Robert, drove into town last evening, the buggy parted at the king bolt and they were thrown violently to the ground.

Mrs. W. sustained a severe cut above the left eye, also the loss of her front teeth. Her shoulder and arm are also badly bruised.

Dr. Mannhardt soon had her wounds dressed and she was taken home.

Her son Robert escaped with a bruised arm.

The large store room of E. J. O'Hearns will be completed this week.

Threshing has commenced and the yield of grain is good and the quality excellent.

Custar is grading and improving her Main street.

Back From Europe.

New York, July 23.—Miss Blaine, daughter of Secretary of State Blaine, arrived on the steamer Teutonic from Europe this morning. Among other arrivals were Ogden Mills, Col. Howard Vincent, M. P., and wife, J. A. Logan, jr., Mrs. J. A. Logan. The time of the vessel's run from Queenstown was five days, 21 hours. One of the passengers, Walker Hartwell, a lawyer of this city, died on board. Death was due to heart disease.

A NEW POLITICAL WORD.

A Substitute for Offensive Partisanship.

Something About Methods Obtaining in the Affairs of District of Columbia.

Washington, July 23.—The commissioners of the District of Columbia have coined a phrase which is likely to be adopted into the political lexicon of the party in power as an excuse for the removal of competent officials to make way for the appointment of others whose selection may be less satisfactory to the public.

The new phrase is "Administrative Expediency" and is destined to be as popular here as the now famous "offensive partisanship" was during the Cleveland administration.

Not long ago the commissioners concluded that Dr. Smith Townshend, the local health officer, ought to resign to make way for a new man who had not then been selected. The doctor's resignation was requested on the score of "administrative expediency," for there were no charges against the official whose conduct of the health office has achieved for him a national reputation. To fill the vacancy the commissioners offered the appointment to Dr. C. M. Hammett, a well known physician of this city. Dr. Hammett accepted and was about to report for duty when to his astonishment he learned that Dr. Robert Reyburn had been appointed to the office. Dr. Hammett was told that Dr. Reyburn's selection was a matter of "administrative expediency," for it was alleged that Hammett was a democrat and that it would not do to waste so important a position by bestowing it upon any one opposed to the party in power. A big rumpus followed this decision of the commissioners, and it is understood that the president interfered in the matter and directed the appointment of Hammett. Many inquiries have been addressed to the commissioners with a view of finding out just what theory has been pursued in those somewhat eccentric proceedings. To each query the same reply is given. The commissioners have acted conscientiously, they declare, but with a scrupulous observance of their new political motto, "Administrative Expediency." Doubtless Collector Erhart may find a suggestion of value in this little episode for his guidance in selecting the employes who are to be dismissed from the New York custom house. To make a success of the affair he has only to be mindful of "Administrative Expediency," and choose for decapitation only those employes whose influential friends will be able to make little trouble for the collector and his superiors.

Sugar Cases.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 23.—Further argument was heard this morning in the Kings county supreme court before Judge Cullen in reference to the application for the dissolution of the Brooklyn Sugar Refining company.

The object of the dissolution is to merge the interests of the company in the American Sugar Refining company, which was organized to take the place of the sugar trust which the court of appeals declared illegal.

All the stockholders of the Brooklyn Sugar Refining company with the exception of Mr. Taylor favored the transfer and the dissolution of their company. After long arguments Judge Cullen allowed Mr. Taylor to come in as a party interested, and requested counsel for the majority stockholders to produce the books to-morrow morning.

Able to Talk.

New York, July 23.—Matilda Anderson, the young Norwegian girl who was found carrying a new-born baby on Sixty-sixth street last Saturday night and who has been under care of the physicians at Bellevue hospital, has, after many efforts, been made to talk.

She came to this country two years ago. She was employed as a domestic in Brooklyn until recently when she went to the Swedish emigrant home in Greenwich street, this city. She left there one day last week and does not seem to be able to give an account of herself. She has a sister living in Chicago, but her address is not known.

Made an Assignment.

Wichita, Kas., July 23.—W. G. Bishops & Sons, wholesale cigar dealers, have made an assignment, with liabilities of $40,000. The assets are not known.

SHREWD JIM BLAINE.

When the Devil Was Sick, the Devil a Monk Would Be.

His Reputation for Being Tricky Follows Him Like an Afternoon Shadow.

Washington, July 23.—The latest contribution to current political rumor is interesting, and, of course, relates to Mr. Blaine.

It is said here by those on the inside that Mr. Blaine and the "Blaine gang," as it is termed, are watching the course of events in Ohio with the greatest concern and they are praying and working for the defeat of McKinley.

If McKinley is triumphantly elected governor of Ohio he becomes immediately the strongest presidential candidate in his party, because he will be the exponent and champion of the high tariff doctrine, and as the republican party will be forced to make the campaign on that issue McKinley logically becomes their candidate.

This Blaine realizes, and it is said here that if McKinley is elected Blaine will return to Washington and continue to retain his portfolio, although no one expects that he will ever again be very active in the affairs of the state department.

But, should McKinley be defeated, Mr. Blaine will regard the voice of the people as the voice of God, and will only strengthen the belief he has already formed that reciprocity is the strongest issue on which to make the campaign.

Should that be the case, rumor has it here that Mr. Blaine will not return to Washington and his duties as secretary of state, but he will resign from the cabinet, so as to be unhampered in carrying out his schemes to secure the nomination; and, being out of the cabinet, he cannot be accursed of disloyalty to Harrison.

People who always look for the hidden thought in everything which Mr. Blaine does do not believe that he has ever been such a very sick man, and they say that the reason he left Washington so suddenly, and has practically retired from active management of affairs, can be explained by the political situation.

They are willing to wager that Mr. Blaine in any event will not return to Washington until the result of the Ohio election is known, and if it is adverse to McKinley his retirement will be permanent.

HARRISON AND QUAY.

The President Does Not Understand the Moves

That are Being Made by His Republican Enemies.

Benjamin is Curious and Would Place Matthew on Probation Before Giving Him Too Much Rope.

Washington, July 23.—Whatever the private views of President Harrison may be with regard to Senator Quay's presence at the head of the national committee, it can be stated positively that the president has never asked the senator to retire from that position, and that if he does retire it will not be because of pressure from the white house.

At the interview between Harrison and Quay several weeks ago the only question was whether Quay would support Harrison for renomination.

To this question, propounded by the president, Quay responded that he would if he was properly treated, but that he must wait to see how he would be treated by the president.

Of course, he meant that he would wait to see what patronage he would get. The president immediately appointed William H. Brooks collector of internal revenue at Philadelphia at Quay's request. But he has made no other appointments.

Quay's request that Second Comptroller Gilkeson should be made Schofield's successor on the court of claims' bench has not yet been heeded, but that is said to be because Harrison wants the appointee confirmed by the senate, and he will wait until congress meets.

The fact probably is that Harrison is waiting to see how Quay will treat him. Quay's hesitation about his retirement is due, it is said, to his desire to get from Harrison a letter of thanks for his services as chairman of the committee that elected him.

Quay suspects that Harrison would like to have him retire and that Harrison might be willing to insure it by promising him such a letter as would be a clean bill of health.

Again, it is said, that he hesitates only lest Harrison might make it impracticable to elect Clarkson or Dudley chairman. In that event Quay would stick.

Ex-Congressman "Tom" Carter, of Montana, secretary of the national committee, now commissioner of public lands, says that if Quay retires Clarkson will succeed him. Carter says he sees no reason why the president of the national league of republican clubs should not also be the chairman of the republican national committee.

Now that the attempt to make Blaine out an invalid at death's door has failed, the friends of Harrison here are more than ever afraid that Blaine will be nominated.

They see that the attempt to discourage his friends by representing that he was physically and mentally incapacitated was a serious blunder involving a strong reaction in favor of nominating Blaine.

They fear now that nothing but Blaine's own word can prevent his nomination, and that perhaps even Blaine's word would fail. They are talking about an attempt which the president is to make as soon as Blaine returns (if the president does not in the meantime go to Bar Harbor for the purpose) to make Blaine come out and declare himself.

This is what the president would have done on his return from the west, they say, if Blaine had not gone off to New York to the president's great disappointment, for he had hoped then to reach an understanding with Blaine. So far as Harrison's friends admit, Harrison has no assurances from Blaine that he would not accept the nomination next year if it should be tendered him.

IN LONELY DEATH VALLEY.

Much Information About the Place.

Dr. C. Hart Merriam Describes the Place and Contradicts a General Belief.

San Francisco, July 23.—Dr. C. Hart Marriam, chief of the geological survey, attached to the department of agriculture, was at the Palace last night, having just returned from Death Valley, where a number of surveying parties under his directions have been conducting a series of investigations extending over the past few months.

Dr. Merriam's assistants in his recent personal expedition to the valley were Theodore Palmer, Vernon Bailey, a botanist, naturalist and trapper, both of whom are in the city preparing a report of their survey, also F. V. Coville and Dr. A. K. Fisher.

They explored the valley thoroughly, and will present to the department some very interesting data regarding the great ravine on the edge of the Mojave Desert.

"There has been a great deal of misapprehension regarding Death Valley," said Dr. Merriam in the course of an interview, "and the published accounts have been greatly exaggerated and often misstated.

"At the northerly end of the valley is Mount Magruder, a rugged peak, below which are canyons extending on either side of the valley. The principal canyons are Terminathan, remarkable for its seven immense mounds of sand blown through the valleys and forming gigantic bridges, while on the opposite side is the northwest arm, or Mesquite Valley, where an emigrant train perished through lack of water.

"The greatest width of the valley, which, speaking roughly and without data, is probably 160 feet below the level of the sea, is eighteen miles, the average width being fifteen miles.

"The ravine is surmounted by lofty mountain ranges, on the eastern side the Funeral Mountains, whose average height is 7,000 feet, and on the west the Panamint Range, whose average height is 9,000 feet and whose highest point is Telescope Peak, 12,000 feet from base to summit. The south end of the valley opens on the Mojave Desert, and the Armagosa River, a saline stream, flows between the Funeral Mountains and Mount Ivanivach, through the southern entrance to the valley, where it loses itself in the sand.

"The southeastern end of the valley is a saline basin, and among the wonders of the great ravine may be mentioned the self-rising ground, an alkaline and salt formation puffing up like bread after the addition of yeast. The pinnacles of crystallized salt, salt earth as distinctive from salt flat, sand and unlimited quantities of borax are also to be found here.

"The story that no animal life exists in Death valley is a myth. Our party found 200 specimens of mammals and 60 kinds of reptiles, obtaining specimens which have been forwarded to Washington as collected. We had biologists, botanists, surveyors and photographers in the party and will be able to prepare an accurate map of the entire valley."

Surveying parties under Dr. Merriam's direction have located the sonora zone, so called because of its similarity to the atmospheric and physical condition of the Mexican province of Sonora between California, Arizona, Nevada and Utah. Many thousand biological specimens have been collected by the various parties, and much information compiled for the benefit of future settlers.

Crazy Man on Change.

Chicago, July 23.—A man supposed to be insane pushed his way into the board of trade a little before noon yesterday and fired three shots into the crowd. He evidently had no intention of killing any one in particular as he fired recklessly. The shooting caused intense excitement for a time until it was discovered that no one was hurt. The man was arrested and taken to the central station.

STRANGE ACTIONS.

Physicians Watching A Man Supposed to have Rabies.

Columbus, O., July 23.—About 11 o'clock yesterday morning Officer Frank Wolf was called to a house on Congress street, by the startling report that Con Sullivan, twenty-eight years old, a cinder shoveler at the Big Four round house, had been seized by spasms like hydrophobia, and was biting and snarling at every one who came near.

Before he got there, however, several strong men had overpowered the sick man and to save themselves from being bitten had gagged him with a towel.

The unfortunate man's hands and limbs were securely tied with heavy ropes to prevent him doing violence to the people around the house.

Sullivan has only been in this country about six months and came here from Ireland, where he was bitten by a mad dog about a year ago.

For several days he has been acting queerly and has shown symptoms of that most horrid malady — hydrophobia. A number of physicians are watching his case with the greatest interest. He drank water readily, and this would tend to show that he did not have the rabies. The physicians do not agree as to the cause of the spasms.

He Resigned.

New York, July 23.—President Woodward, of the Third National bank, declares that Vice President Buckhout resigned his office Tuesday and that his resignation was accepted. His resignation is said to have resulted from the complications in the American Loan and Trust company disclosed by the receiver's report, which showed that Buckhout received a loan of $17,000 that has not yet been paid. Mr. Buckhout denies that he has resigned from the bank.

PIG IRON PRODUCT.

Interesting Statistics Made Public.

The First Half Year Shows a Considerable Falling Off in the Amount Produced.

Philadelphia, July 23.—The bulletin of the American Iron and Steel association contains the exact figures of the production of pig iron in the United States in the first half of 1891. The total production of pig iron in the United States in the first half of 1891 was 3,371,925 gross tons, against 4,560,513 gross tons in the first half of 1890, a decrease of 1,188,588 gross tons, or 26 per cent. Our production of pig iron in the two halves of 1890 did not greatly vary, so that it is not necessary to make a comparison with the last half of that year.

The decline in our production of pig iron in the first six months of 1891, affected the pig iron producing states very unequally. Some states actually increased their production in the first half of 1891 as compared with the first half of 1890. The states which increased their production were Massachusetts, Connecticut, Georgia, Texas, Michigan, and Colorado. Four of these states produce only charcoal pig iron. The production of Pennsylvania was reduced 636,304 net tons; Ohio, 237,568 tons; Illinois, 149,819 tons; Alabama, 84,330 tons; Missouri, 46,634 tons; New York, 44,611 tons; West Virginia, 42,662 tons; Wisconsin, 31,486 tons; Virginia,, 25,144 tons; Maryland, 22,640 tons; New Jersey, 20,904 tons; Kentucky, 6,767 tons; Indiana, 3,388 tons; Oregon, 652 tons, and North Carolina, 398 tons.

Tennesee came very near maintaining her record for the first half of last year, producing in the first half of 1891 within 1,943 net tons of her production in the first half of 1890.

The reduction in anthracite and mixed anthracite and coke pig iron in the first half of 1891 was 17.2 per cent.; in unmixed coke and raw bituminous pig iron 30.8 per cent., and in charcoal pig iron 6 per cent. The reduction in Bessemer pig iron was 32.8 per cent.

The production of pig iron in the nine southern states in the first half of 1891 as compared with the first half of 1890 shows a falling off amounting to 17.5 per cent. The total quantity of unsold pig iron stocks which are in the hands of makers or their agents on June 30 last, and which were not intended for the consumption of the manufacturers was 495,102 net tons, against 681,992 net tons on the 31st of December last, a decline of 186,890 net tons. These figures cover the increased production of June in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys.

In addition to the above stocks of unsold pig iron the American Pig Iron Storage Warrant company held in its yards on June 30, 1891, 40,800 gross tons, of which 9,449 tons are included in the above figures as being still controlled by the makers, leaving 40,351 gross tons, or 45,133 net tons of pig iron on the market in other hands against 59,289 so held on December 31.

On June 30, 1891, there were 295 furnaces in blast in the whole country against 311 in blast on December 31, 1890.

On June 30, 1890, there were 339 furnaces in blast or 44 more than on the 30th of June last.

The figures showing our production of pig iron in the first half of 1891 indicate a far greater reaction in this leading branch of our iron and steel industries than has ever before occurred. Even the reaction following the panic of 1873 was relatively not anywhere so severe as that which has just taken place. In the same year in which that panic occurred our production of pig iron reached its maximum, 2,560,000 gross tons.

From that year until the close of 1876 there was a gradual decline in production to 1,868,961 gross tons in the last named year, or 27 per cent. for the whole period from 1873. Now we reduce our production 26 per cent. in six months.

The Bulletin also contains the statistics of the production of bessemer steel rails in the United States in the first half of 1891. These statistics, as was to be expected, show a great decrease in the production of both ingots and rails in the first half of this year as compared with either half of 1890. In the first half of 1890 the total in net tons was 2,041,239, and first half of 1891, 1,599,096.

The shrinkage in production of bessemer steel ingots in the first half of 1891 as compared with the first half of 1890 was probably 160 feet below the level of the sea, is eighteen miles, the average width being fifteen miles.

The shrinkage in the production of bessemer steel rails in the first half of 1891 as compared with the first half of 1890 was over 21 per cent., while the shrinkage in the production of steel rails in the same period was nearly 44 per cent. These are very great shrinkages. The wide gap between them, however, again illustrates the growing popularity of bessemer steel in the production of articles other than rails. Our production of bessemer steel rails in the first half of 1891 was the smallest half year of the production that has taken place since the first half of 1885. It was even smaller than in the second half of that particularly dull year. The reduction in the ingot production in the first half of 1891 as compared with the first half of 1890 was wholly due to the decreased demand for rails.

PEDDLED THE OFFICES.

Another Charge Against Bardsley.

Everybody Had to Put Up in Order to Stand in With the Ring.

Philadelphia, July 23.—It is rumored that discoveries have been made which will implicate nine of the police magistrates of this city in the Bardsley matter.

The charge is that they bought their appointments as mercantile tax collectors, and that each paid for his appointment the sum of $350.

Furthermore, upon making their returns, each was compelled to "put up" $200 additional to Bardsley.

If the charges are true the magistrates will have to resign, and this will give Governor Pattison an opportunity to appoint nine democrats.

UNCLE SAM'S POSTOFFICE

Mr. Wanamaker Decides on Some Changes.

A Revolution of Methods in the Department.

The Transaction of Business Hoped to Be Done in a More Satisfactory Way to the Public.

Washington, July 23.—The postmaster general has issued an order making certain assignments in the department. According to it the division of correspondence now under the supervision of the assistant attorney general, is transferred to the office of the first assistant postmaster general and the division of appointments, now a part of the office of the first assistant postmaster general, is transferred to the office of the fourth assistant postmaster general.

The bond division, now a part of the office of the first assistant postmaster general, is assigned to the office of the fourth assistant postmaster general; the office of chief inspector, postoffice department, is designated as the "division of postoffice inspectors and mail depredations," and assigned to the office of the fourth assistant postmaster general; the office of the superintendent of the money order system is assigned to the office of the first assistant postmaster general, and office of the superintendent of foreign mails is assigned to the office of the second assistant postmaster general.

In his first annual report Mr. Wanamaker recommended the division of the country into postal districts, so that the best postal men in these localities might have the supervision of the system, cutting off needless routes, putting on needed ones, saving money, preventing irregularities and depredations, instead of waiting until the offenders should have been detected, and in general studying the service with a view of improving it in all possible details, big and little.

In the same report he recommended the creation of general officer, called the comptroller, who should be permanent, sufficiently salaried and the best all-round postal and business man to be had in the country.

Neither recommendation was enacted into law, but by the creation of the office of fourth assistant, and by the transfer of some of the independent bureaus to this office and some others to the office of the first and second assistants, the postmaster general is enabled practically to bring about in part that state of affairs which he had first desired.

It will readily be seen that the changes are all in the direction of business. They mean the better application of business principles to the postal service.

Col. Whitfield does not become comptroller, and his office is not permanent or higher salaried than it was before, but he becomes the general executive officer; seeing members of Congress who have any number of important matters of business with the postoffice department; applying himself to the general study of the needs of the different sections of the service, such as the carrier force and the matter of clerk hire, developing these branches of the service on broad lines, and keeping promptly up with the great volume of correspondence which the postmasters have to address to the everyday working bureaus of the department.

The main duty of the fourth assistant under the new order of things will be the control of the inspector's force, which Major Rathbone, the new fourth assistant, has managed during the two years of his term as chief inspector with such signal success that the force is entirely up with its work and the direction of the division of appointment.

The new chief inspector, Mr. Wheeler, of New York, was selected partly with reference to his fitness for the development of this work of the supervision of the postal service, rather than for the rectification of errors that have already been made, or the detection of depredators who have already escaped.

His familiarity with the better class of the inspection work will enable him to relieve Major Rathbone's efforts to make the postal service, as the postmaster general has long desired it to be, safer, quicker and more frequent.

The new regime, therefore, contemplates not only the concentration of bureaus and duties under two assistant postmasters general with which they are most familiar and best suited, but it also provides a natural and logical division of work for the future.

An idea of the added importance of the first assistant's office may be had from the fact that the divisions of salary and allowance and free delivery are the great practical divisions of the postoffice department, in the matter of the working postal force of the United States, in distributing, dispatching and delivering of mail matter.

The former has charge of all allowances to postoffices for clerk hire, rent, fuel, light and miscellaneous expenses and other important matters.

This division prepares all rosters for postoffices of the first, second and third classes and establishes all stations. No payment can be made by the auditor to any postmaster unless authorization for such payment is sent down with the approval of the first assistant postmaster general.

The free delivery division has charge of the carrier service. It prepares for signatures of the first assistant all cases of confirmation of carriers recommended by postmasters and also approves the action of postmasters in suspending or removing, provided proper cause can be shown. It prepares and formulates all regulations for the government of the carrier service, and, in fact, has exclusive jurisdiction of that branch of the service in all its aspects.

In Charge of the Sheriff.

New York, July 23.—The sheriff yesterday took possession of the store of the Hudson River Boot and Shoe Manufacturing company, at 116 Duane street, on eight attachments, aggregating $9,326. It is said the firm's liabilities will not exceed $125,000, while the assets are largely in excess of this amount.

The company has been doing an extensive business and has a factory at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and branches in Chicago and Philadelphia. The stringency of the money market is said to be the cause of the company's trouble.

Must Release Him.

Boston, July 23.—Judge Lathrop, in the supreme court, to-day issued a writ of habeas corpus for the release of Philip Hoffman, held as a witness in the Emerson murder case at Dedham.

Hot Weather Necessities.

Notice the large square package in the front rank. That's where it belongs—ask any woman who has used it. See what it does. It saves work, saves strength, saves health, time, and temper. It saves wear and tear, too—and that's money. Delicate summer clothes don't have to be rubbed and wrenched when they're washed with *Pearline*. Everything is washed easily—and safely. *Pearline* doesn't *do* any more in warm weather than in cold, but you seem to *need* it more then. It's a necessity. But it's a luxury, as well. Try it in the bath, and you'll think so.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—*send it back.* 598 JAMES PYLE, New York.

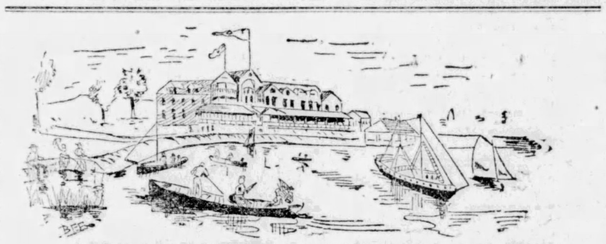
Kauronia Beach for prospectus write Marcus Young Port Huron Mich.

HOTEL LAFAYETTE
CAPE MAY, N. J.
New management, elevator and all modern improvements. Apply to JOHN TRACY, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or Cape May.

GRAND VIEW HOTEL
WEISBEACH, ONT., CANADA.
Beautifully situated at the foot of Lake Huron, in full view of all ships passing in and out of the River St Clair. Thoroughly refitted and enlarged since last season.
BOATING, BATHING, FISHING, TENNIS AND CROQUET
SEINE FISHING DAILY IN FRONT OF HOTEL
This beautiful resort is within two miles of Sarnia and Port Huron, and of easy access to all railway and steamer lines. Terms moderate. J. VAN WYCK, Manager.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, ASBURY PARK, N. J. WILL OPEN JUNE 18, 1891. THEO. OVES PROP'R.

D. WEIS, Prop., Sarnia, Ont.



HOTEL GRANDE POINT, Grande Point St. Clair Co., Mich.
An elegant new Hotel, just across the river from Algonac. Every room a water front. Excellent water works, affording pure water. Perfect drainage. Every modern convenience. Finest bathing beach on the St. Clair river. Fresh milk and vegetables from the adjoining farm. Rates $2.50 per day. Special rates by week or month. Reached via Toledo and Detroit and "Star Cole" and "Red Star" line steamers daily. Leave Toledo at 5:35 a. m. on M. C., connecting with Detroit boat at 9 a. m. Dinner at Grande Point. Toledo docks foot of Jefferson st., Detroit docks foot of Griswold street. J. S. BRUBAKER, Proprietor.

PLEASANT GROVE HOTEL
ON THE SOUTH SHORE OF DEVIL'S LAKE.
E. H. Imerson, Prop. - - Geneva, Mich.

STEAMER FLORA
Connects with all trains on the C. J. & M. Carries all guests free to the hotel. Rowing, sailing, boating and dancing

"THE WINDERMERE,"
GRATIOT BEACH.
The most popular resort on the lakes enlarged and remodeled. For rates write J. O. West, Manager,
FORT GRATIOT, MICH.

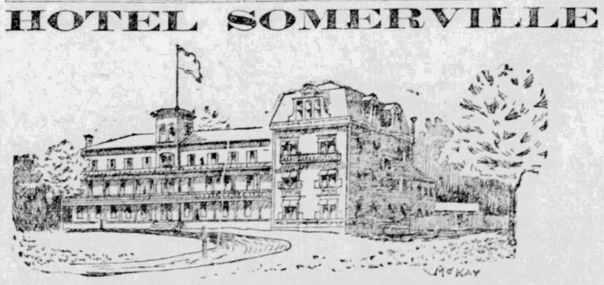
"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

Put-in-Bay House!
Put-in-Bay Island, O.
OPENS JUNE 20th.
A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.
MRS. A. BALSRIDGE,
Formerly of "The Carlisle," the leading family hotel of Cincinnati.

THE WARD
Summer Resort Hotel,
FORMERLY THE HUNKER.
Remodeled and Refurnished.
J. B. WARD, PROP'R,
Put-in-Bay Island, Lake Erie, Ohio.
First-Class Livery in Connection.

A Most Delightful Resort!
Pure air, pure water, bathing, boating and driving facilities unexcelled. Rates $7 to $10 per week. Address J. W. Gamble Catawba Island, O

HOTEL SOMERVILLE



A DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESORT,
Situated on the banks of the beautiful Saint Clair River.
RATES, $2.00 PER DAY.
SPECIAL RATES TO FAMILIES.
Address, HOTEL SOMERVILLE, St. Clair, Mich.

DO YOU COUGH
DON'T DELAY TAKE
KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE
Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

DO YOU SMOKE?
"Yes, when I can get an El Fronda Cigar. It is the best brand made—long Havana filler with a selected Sumatra wrapper. I have never smoked anything better."
Trade Supplied by Berdan & Co.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Ohio.

TAXATION.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,* That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1891, to amend Section 2, of Article XII, of the Constitution of the State of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

SECTION 2. Laws may be passed which shall tax by a uniform rule all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint-stock companies, or otherwise; and all real and personal property according to the true value thereof in money. In addition thereto, laws may be passed taxing rights, privileges, franchises, and such other subject matters as the legislature may direct; but burying grounds, public school houses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and other property, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published as may be directed by law.

SECTION 2. At such election, those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words "Taxation Amendment—Yes," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words "Taxation Amendment—No."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1892.

NIAL R. HYSELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WM. VANCE MARQUIS,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 24, 1891.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO, } OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE. }

I, Daniel J. Ryan, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 24th day of April, A. D., 1891, taken from the original rolls filed in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891.

[SEAL.]
DANIEL J. RYAN,
Secretary of State.

first pub thur apr 30-thurs td.

Our immense stock of piece goods for suitings and trouserings has dwindled down to remnants. We must rid ourselves of these odds and ends before July 1, '91. Experience has taught us only one sure and rapid way, and that is a sweeping reduction on our already low prices on Suiting and Trousering.

It will pay you to call on us,

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,
344 SUMMIT ST., TOLEDO, O.

WERUM BROS
508 ADAMS STREET,
Manufacturers of

TRUSSES!
Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages,
ELASTIC
STOCKINGS!
Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.
Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.
Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.
We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.
For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE the Board of Lucas County Armory Trustees will receive sealed proposals until 12 o'clock, noon,

MONDAY, JULY 27th,

at the office of the clerk of said board, at office of State of Ohio, in Samuel Hunt street, Toledo, Ohio, for furnishing the necessary materials and labor required in the erection and completion of the Lucas County Armory Building, according to plans and specifications on file at the office of L. G. Welker, architect, Marine building, corner of Jefferson and Water streets, Toledo, Ohio.

Separate proposals will be received for the construction of trusses over drill hall.

All proposals must be written with ink and upon blanks furnished by the board. No other proposals will be considered. Both proposals must contain the full name of every person interested in the same.

All parties filing proposals for the performance of the work specified in this notice shall deposit with the clerk of the Board of Armory Trustees, with each proposal, a bond of five thousand ($5,000) dollars, satisfactory to the board, that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into.

Blanks can be obtained from the architect. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of L. G. Welker, architect.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

By order of the Board of Armory Trustees.
ISAAC D. SMEAD,
Chairman.
R. E. HUGHES,
Clerk.

9jy-15t

Special Low Prices on Pianos at THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO.

Inasmuch as we have not moved our place of business for more than twenty years the expense incident to tearing up and removing every two or three years has been saved. This enables us to give lower prices, better bargains and better goods than any mercantile concern who uses the necessity for "moving" as a pretext for offering sham inducements. We shall continue through July and August, this year and next, to offer extraordinary inducements to buyers of pianos and organs to patronize our house. We sell the best pianos made, acknowledged and recognized as such, as well as commoner grades, such as offered by our competitors. Our price, when grade and quality is considered, is lower, by far, than has heretofore been offered by any Toledo dealer or agent.

THE WHITNEY-CURRIER CO.
Entrance 219 Summit St.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE!
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of Ab

WORSE AND MORE OF IT.

Foster Warren Makes Demand for His Certificate,

Presenting the Vote as Cast at the Election,

But He Receives a Firm Refusal—Action of the State Board—Even Hyatt Believes He Was Defeated.

It is a downright steal. Nothing more, nothing less.

Here's a democrat, Foster R. Warren, elected to a position. The fact is plainly shown to the officer who issued the certificate to the defeated candidate, yet he refuses to issue credentials when the figures upon which he must be guided are shown to be correct!

It is a peculiar stand for an officer to assume, and one which will not be indorsed by the blindest partisan. It is strangely in contrast with the great cry of republicans about a free ballot and a fair count.

The bonst has been made that if a candidate receives but one majority, it becomes the voice of the people. Foster Warren received a majority of 34 votes, but he cannot get his seat.

It is not enough that a man has occupied a seat for eight months to which he was not elected. It must continue.

Mr. Warren went to Columbus yesterday and examined the records in the secretary of state's office and, of course, discovered the error (?) which had been known to the inner circles of the republican managers for some time.

The totals of Lucas county are just 100 short in the Warren column. That is the plain, unvarnished truth. Added correctly Mr. Warren was found to be elected by 34 majority.

The board refuses to right the wrong.

Mr. Warren returned to Toledo this morning armed with the certificate of the vote on file in the secretary of state's office. He went at once to Clerk Bronson, and handed him the same. Mr. Bronson consulted with Judge Doyle, and requested Mr. Warren to return at 1:30.

Promptly at 1:30 Mr. Warren was on hand, but his surprise may be better imagined than described when he was informed that acting upon the advice of Judge Doyle, he would decline to issue another certificate under the pretense that he had no authority, nor had he power to enter into another canvass of the vote.

Great guns, how is that for law!

Mr. Warren was also informed that the only recourse he had was to enter contest before the board of which he was a legally elected member, to procure the seat by which he was honestly elected. This contest must be taken to a board which has already voted not to consider the same.

Is it any wonder there is disrespect for law, especially when it is juggled by officials sworn to make true report.

The following is a copy of the paper filed by Mr. Warren with Clerk Bronson this morning. It tells its own story:

To the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, Lucas County, Ohio:

Sir: By virtue of section 2994 of the revised statutes of Ohio, it is made the duty of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Lucas county to make and transmit to persons elected to the office of member of the decennial board of equalization certificates of their election.

At the election held in the Thirty-third senatorial District, at the November election, 1891, I received a plurality of the votes cast for member of the decennial state board of equalization over Benj. T. Hyatt, who was a candidate for the same office.

The following abstract, taken from the records in the office of secretary of state, shows the counties, the votes cast for said Hyatt and myself respectively:

	B. F. Hyatt.	F. R. Warren.
Fulton	2,722	1,966
Hancock	5,022	4,680
Henry	1,948	3,329
Lucas	8,805	7,708
Putnam	1,865	3,518
Wood	4,673	4,118
Totals	25,065	25,099

Notwithstanding the fact that I received a plurality of 34 votes over Hyatt, you furnish him with a certificate of election, which has enabled him to hold an office to which I was rightly entitled.

I now demand of you a certificate of my election as a member of the decennial state board of equalization.

FOSTER R. WARREN.

When Mr. Bronson concluded the reading, his first remark was:

"Why in hell did not Secretary Ryan let me know about this long ago?"

This remark would lead the average man to understand that this "error" was known to the officials who are now so lacking in knowledge about the matter.

In any event, it is a dirty piece of political chicanery which must recoil on all who have had anytoing to do with it.

Mr. Warren is consulting with his attorneys this afternoon and the end is not yet, by any means.

Conference This Afternoon.

At 2 o'clock Clerk Bronson, Prosecuting Attorney Barber and Judge Doyle met in conference. The point to be decided was whether county clerk Bronson had the power to issue a certificate of election under the circumstances, there being no doubt of Foster Warren's election.

The result of the conference was in brief that the clerk had no authority to make a recanvass of the vote or issue a certificate of election. This conclusion is based on the ground that the board of canvassers has completed its duties and cannot be reassembled; that the clerk was simply a member of that board, and has no power beyond issuing a certificate of election to the candidate having received the largest number of votes as shown by the report.

Said Mr. Bronson: "Foster Warren is elected beyond any possible doubt. We found a mistake of 100 votes in the footing of the Lucas county returns. I have no authority to issue a certificate of election, and only a contest will settle the question."

In conversation with a BEE Judge Doyle said: "I want to put myself on record that Mr. Hyatt should resign at once, that he has no right to hold an office to which he was not elected, assuming, of course, that there is a mistake in the returns. I have not examined them.

Before the Board at Columbus.

After the action by the board on Tuesday, in deciding not to consider the question, the democratic members signed the following protest and sent it to the clerk's desk:

We hereby protest against the action of this board in refusing to expunge from the record the newspaper defense offered by the secretary of state in the matter concerning the vote of the thirty-third district for a member of this board, for the following reasons, to-wit:

1. Because the alleged defense was made in the newspapers only by the secretary of state and was never by him brought before this board.

2. Because this board by a majority of one on a strictly partisan vote has refused to appoint a committee to investigate or take any evidence in the case, thus barring out all evidence and proof, and to follow this action by the admission of a defense to go on record is so irregular, unprecedented and cowardly an act as to be a disgrace to the dignity of the high office of secretary of state and of this board, and its public effect is equal to that of a plea of "guilty."

3. Because the alleged defense of the secretary of state virtually claims that he officially had nothing to do with and knew nothing of the vote in question; whereas, over his own signature, in his official published volume of statistics on page 40, the secretary of state produces and tabulates the identical vote of the several counties of the thirty-third district for member of this board. Therefore the official publication of this defense in our journal will place the secretary of state in the undesirable and unenviable position of contradicting his own official, published statement.

President Cherry declared the protest was not couched in respectful language, and therefore could not be spread on the journal. The decision provoked a lengthy discussion, which ended in refusal to enter the protest as a record, republicans voting in the negative and democrats in the affirmative.

Honest Republican Feelings.

Notwithstanding the effort made by certain republicans to retain Mr. Hyatt in an office to which he was not elected, the trend of feeling seems to be that Mr. Warren should at once occupy the seat which he has so wrongfully swindled out of. Even Mr. Hyatt is satisfied that he was fairly beaten.

The Columbus special to this morning's Leader says:

Mr. Hyatt this evening examined the records of the election in the Thirty-third district, and is convinced that his opponent is elected. He told Warren to begin a contest, and assured him that he (Mr. Hyatt) would not fight it, as he does not want a place to which he was not elected. The first intimation Mr. Hyatt had of the state of affairs was the publication in a local paper last week. The republican members of the board are not inclined to waste time with a long investigation, now that their work is about ended, but will seat Mr. Warren if he is elected.

EITHER VILLAINS OR FOOLS

The Letter Writer at Work in Columbus.

Judge Pugh and Prosecutor Huling Threatened With Death by Friends of the Elliotts.

Columbus, O., July 23.—Desperate attempts have been made within the last two weeks to intimidate the court and the prosecuting attorney in the trial of William J. Elliott for the murder of A. C. Osborn.

Both Judge Pugh and Prosecutor Huling have been threatened with death, because, forsooth, they have acted the part of honest, earnest, and efficient officers of the law.

The threats against Prosecutor Huling and Judge Pugh are most violent in their tenor. Prosecutor Huling some days ago received a postal card, which was written in a style resembling the rhetoric of Jack the Ripper.

Care had been taken by the author of the threat to protect himself against discovery through his handwriting. The inscription on the postal card was printed in capital letters, not a word on it being written.

It began by telling Mr. Huling he had "better look out," and continued at some length that he had better be careful or his life would pay the penalty of his efforts to convict the Elliotts.

Mr. Huling was very desirous of keeping the affair a secret for the present, and was successful until to-day. Inquiry of Mr. Huling developed that he had not only received one but several similar messages from the mysterious villain who sought to either intimidate him or take his life.

After some further inquiry it was learned that Judge Pugh was also the recipient of several threatening messages. He received a postal card nearly two weeks ago, addressed to Judge David F. Pugh, which read about as follows:

"Davy—You had better not go to far. The World article you would not admit for the defense, but you let the state have the capital article. You and that skinny—— of—— (meaning the prosecutor) have had your say. Some one else may have theirs. This may end in murder yet."

There was another line or two on the card, which the gentleman who gave the information could not remember, and it was signed with four or five initials, which the informant also forgot.

The other threatening messages received by Judge Pugh at various times last week were of the same tenor. One of the postal cards was decorated with crude pictures of knives, swords, and pistols. This card was signed "J. Ripper."

While Judge Pugh and Prosecutor Huling have said very little about the affair, it is reasonable to suppose that they are somewhat alarmed in consequence of the threats. It is not to be presumed that either the judge or the prosecutor have of late been indulging their meditations in midnight walks along dark streets, gazing at the star-speckled canopy above.

Indeed, in view of the threats of the would-be assassins, both have shown remarkable courage to go to and from the court house without a constant body guard. As to who the author of the threat is, nothing is known, and the field is open for much conjecture. One of the messages, it is said, both in the signature and contents indicates that it is the work of a secret organization.

It develops that the judge and prosecutor are having the affair investigated by detectives, and it is intimated that a clue has been found which will spring the greatest sensation of the celebrated murder trial.

THEY WOULD NOT BE SENT.

No U. S. Troops Will Go to the Mines in Tennessee.

Washington, July 23.—Since the question has risen of sending United States troops to Tennessee, should a request be made for them by the governor of the state, army officers have been examining the legal side of the question, and doubt is expressed if troops will be sent if asked for.

The constitution provides that the president may render necessary assistance with troops upon the application of the legislature, or the executive of the state when the legislature cannot be convened.

This is understood not to be the case in Tennessee at present. The revised statutes makes it the duty of the president to take such measures by the employment of the militia, or the land and naval forces, or by other means as he may deem necessary for the suppression or domestic violence, obstructing the laws of the United States or of the state when tending to deprive the people of the state of the privileges granted by the constitution of the United States.

It is also held that the president has large discriminating power in acting upon applications for troops, and must first satisfy himself upon the legality of the demand as well as upon the points of necessity and equity. This makes it by no means certain that if the application is made it will be granted.

THE FARMERS IN SESSION.

The Thirty-first Senatorial Convention.

A Large Attendance of Spectators But a Scarcity of Delegates Reported.

Sycamore, O., July 23.—(Special)—The senatorial convention of the people's party for the Thirty-first district met in this village to-day and has attracted much attention.

The attendance of spectators is large, that of delegates meager, although it will probably be increased before the afternoon session.

The morning session was merely preliminary and possessed no interest.

The district composed of the counties of Wyandot, Seneca and Crawford is democratic by fully 4,000, and the only hope of the opposition is in combination.

If the candidate nominated to-day is indorsed by the republicans, which appears to be the program, the action may inject into the campaign an element of uncertainty that will at least add to the interest of the canvass.

Who this candidate may be is the question to be decided this afternoon.

Damage by Floods.

Vienna, July 23.—Floods in Austrian Silesia and Moravia are causing enormous damage to farms and crops, and in many instances rendering the roads impassable. In one instance a railroad bed having become sodden collapsed, derailing a workmen's train, and seriously injuring every man on board.

Ocean Marine.

Southampton, July 23.—Arrived—Trave, from New York, and proceeded for Bremen.

Fuerst Bismark, from New York, and proceeded for Hamburg.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

Their Fall Meeting.

Preparations for the fall meeting of the Erie Driving Park association at Erie, Mich., are going along rapidly. Some of the best horses in the country will be entered, and the meet promises to be one of the largest ever held in this section.

Their Monthly Meeting.

The infirmary directors hold their monthly meeting at the farm next Saturday. They will transact routine business and look over other matters pertaining to the institution.

The infirmary farm is in excellent shape, crops of every description being in abundance.

Off For the Races.

This morning Dr. and Mrs. Newton, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Razor, Al Hoffman and Frank Niles left for Detroit, where they will take in the races to-day. They will remain over until Saturday.

Dr. Cook and party who were in attendance at the races early in the week, returned home last evening.

Taking a Rest.

R. J. Wheeler, who has been officiating as starting judge in some of the principal cities, is at home this week taking a needed rest. He leaves for Toronto next week, where he will act as starting judge.

Mr. Wheeler reports large and enthusiastic meeting through his circuit, and says turf interests are advancing at a lively rate.

Inviting Bids.

The plans for the office building to be erected by Horace Walbridge, on Huron street, have been completed by architects E. O. Fallis & Co., and invitations for bids are being forwarded to contractors today. The structure will be six stories high and will embrace 80 offices. This firm is also sending out invitations for bids for the construction of the Y. M. C. A. building.

New Residences.

Plans are being made by Architects Bacon & Huber for residence improvements on the fine Warren street property owned by Mr. G. G. Hadley. The large residence to be erected just north of the Spitzer property will be occupied by Mr. Jacob Lasalle, of the firm of Lasalle & Koch. A double residence will also be erected on the north half of the property. Work will commence at once.

Attempted Robbery.

C. W. Parson's residence, 718 Huron street, was entered last night about 9 o'clock by some man bent on robbery. The facts were reported to police headquarters and search was made for the man, but it was too late as he had been discovered by some one in the house and frightened away before he had taken anything.

Will Build New Houses.

Architect A. B. Sturges has just completed the plans for two splendid residence buildings. One is for C. D. Lindsey, a double frame, on Tenth street near Jefferson, and will cost $5,000 when completed.

The other is for County Recorder McMaken. This will be a handsome two-story frame dwelling on Scottwood street. It will cost $4,500. Both will be completed before winter.

The Lagrange Street Pavement.

Work on the Lagrange street pavement is progressing rapidly, the contract now being finished to Moore street. Contractor Dewey is carrying out the plans according to specifications, and the residents universally agree that he is doing excellent work, at a much less price than any streets have heretofore been paved. Inspector Kehle is proving to be very efficient and is taking a deep interest in the work, to the satisfaction of all.

The Turnbull Wagon Company's Showing.

The BEE lately made mention of the success of the Turnbull Wagon company, of Defiance, which is owned almost entirely in Toledo. To-day stockho'ders are in receipt of Secretary Wood's yearly statement of the finances of the company. These show: Capital stock, $285,000; surplus, $60,000; undivided profits, $55,475. The company has on hand cash, accounts and bills receivable $175,420, and not a dollar of debt.

Gen. Carnahan in the City.

Gen. James R. Carnahan, of Indianapolis, commander-in-chief of the uniform rank, Knights of Pythias of the world, arrived in the city this morning and is quartered at the Boody. Gen. Greene accompanied the general for a drive about the city during the morning, and this afternoon a visit was made to Presque Isle. This evening an informal reception will be tendered to Gen. Carnahan at the Pythian castle, at which all knights in the city are cordially invited to be present.

Presented With Past Grand Jewels.

Last evening Toledo Encampment of Odd Fellows, after holding their regular session, opened their rooms to about 100 of the brethren. It was a social session, followed with addresses by Grand Master Cable and Grand Patriarch Innis and A. J. Reid, past grand master, Richmond, Ky.; Gen. Louis Schlchter, Columbus; J. T. Lake, Pemberville, and Col. A. J. Eyster, Toledo.

The past grand master's jewel was presented to Mr. Bartlett, of Wapakoneta lodge, by Grand Master Cable and the past grand patriarch's jewel to Louis Van Noorden by Grand Patriarch Innis. Messrs. Van Noorden and Bartlett thanked their brethren for honors conferred. The jewels were greatly admired by all, and the recipients were congratulated for the distinction. The visitors left for their homes to-day.

Pumped a Row.

John Bardlemever and his wife Angelia and Mrs. Minnie Kreiger occupy adjoining houses on Canal street near the Clover Leaf round house, and use one pump between them. The two families do not get along very well on account of the children quarreling, and last Saturday the older ones took up the quarrel. Mrs. Kreiger went to the well to draw some water, and in rinsing out the bucket she in some manner spilled water on Mrs. Bardlemeyer. This was enough to start the fight, and the women fairly had a regular hair-pulling match until Mr. Bardlemeyer interfered. Mrs. Kreiger had Mr. Bardlemeyer arrested on a charge of assault and battery, and Mrs. Bardlemeyer had Mrs. Kreiger arrested on the same charge. Both cases were tried in the police court this morning, and to settle things evenly Judge Sala fined both parties with their costs in the matter and discharged the cases.

Bound Over to Common Pleas.

Acting Prosecuting Attorney Reno was considerably excited in the police court this morning. He had three criminal cases on hand and was anxious to give the sheriff a few new boarders, which he did on short notice.

Boarder No. 1.—Michael Rabiski, the boy charged with doing the shooting in the Polish row the other night, appeared before Judge Sala in the police court this morning and waived examination, and was bound over to await the action of the grand jury and his bail fixed at $500.

Boarder No. 2.—Thomas Murphy, the "carnal copulation" fiend, was bound over to the grand jury by Judge Sala, this morning, and the bail fixed at $500.

Boarder No. 3.—E. Eubody, of East Toledo, hired a boat from Hepburn Bros. a few days ago, and failed to return it. The boat with the oars was valued at $35. Mr. Hepburn had Eubody arrested on the charge of grand larceny, and the boat was recovered. Eubody waived examination in police court this morning and was bound over to the grand jury; bail $500.

Killed by a Guard.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 23.—The killing of a convict by the name of Harris this morning by a guard has caused considerable excitement among the convicts and an outbreak is not improbable.

THE NEW BEE LINE.

A Distinguished Railway Engineer Inspecting the Proposed Line.

Capt. W. W. Rich, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city yesterday to consult with the people who are about to construct the Toledo & Western Railway. Capt. Rich is the consulting engineer of the Canadian Pacific Railway. He had general charge of the construction of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste Marie Railway, which is owned by the Canadian Pacific. To-day, in company with Chief Engineer Engle and Resident Engineer Paul, Mr. Rich is inspecting the line as surveyed between Toledo and Detroit. The line west will next be taken up and the contractors will speedily follow.

The syndicate which has charge of the new enterprise is very powerful and is fully able to complete the railway before 1892.

WORKING DEMOCRATS

Who Were Chosen as Campaign Managers

By the Democratic State Central Committee at Columbus Yesterday—An Excellent List.

The Bee's dispatches from Columbus last evening gave the names of the gentlemen chosen to manage the campaign for the democratic party in the present campaign. It is seldom that a committee of more earnest workers has been gotten together.

The state central committee was called to order at their rooms at 1:30 p. m. by Vice-Chairman John G. Reeves, of Lancaster. Every member was present or represented by proxy.

It was generally conceded that if Col. James E. Neal, of Butler county, would accept the chairmanship of the executive committee, he would be chosen by acclamation. Mr. Neal was in the city, and yielded to the solicitations. Consequently the first motion made in committee was to select him, and this was done by a rising vote.

Col. Neal is well known in Ohio, not only by democrats but by republicans as well. The latter fear him, and would have been pleased to have any other chairman chosen. Col. Neal led the campaign two years ago when Gov. Campbell was victorious. A polished speaker, a devoted friend, and a shrewd political manager, democrats of Ohio may safely trust their interests in his hands. Mr. Neal spoke to the state committee on being invited to be present. He regretted that the members had not made another choice, but, now that it appeared to him as a demand from his party, he felt that he could not decline. He would take up the work conscious of the justice of the democratic cause. Since the state convention had selected the nominees, it was the duty of every democrat to roll up his sleeves, and, if this was done, he was confident that when the polls closed in November, Mr. Campbell and his associates would be triumphantly elected. For himself, he could safely say that he bore no ill-will to any democrat; he knew no faction but was greatly in love with the good old democratic party, for whose success he would sacrifice his personal interests at any time. Mr. Neal asked for the assistance of the workers throughout the state. The brief speech was received with generous applause.

A motion was adopted authorizing Chairman Neal to name a vice chairman, secretary and treasurer. It is expected that Hon. Gilbert Bargar will be induced to accept the first named position. What a team Neal and Bargar will make!

A word as to the make-up of the executive committee. It is composed of fifteen as lively hustlers as can be found in Ohio.

Hon. John C. Welty, of Canton, and Judge Stillwell, of Millersburg, it will be remembered, were the closest friends of Governor Warwick in his fight against Major McKinley last fall. They will be as zealous for Governor Campbell and the State ticket.

Col. Carlisle, of Salem, was Larry Neal's manager in the contest two years ago, when he came within an ace of treeing the persimmons. He is probably one of the best posted politicians in Ohio, and being a traveling man will be a kind of walking delegate for the committee. All who are acquainted with "Al" know him to be a hummer.

Charles Edgar Brown, the member from Cincinnati, is the law partner of Hon. Howard Douglass, and a gentleman whose selection met the approval of Hamilton county committeemen and their people generally. He is not identified with any of the factions, and is therefore in a position to assist in getting the boys into line. Mr. Brown is a member of the Cincinnati Board of Fire Commissioners.

Northwestern Ohio, nor in fact the state at large, needs no introduction to Walter B. Richie, of Lima. He is one of Senator Brice's ablest lieutenants, and will add strength and confidence to the work of the committee.

Then there's Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, whose hustling qualities enabled him to be elected to the present congress. Tom was the leader of the Kline forces at the Cleveland convention, but was among the first to make Mr. Campbell's nomination unanimous. He will not be a laggard when the campaign opens up.

Hon. Henry Apthorp's selection was a graceful compliment to the democratic press. His home is in Ashtabula, but is associated with other good democrats in printing the Columbus Post. He was railroad commissioner under Governor Hoadly, a man of force and ability, and a Western Reserve democrat, which means a great deal.

Toledo was honored by the naming of Messrs. M. M. Eppstein and Homer Hood. All Toledoans know "Max." He was the author of the plank in the platform protesting against the persecution of Jewish citizens by Russia, and was chosen as a representative of the Hebrew race. Mr. Eppstein will do his share without doubt. Mr. Hood is a representative business man, a reliable democrat, who is not afraid to assert his convictions, and is ever ready to take a hand for a friend. His two races in the First ward against great odds show his qualities as a working democrat. Lucas county will undoubtedly show its appreciation by aiding these gentlemen to give a good report of their stewardship.

Theodore F. Leonard is a Columbus Irishman, satisfactory to the democrats of the city and county. He was highly recommended by Committeeman Traiger.

James P. Seward, of Mansfield, is one of the Richland county war-horses, was an admirer of Larry Neal, but for the ticket always when nominated. Seward and Mr. Ackerman, the candidate for state treasurer, live in the Fifteenth district, and they expect to increase the democratic majority.

J. M. Van Fleet, of Kenton, is the mayor of his town, and has more than any other man possibly, aided in making Hardin county democratic.

Leo Ebert, of Ironton, has himself been on the state ticket in former years, and did his share to bring about success. He is a prominent brewer, an enthusiastic democrat, and is always a willing contributor in every form.

M. V. Ream, of New Philadelphia, and W. A. Mays, of Miamisburg, complete the list. In their locality they are leading democrats and zealous laborers, and will keep the enemy guessing for the next three months.

On the whole, better selections could not have been made. The campaign machinery will soon be set in motion, and it is to be hoped that every opponent of McKinleyism and all other isms represented by the republican party will aid actively in achieving a victory this fall in the interest of the people.

They Will Not Fight.

St. Paul, July 23.—Replying to rumors that negotiations were still in progress looking to a meeting across the state line, Parson Davies, in behalf of Hall, informs the United Press at 9:50 that an encounter at the present time is now absolutely out of the question, and that it is useless for any of the visiting sports to remain in town in the hope that something may yet turn up.

Horticultural Leader.

San Francisco, July 23.—The California commissioners of the world's fair have indorsed J. De Barth Shorb as head of the horticultural department of the fair.

HAS BLAINE SOLD OUT?

A Supposed Bargain With Harrison.

The Man from Maine to Get Out of Ben's Way.

James G. Will Not be a Candidate for the Presidency But He Will Have Full Swing for His Jingoism.

Washington, July 23.—The Washington Star prints an article on Secretary Blaine which is believed to have been inspired.

Mr. Blaine and Crosby Noyes, the editor of the Star, are warm personal friends, and as the article is published in double-leaded type the inference is that the information has come from first hands through Editor Noyes.

It will not be news to the readers. This inspired article makes clear the price which Harrison has to pay for getting Blaine out of his way.

Blaine must have full swing in the state department to carry out his foreign policy in his own way or Mr. Harrison may not get the nomination.

Blaine's position, according to his editorial friend, is that he can have the nomination if he wants it, but that he will not take it if Harrison will promise to let him alone.

According to the same authority the bargain has already been made, and for the chance to win a second term Harrison has surrendered the future foreign policy of his administration, both in this term and the second, should he be lucky enough to get a second, to his secretary of state. The Star's article is as follows:

"It is learned through reliable sources here that Mr. Blaine is gradually preparing to resume charge of the state department affairs. He now has his private secretary with him, and is getting together the loose ends of his work which he let drop so suddenly when he was first taken sick.

"It can hardly be said that he is actually at work yet, and the most he will undertake for some time, if his health continues to improve, will be merely in an advisory capacity; but he is beginning to inform himself about the affairs of the administration and to test his capacity for work.

"Some time ago, when he began to feel better, he sent for his private secretary to come to Bar Harbor, but Mrs. Blaine and his doctors opposed his burdening his mind with official cares, even to a limited extent, and the private secretary did not remain more than one day.

"A little less than a week ago Mr. Dent was sent for again, and he has been with Mr. Blaine ever since. The reawakening of interest in his work has not, it is said, retarded his recovery, but, on the contrary, seems to be beneficial to him. This being the case it is believed that he will be able to resume his former position in the administration in the fall.

"Some of Mr. Blaine's friends declare, and the president, it is said, has become convinced, that the Maine statesman has abandoned any idea he may have had of being a candidate in '92.

"Some of his friends believe that newspapers friendly to Mr. Harrison have given too ready credence to alarming reports of his severe illness, especially with the knowledge that his own nervousness on that point would make him the first to take alarm.

"Mrs. Blaine is opposed to again being a candidate, and he would not run any great risk to his health for the honor. It is said that he has given evidence of a disinclination to permit the use of his name in connection with the presidency. It is believed that Mr. Blaine has told the president in so many words that he will not be a candidate.

"At all events Mr. Harrison is said to be satisfied that Mr. Blaine will not oppose him. Mr. Harrison's understanding of the situation is that Mr. Blaine would be better satisfied to be permitted to continue for another four years in his state department and to be allowed to carry out his own policy in his own way than to make a run for the presidency.

"Perhaps Mr. Harrison may be willing to give Mr. Blaine greater latitude and to interfere less with his foreign policy in the future, if Mr. Blaine in return will not stand in the way of his renomination.

"Mr. Blaine's plans for the future of this country, from the point of view of the state department, are of too great magnitude to be carried out to completion during the short time left of this administration. Mr. Harrison understands well that Mr. Blaine is so interested in the work that he will make any personal sacrifice necessary to carry it on.

"He might abandon all ambition to be president to devote his time to the extension of his foreign policy, or he might seek the nomination if the re-election of Mr. Harrison would not open to him the prospect of being able to continue his work. As between having Mr. Blaine for a rival before the convention and giving him full sweep for his foreign policy, there can be but little doubt which Mr. Harrison's choice would be.

"Statistics of the trade between this country and all those south of us which have been prepared show quite a remarkable increase of commerce during the past two and a half years, being greater each year.

"This and the fact that there seems to be considerable promise of popular favcor in the cry of reciprocity as an offset to the restrictions imposed on commerce by the McKinley bill, makes the president the more ready to adopt and make prominent Mr. Blaine's ideas.

"When the Home Market club of Boston gave its great dinner last spring, at which Secretary Tracy made his famous speech calling forth so many cheers for Mr. Blaine, it was the desire of the club to have Mr. Blaine himself present.

"A committee waited on him with an invitation. He replied that he did not have the time to attend. They were pressing, and as an inducement told him that he would make many friends by appearing there and delivering a speech on the subject of the extension of our southern trade.

"'I have no desire,' he replied, 'to make friends in the sense you mean. I shall never have any use for them. When they could have helped me they passed resolutions antagonizing me. I have now retired.

"'I am a back number. With the work I have before me I have no desire to make friends in the sense you mean. Why do you not invite the president or Mr. Reed? The committee was not offended at this plain talk, but all arguments were useless. He would not accept.

"Shortly before he left for New York the last time, just before his attack of illness, he was in conversation with an Illinois member of congress.

"He asked the member if there was any seriousness in the talk of Cullom for the presidency.

"The member said there was. 'Well,' replied Mr. Blaine, 'many less likely things than this nomination have occurred. I believe that Mr. Harrison will be renominated, but if he is not, I think some one like Cullom or Rusk, who is near to the soil, will be nominated.'"

DETROIT STREET RAILROADS.

They Have Been Sold to an Eastern Syndicate.

Detroit, July 23.—All the franchises, tracks, equipment, etc., of the Detroit City Railway company, controlling 80 miles of Detroit streets, were to-day sold to ex-Gov. Waller, of Connecticut, and William W. Cook, the Wall street corporation lawyer, representing an eastern syndicate.

The new owners will recapitalize the company, introduce a rapid transit system and extend the lines. The consideration is said to be in the neighborhood of $5,000,000.

HAD TO DISPERSE THE MOB.

Preparing to Guillotine Murderess Berland.

Paris, July 23.—The police were this morning ordered to clear the Place de la Roquette, where is to be erected the guillotine by which the murderess Berland and her accomplice, Dore, are to be executed.

On Saturday last the execution which was to have taken place on that day was postponed on account of the marriage of the executioner's son and assistant, to the daughter of a provincial ex-executioner.

Since then there have been frequent disorderly meetings of the lowest of the rabble of Paris in and about the Place de La Roquette. This morning their conduct became so outrageous that the municipal authorities decided to disperse the ribald crowd. It is not stated when "Monsieur of Paris" and his son and heir will have sufficiently recovered from the effects of the wedding festivities to attend to the duties of their great office.

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS.

A Very Busy Day for Toledo Docks.

Large Number of Big Carriers in Port—Obstruction Reported—Local and General Marine.

Special marine weather bulletin, compiled from the war department weather map. Observations taken at 8 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	State of Wea'r.
Oswego	30.08	74	S	16	cloudy
Buffalo	30.04	74	SW	22	cloudy
Cleveland	30.08	76	S	6	cloudy
Toledo	30.06	74	SW	10	cloudy
Port Huron	30.02	72	S	12	cloudy
Alpena	29.94	70	SW	8	clear
Green Bay	29.98	66	W	6	clear
Milwaukee	30.00	70	W	16	clear
Grand Haven	29.98	68	W	6	clear
Chicago	30.02	72	NW	12	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	29.92	54	NW	8	clear
Marquette	29.86	64	W	8	clear

Lake region forecast: For Western New York—Showers; stationary temperature; south winds.

For Ohio—Fair to-night; statipnary temperature; south winds.

For Indiana and Illinois—Fair to-night; slightly cooler; northwest winds.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair; slightly cooler; winds becoming northwest.

For Michigan—Showers; cooler; winds becoming northwest.

The storm central in Manitoba has moved east to lake Superior.

Some Big Carriers in Port.

Business about the harbor is quite lively to-day and all of the docks are crowded. Several are in with ore. A large number of big carriers are after coal and an immense amount of grain will be taken out by the vessels now in port. At the Hocking dock is the schooner Helvetia with ore and the steamers J. C. Lockwood, S. J. Macy, Henry J. Johnson, Minneapolis and Lansing, and the schooners Mabel Wilson and San Diego, after coal.

At the Ohio Central docks are the steamers H. S. Pickands, F. W. Wheeler, Bulgaria, A. Everett, Oscar, T. Flint, large 192, schooners G. D. Houghton, Sophia Minch and Marengo. The big steamers Philip D., Armour, Charles S. Parnell, Panther and W. H. Gilcher are loading grain at the different elevators. The Wabash steamer S. C. Reynolds and the Clover Leaf steamer Dean Richmond are also in port. Besides these are a number of smaller crafts of various descriptions, including the schooner Waubashene, loading timber; the schooner C. B. Benson, with hard coal; the Valencia, Prussia, City of Mt. Clemens, the steamer St. Magnus, John Schuette, Massasoit and others.

The Whaleback Trip to Liverpool, and History.

The newspapers of the day announce that the whaleback steamer Wetmore has arrived at Liverpool with the "first cargo of grain ever shipped from the lakes without reloading." The cargo the Wetmore was, like other preceding cargoes, partly rehandled, we think 30,000 bushels of the 90,000 bushels. Let us review this commerce.

In the sixties the schooner Sea Gull sailed from the lakes for the northeast coast of Africa with a cargo of fine lumber. She returned with a cargo from the West Indies, and is now on the lakes.

The schooner Cambria went out with a cargo of grain, was condemned and sold. The schooner Columbia went out with a cargo of grain.

In May, 1874, the schooner Benson loaded at Toledo with 23,790 bu of corn for Liverpool. Capt. John Duff was the master. She remained abroad three years, made two voyages to Buenos Ayres. Capt. Duff is now sailing the Benson and is here to-day.

At the same time the schooner Pamlico sailed from Chicago with a cargo of grain, and went down the St. Lawrence with the Benson, and was sold abroad.

After the above the schooner Schuette, and the schooner Triumph sailed with grain.

We are indebted to Capt. Duff and Mr. Thomas Southard for some of these details, seaboard sales for exports and their receipts to date.

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Another Obstruction.

Cleveland, July 23.—Capt. M. W. Gothan, master of the steamer Briton, reports that on his last trip down in coming out from the third black stake from Bow point lightship to the lighthouse, and when about one-third of the distance from the stake to the lighthouse he touched lightly. Capt. Gothan thinks there is an anchor there. He says it sounded like dragging iron on deck when the steamer touched.

Capt. George P. McKay left for Detroit last night to consult with Col. Ludlow in regard to improvements in his district. The captain will visit Malden Friday and will make an effort to locate the obstruction that the Briton struck.

Will Tow Timber.

West Bay City, July 23.—F. W. Wheeler & Co. will launch the steamer Lulu in about two weeks. This steamer is for Geo. D. Emery, of Boston, Mass., and will be used in towing mahogany timber in the shallow rivers of the Central American coast.

When the contract for building this steamer was announced as let the public was given to understand that it was for the Nicaragua Canal Co., but the government inspectors took a measurement of her yesterday, and of course in their report the true owner's name had to be given.

Work on the government lightships will not be commenced in the yard until after this vessel is completed.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Bulgaria, Ashtabula, light.
Schr George C Finney, Buffalo, 600 tons coal.
Stmr St Magnus, Hamilton, light
Stmr Dean Richmond, Buffalo, mdse.
Schr St Peter, Buffalo, 680 tons coal.
Prop S C Reynolds, Buffalo, mdse.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Stmr Lily, Detroit, light.

CLEARED.

Tug Wm F McRae, Pt. Edward, schr Prussia in tow.
Schr Massasoit, Buffalo, 50,000 bu wheat
Schr John Schuette, Buffalo, 19,500 bu wheat
Stmr Bulgaria, Marquette, light.
Schr H G Hougton, Buffalo, 24,000 bu wheat.
Schr Geo C Finney, Buffalo, 20,000 bu wheat.
Str Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Str Panther, Buffalo, 60,000 bu wheat
Str Lily, Mt Clemens, 200 tons coal.
Barge 111, Duluth, 2,350 tons coal.

Snags.

The tug Schenck piloted out the steamer Parnell this afternoon.

The schooner C. B. Benson arrived this morning, loaded with hard coal.

The schooner Annie M. Ash left this morning with coal from the Ohio Central.

The steamer J. Emory Owen and consorts Nicholson and Michigan, coal laden, left to-day.

A large excursion off the Columbus & Hocking Valley is spending the day at Presque Isle.

The steamer W. H. Gilcher, loading grain at No. 1 elevator, is one of the largest carriers on the lakes.

The steamer S. J. Macy and barge Mabel Wilson have been chartered to carry coal from Toledo to Gladstone at 45 cents.

The Duluth Imperial Mill company's agency in this city expect another large consignement of flour to-day on the steamer Fisk.

The steamer Minneapolis and consort, San Diego, and the steamer Lansing arrived this morning to load coal at the Hocking docks.

Besides a large list of passengers for Detroit the steamer Idlewild this morning carried 10 passengers for Mackinac and 7 for Duluth.

When the harbor is crowded as it is just now the ship chandlers and grocery delivery boats are kept busy. The H. P. Tobey, the Minnie D., the Stranger and the Maggie D. are on the go all the time and seem never to rest.

The treasury department this season is making the most strenuous efforts to secure full and accurate statistics regarding disasters on the lakes. Every item recorded in the papers is being immediately followed by a letter of inquiry. The statistics will be used in deciding upon lighthouse extensions and in judging of the work of the life saving crews.

20 Per Cent. Discount this Month on our Stock of Mantels, Curtains, Grill Work, &c.

20 OFF on all Goods during July.

Briggs & Leibius, 307 Summit-st

COULDN'T STAND PROSPERITY.

R. B. Peterson, Once One of Pittsburg's 400, Landed in Jail.

Pittsburg, July 23.—Richard B. Peterson was to-day sent to jail in default of $1,500 bail on charges of assault and battery and surety of the peace.

The informations were made by his father-in-law,

The Bee.

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, C. G. HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 14years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is always for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST.

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 23, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor.
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor.
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN McNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
H. S. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

"Administrative expediency" is to take the place of "offensive partisanship" in the political lexicon of the republican party. But where does civil service reform, to which the party and Benjamin Harrison are committed, come in?

The Ohio republican brethren are sufficiently entangled in their Kilkenny quarrel to trip Major McKinley up by the heels next November. It doesn't seem necessary Secretary Blaine should stand off and sic on the opponents of the high tariff apostle, as to-day's advices indicate he is doing.

Chairman Quay says that for days and nights before the last presidential election he could not sleep, and that the insomnia which then fastened upon him has never let go. Experts are ready to testify that paresis has hold of John Bardsley. It seems that there is a Nemesis for evil doers, after all.

Common sense can find no reason why New Yorkers should subscribe for a monument to Sir John Macdonald, who opposed every profitable business relation between this country and Canada, and common business honesty suggests that city would better finish some of its own monuments before it subscribes to its neighbor's.

The American hog must postpone his visit to France at least until autumn. He has failed to receive the card of the French senate, notwithstanding the exertions Minister Reid made to secure it. And Minister Reid is as badly left as the hog is. He was so sure he had the thing all fixed that he sent out a number of self-congratulatory cablegrams which seem now, criticising them mildly, to have been rather premature.

France finds our tariff in the way of its exhibit at the world's fair. The secretary of the Rheims chamber of commerce says: "For the present, at least, the McKinley bill is an obstacle to the participation of our manufacturers in the Chicago exhibition." For the present McKinleyism is an obstacle to things more important than the fair. But it is an artificial restriction, easily removed. That's what we are after now. Things will be all right in '93.

A writer in a recent number of the North American Review says that the United States is the largest tenant-farming nation in the world. He gives the number of farmers in Ohio who are renters as 48,283. This, of a country possessed of every natural resource, is a startling statement. It means either that the farmer is not capable of doing business successfully, or that he is handicapped by artificial restrictions upon the sale of that which he produces. The farmers are thinking over this thing.

Postmaster General Wanamaker has decided to reorganize the postoffice department. The changes indicated in his order are in the direction of better business methods, but there is no indication he contemplates the most desirable change of all. He does not remove the head of the department, whose integrity has been under oath assailed, nor does he ask official investigation of the charges against himself. The course Messrs. Quay and Dudley are expected to take on the 29th inst. is commended to Mr. Wanamaker's consideration. There is no change he can make in his department so much to the credit and interest of the country as for him to remove himself from it.

The conference between government representatives and representatives of grain firms of Germany, relative to the reduction of duties on grain, can have but one outcome if the distress of the German peasant is to receive the consideration common humanity dictates. In a country where the vast majority live upon breadstuffs, cannot produce enough of them, and have no means for buying at artificial prices, there would seem but one thing to be done. But class privileges die hard. As in England, when the repeal of the corn laws was under discussion

The rich preach rights and future days
And hear no angels scoffing,
The poor die mute with starving gaze
On corn-ships in the offing.

The official address sent out by the national executive committee of the People's party is curious reading. Its general purport is that the American people have drifted away from their moorings, and that the government of to-day is not the government for which our forefathers declared in 1776, and which they fought to establish. It then advocates governmental control of telegraphs, etc., and defends the government loan demand of the alliances, pointing out the road the People's party would have the government take, a road that the soldiers of Concord and Lexington would rise from their graves, shoulder their flint-lock muskets and march on Washington to prevent the government from taking.

Governor Buchanan will call an extra session of the Tennessee legislature on account of the mining trouble. He aims to strike at the root of the matter, and secure legislation repealing the convict lease law. Whether the miners will submit to the return of the convicts to the mines, pending this action, is doubtful. If they do not, it is said the militia must return with the convicts and defend them, although the consfitution of the state, relating to militia, does not warrant the governor in calling on them for this use. The position of Governor Buchanan is very awkward, but he appears genuinely anxious not to antagonize the interests of free labor, though determined to uphold the dignity of the state. That the legislature will pursue the course indicated can scarcely be doubted, and the miners should await its action.

The figures on the sugar bounty are getting before the public in a way that is not helping "the most popular feature of the McKinley bill" any. During the fiscal year upon which we have now entered there will be a bounty of $11,000,000 paid out in cold cash from the United States treasury, to the raisers of sugar cane in Louisiana, and the catchers of the maple sap in Vermont. Never since this government was founded has there been a more iniquitous robbery of the people. Is it any wonder the farmers are going mad on the question of government subsidies? Why should the government levy a tax in behalf of the Pennsylvania manufacturer, or collect a bounty for the Louisiana sugar-maker, and not lend money on the grain crops of Kansas and Iowa, or upon the land itself? If the government is going into paternalism as its legitimate business, then the wildest demands the alliances make upon the government are also legitimate.

In 1880 the population of Nevada was 62,266; in 1890 it was 45,761, a loss of 26 per cent. in the decade. The state has fifteen counties, and lost in population in all but two of them. Carson City, the capital, fell in population from 4,229 to 3,950; Virginia City from 10,917 to 8,514, and every town and city in the state having a population of 1,000 or over shared in the decay except Winnemucca. The injustice of ever allowing this rotten borough a representation in the senate equal to that allowed in Ohio, New York or Pennsylvania, was apparent. Nevada has not now a claim to the rights of statehood in national affairs. There is no likelihood of its regaining its former numbers. The probability is that its population will continue to decrease. There is no more profit in mining there, and no other industry can prosper on its mountain sides. A sheep or a goat might obtain a living there; man cannot. It is a curious showing, and there appears no constitutional way of changing it.

WARREN WAS ELECTED.

The blunder by which Foster R. Warren was defrauded of the office of member of the decennial board of equalization, was committed in the office of the clerk of Lucas county. This is demonstrated beyond dispute and Clerk Bronson admits the mistake. He so informed Mr. Warren to-day. It was an inexcusable blunder, and it is very evident that the secretary of state knew all about it when the returns were tabulated and verified for publication. Everybody connected with this bad job are republicans. It looks like a political steal which will not admit of whitewashing. Some republicans have known all about this mistake. Their silence indicates trickery and their conduct is contemptible.

LOBBYISTS' CATSPAWS.

When the McKinley bill was pending great capital for it was made from the fact that certain representatives of labor organizations appeared before the committee in its support. The principal industries represented were two, the window-glass workers and the iron and steel workers. It was argued by the high protectionists that the endorsement of the McKinley bill by these men indicated that the working men realized the bill was in the interest of high wages, that they desired its adoption and that henceforth and forever they would be found in the party of high tariff. These labor lobbyists made a good deal of noise, and the deductions thus drawn were natural ones, the more so that no formal protest was presented from wage workers who believed to the contrary.

When the state campaign was on in Pennsylvania last fall these same men, or others from the same organizations, took the stump for the republican nominee, on the same issue, high protection. The glee of the republican managers of the campaign over this addition to their force was lessened when a greater number of representative labor men took the stump for the democratic candidate. It was a campaign of education for the working-men of Pennsylvania, and Pattison's election in a republican state was the result. The McKinley bill was law, it had adversely affected workingmen's interests, and the November elections recorded their opinion on it. Republican bosses began to wish that they had not called upon wage earners to take sides on this question quite so prominently. The aggressiveness of the wage workers in these state campaigns was the result of their own tactics, but the result was not the one they had forecast.

The end is not yet. The longer the McKinley tariff is in operation, the more the laboring man suffers from it, and the more he continues to think about it the less he supports the party that is responsible for it. Even the men who thought they were acting in their own interests in lobbying for the bill discover now that they were merely the catspaws of lobbyists who were working for interests inimical to their own. William Weihe, president of the Amalgamated Association of Steel and Iron Workers, tells how the tin plate association led his association into its false position. Says Mr. Weihe:

"They came to our association and represented that an increase in the tariff would set the tin plate industry on a boom and be a big thing for us, and they wanted us to help them out. It was necessary, they said, to have us, the laborers, go before the committee. We took in their bait, and were really persuaded that it would be a good thing. So we sent committees to appear before the ways and means committee, and in consideration of this work on our part the tin plate association agreed to a tin plate schedule by which its members would pay 15 per cent. extra for soft steel work and 20 per cent. for changed iron and steel. Now they want to crawfish out. They say they cannot manufacture at such a price. They are right—they cannot. Another thing: They will not be able to turn out the amount of tin plate by 1897 called for by the McKinley bill."

Mr. Weihe is also of opinion that European workmen will be imported to work for the tin plate association at European wages. Thus the greatest labor organization that supported the present tariff rates declare against it. The great body of wage workers understand the question better than ever before. McKinleyism will be downed.

"They that go down to the sea in ships; that do business in great waters," is the text with which Colonel Shepard heads the editorial page of the Tuesday Mail and Express. The first editorial is "Fassett should head the ticket." There is a connection between text and sermon in this case that the good deacon doesn't always strike. Whoever heads the republican state ticket in New York will find himself in deep and troubled waters first, and shipwrecked finally.

The Wheeling Register is now one of the handsomest of our exchanges. Its democracy is of the sturdy, unswerving variety, and as a low tariff champion it is unexcelled.

The Death valley myth is exploded by the report of Chief Merriam, of the geological survey. Science seems determined to leave us no superstitions to cherish.

After all of Dolly's deliberation, as portraitured by Millais, does she really wish she had said "No" and not "Yes," when Stanley popped the question?

Farmer Harris.

"Farmer" Harris has made up his mind not to fool his constituents any longer, so on last Saturday he bid off the George Lugar forty-three acre tract of land sold at sheriff's sale. It is a little late for the Colonel to go into the business now, but under the circumstances it is better late than never for him. Whether he will immediately move onto the purchase, roll up his sleeves, tuck his pants into his boots and commence plowing for the fall crop, we are not informed, but should he do so we will not hesitate a moment to proclaim the tidings to his "farmer" constituency.—Eaton Democrat.

Of the Social Order.

The amicable relations subsisting between Messrs. Sherman and Foraker are of the social order. Men in the drawing room shake hands, and under voice express their real opinions. So it is with these eminent republicans. There can be no friendship between them. They are political rivals, and the fire alarm has all the committee equipment arrayed against the veteran icicle. He is ready to turn the hose on him at the slightest provocation. It is a love of a fight, and Major McKinley can only stand and weep.—Massillonian.

Reckless Extravagance.

The statistical abstract just issued by the government contains some interesting pension figures.

In 1877 the total disbursements for pensions were in round numbers $28,000,000. They increased to $57,000,000 in 1880 and $65,000,000 in 1885. In 1890 they reached the enormous total of $106,000,000.

In 1886 the number of pensioners was 365,000. In 1890 there were 538,000 on the rolls.

These figures need no comment. They tell their own story of reckless extravagance.—N. Y. Herald.

Will Not Know It.

Gov. Fifer, in passing through the city on his way home from a fishing trip, said that he had been so far from civilization that he hardly knew that Gov. Campbell had been renominated. People who have remained right in the busy haunts of men will hardly know that McKinley was nominated next November.—Chicago Times.

The Campbells Are Coming.

It is pleasant to recall just now that in 1890, the state of Ohio elected 14 democrats to congress and only seven republicans. Such figures make one believe that Campbell is coming again in the Buckeye state for sure.—Boston Globe.

The Fun Begins.

The Sherman and Foraker hatchets are raised, their scalping knives unsheathed, and the massacre between their forces has begun. Let Ohio democrats stand fast and firm and McKinleyism will be buried next fall beyond all hope of possible resurrection.—Columbus Post.

Let the Band Play.

A demand was made on Foraker to answer the question whether or not he is a candidate for United States senator. He promptly answered that he is. Now let the band play and the circus performance will begin.—Dayton Times.

Nothing But Rob.

If McKinley and his infamous system of high taxation has done anything for Ohio farmers but rob them and put mortgages on their farms, they would like to know it. —Holmes County Farmer.

Forces Against Him.

McKinley has two powerful forces against him in Ohio. One is Campbell, heading the democratic hosts, and the other is the McKinley bill. — Atlanta Journal.

Ask McKinley.

Ohio wools are from 2 to 3 cents a pound nastier than they were a year ago. If Ohio does not believe it, let it ask Mr. McKinley.—St. Louis Republic.

A Moral Gain.

The loss of Quay will be a decided moral gain to the republican party, and its leadership needs reinforcement upon that side.—N. Y. World.

A Mistaken Theory.

High tariff wont win in Ohio this fall. The people have been investigating and have discovered that to tax a people don't make them prosperous.—Tuscarawas Democrat.

Clarkson and Quay.

"We love him for the heads he has cut off."—Ex-Senator Platt on poor Clarkson.

"We love him for the head he is about to cut off."—Boston Herald on Boss Quay.

Gov. Campbell's Backing.

Governor Campbell is confident that he will win this fall. He has all of the best element of the State of Ohio back of him in the canvass.—New Orleans Delta.

More Complicated.

The situation grows more complicated. Foster, the introducer of hoodle tactics into Ohio politics, has entered the republican senatorial race.—Lima Times.

Given Them a Warranty.

It looks as though the democrats of the state have deeded all their right, title and interest in fractional quarrels to the republicans.—Bucyrus Forum.

Pluck and Honesty.

If you admire pluck and honesty, then you admire James E. Campbell and should support him.—Jackson Democrat.

Went Out of Existence.

New York, July 23.—The Saturday Globe, a newspaper started to advocate ex-President Cleveland's tariff principles, has collapsed.

After fighting against an adverse fate for many months the editor has given up the struggle and has stopped the publication.

The Saturday Globe was published once a week. It was established three years ago, just after Mr. Cleveland's defeat for re-election. The editor was George F. Parker, a journalist of experience.

Royal Arch Masons.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 23.—The general grand chapter of Royal Arch Masons this morning elected Joseph H. Horner, of New Orleans, General High priest for the ensuing triennial period. This afternoon the visitors will be shown over Minneapolis and to-morrow over St. Paul. The convocation will probably not adjourn before Saturday. Last night the general grand chapter adopted a ritual, the first complete one it has ever had. Three hundred delegates are present.

Racing Commenced.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 23.—The racing season at Horse Haven opened to-day under the most auspicious circumstances. The weather was fine, the attendance large and the betting lively.

First race, introductory scramble, purse $600, five furlongs: La Tosca 1, Bolero 2, Penny Royal 3. Time 1:02. Betting, La Tosca 1 to 6; Bolero out.

Bank of England Discount.

London, July 23.—The Bank of England discount rate remains unchanged at 2½ per cent.

CAMPBELL WILL SUCCEED

Senator Corcoran on the Coming Campaign.

Interesting Talk on Buckeye State Politics.

The Present Governor Is Stronger Than Cromley, While McKinley Is Much Weaker Than Ryan.

Cincinnati, July 23.—"What are Governor Campbell's chances for re-election?" asked a Post reporter of Senator Corcoran.

"Excellent," replied the Senator; "I believe he will come to Hamilton county with at least 20,000 majority. The assertion that his prospects will be ruined by the disaffection in Hamilton county seems to me absurd.

"Compare the situation to-day with that of a year ago. We were more thoroughly disorganized then than now, fresh, as we were, from the excitement and contentions of special session.

"Thad Cromley, a good man, but comparatively unknown, was nominated by the Democracy against Dan Ryan, one of the strongest men in the Republican party, who not only holds his own party support without dissentions, but always draws an exceedingly large vote from the Democratic ranks.

"Yet Ryan came down to Hamilton county with an exceedingly slight majority.

"Now, I argue that McKinley is many thousand votes weaker than Ryan, and Campbell is many thousand votes stronger than Cromley.

"Moreover, the legislature has since then placed the democracy on a better footing by the enactment of wise and popular measures. Then again, the third party movement brings us a no inconsiderable advantage which we had not a year ago.

"And finally, it is to be presumed that the introduction of the Australian ballot system will result here as it has wherever it has been tried; that is, to the interest of the democratic party."

"Senator, how did it happen that you failed to receive the support of Hamilton county in your race for attorney-general?"

"Well, I was not a candidate for the office and did not solicit the votes of the delegates, who claim that they construed my conduct as an attempt to snub them and to force my nomination, without their support.

"Several days before the convention Lew Bernard asked me whether or not I would be a candidate, and I answered him point blank 'no.' By the way, I notice that Lew Bernard, in an interview, claims that Gov. Campbell tried to force my nomination, while the Commercial Gazette and the Dayton Journal on the other hand, say that I am sore because the governor did not try to do so.

"I mention the matter merely because Gov. Campbell has called my attention to it. Both statements are absurd. There was no alliance between the governor and myself. Had there been, such was the enthusiasm and devotion of the rural delegates for the man who had nerve enough to come to Hamilton county and hurl defiance at the gang that he could have named the ticket from top to bottom.

"Even though I sought such an alliance, it would have been impolitic for the governor to have entered into it in the face of the fact that the four candidates against me were all ardent supporters of his and came from districts which had sent delegates to Cleveland under ironbound instructions in his behalf.

"The truth is that I was not a candidate, and it was my intention in going to Cleveland to have no other connection with the convention than to secure the nomination of my friend, Mr. Vance Marquis, for lieutenant governor. But the Post had been mentioning my name as an available candidate and a number of papers through the state had made favorable comment upon the suggestion. So that I had not been in Cleveland an hour before delegates representing more than 100 votes notified me that they would be solid for me, whether I was a candidate or not.

"I thereupon said that I would not solicit the honor, but would not decline if it were to come to me. I had not surveyed the field and did not know then that the counties of the northwest, the country of my strongest and closest political friends, were tied up in pledges to their home candidates.

"Had I announced myself a week before the convention as a candidate, or had I even gone into the convention to solicit votes, Lew Bernard might have torn his hair in vain, for I could have been nominated by an overwhelming majority.

"Bernard has been predicting the defeat of the democratic ticket. If he believes his own prediction, why did he not follow his usual custom and get rid of one whom he opposes by helping to nominate me for defeat?

"Either he believes the ticket will be elected, which he has always denied, or that I had strength enough to pull through on a losing ticket, which he certainly would not admit; or else Lew must be losing his cunning as a politician."

LOCAL LABOR NEWS.

The Clerks Excursion This Evening—Tinners Elect Officers—The Joiners Picnic—Meetings Last Evening.

Considerable discontent still exists among the employes of the Robison road.

Yesterday evening a committee from the Central Labor union called upon Mayor Emmick and secured from him a statement relative to the agreement between the company and its employes. This agreement specifically stated that all the employes should get back into the service under the same circumstances which they left it; that is, all the men were to receive the cars on the routes which they held at the time the strike occurred.

Last evening at the regular meeting of the Tinners' union the following officers were elected: President, M J Garvey; vice president, A Schumann; recording secretary, S C Albreicht; financial secretary, J S Finn, jr; treasurer, J G Best; conductor, H. Schreiner; warden, William Smith; trustee elected, C Baker; trustees holding over, M F Gilmour, J Cubley. The committee elected to attend the Building Trades' council were: A C Bruner, H Schumm, J Sheran, M J Garvey, J J Finn, jr and H Holtz.

The clerks' mutual protection union is today preparing a list of merchants who are closing at 6:30 p. m., and also a list of those who have so far failed to close. It is proposed to carry the war into Egypt and to make the early closing movement a success. The excursion to-night on the City of Toledo promises to be largely attended and will be altogether a delightful affair.

The Toledo Lodge, No. 105, Machinists, held an interesting meeting last evening. Arrangements were perfected for the excursion to Put-in Bay July 30. Letters were received from kindred societies at Dayton, Cleveland, Detroit and other cities intimating their intentions of being present at Put-in Bay on the 30th.

To-day Joan of Arc assembly No. 1062 are enjoying a basket picnic at Presque Isle. The ladies who have charge of the arrangements have made elaborate preparations, and those who have been fortunate enough to secure invitations may anticipate a good time.

Knocked out in Three Rounds.

Cleveland, O., July 23.—Joe Bagley, of Minneapolis, and Dick Kearns, of Pittsburg, fought three rounds near this city last night, for a small purse. Bagley was knocked out by a chance blow on the jaw, after Kerns had been badly battered up. The men are light weights, and fighters of considerable experience.

Destroyed by Fire.

Plattsburg, N. Y., July 23.—Jones & Co., lime works, located at Cemey, this county, consisting of kilns, storehouses and cooper shop, together with 3,000 barrels of lime, were turned to the ground this morning. Loss estimated at $10,000; insurance small.

DETECTIVE KRUSE

Completely Vindicated by the Police Board.

The board of police commissioners met last night and, with the exception of a petition in regard to some of the merchants doing business on Sunday, which was laid over for two weeks, the Kruse investigation occupied the entire evening. The investigating committee first called a number of witnesses to testify as to Mr. Kruse's character. The list of witnesses includes some of Toledo's best citizens, and gentlemen who have known and had dealings with Mr. Kruse for a number of years; also some of the officers under whom and with whom Mr. Kruse has worked faithfully for a lifetime to gain and uphold the good name he has always borne in this city.

The woman in the case, Miss Rose or Gaehler, made a statement as to what she had given Mr. Kruse, which was about the same as heretofore been stated in the papers. She only had one witness, and did not seem to be as positive in her accusations as the defendant was in his denials.

Letters from detectives and from the heads of the police departments of the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny were read in regards to the character of Miss Rose or Goehler, or one of the "three white mice" as she was called there. The letters were written by responsible parties, and cautioned the authorities here not to believe the woman unless she had witnesses of a better character than herself.

Mr. Kruse, in his statements, acted as a gentleman, but was warm in the defense of his good name and character. His statements were corroborated by all those present who knew him.

After the testimony was taken and the board called upon to act, it was only a short time until Mr. Potter made a motion that the charges be not sustained and Mr. Kruse exonorated. This motion was seconded by Mr. Stager.

When Clerk Barnie called for the vote four ayes responded, Commissioner Kruse being excused from voting.

The many friends of Mr. Kruse congratulate him on his exoneration, and regret that he should be placed in such a situation during the past few months.

McKINLEY ON THE BLOCK.

He Will Be Slaughtered in the House of His Friends.

Washington Republicans Becoming Alarmed.

The Sherman-Foraker-Foster Fight Will Help to Put the War Tariff Man on the Shelf.

Washington, July 23.—The announcement of open war between Sherman and Foraker in Ohio causes no surprise in Washington.

It has been known for some time by those familiar with Ohio politics that the serene air of harmony worn by the republican leaders in the Buckeye state was but the mask for bitter heartburnings and intense jealousies.

Foraker is after the senatorship. He made that plain enough in his talk in Cincinnati, if he had not done so before. He is not the sort of man to be restrained by the great reputation of Senator Sherman, nor by the crushing rebuke which he received from the republicans of Ohio two years ago.

Foraker cares about as much for the reform element of his party as Governor Hill, of New York, does for the mugwumps of his state.

Foraker thinks he knows a thing or two a good deal better worth having than the support of the thinking men of his party.

He has followed the usual machine methods with a degree of success which is spreading alarm among the friends of Senator Sherman.

The executive committee of the republican state committee is packed with his creatures, and he took pains to have McKinley and the managers of the late state convention notified that if his opponents were put on the committee there would be trouble.

McKinley is not a man of iron, and he is trembling in his shoes for fear that both candidates will sacrifice him to elect friendly members of the leg slature. This is just what they are likely to do.

A bitter struggle is already beginning to control the republican primaries for legislative candidates. All candidates must say whether they favor Sherman and Foraker. The side that wins in a given district is almost certain to be terribly knifed by the friends of the other.

The Foraker men and the Sherman men will probably offset this by mercilessly selling out McKinley to save their legislative favorites, and the result will be—unless McKinley gets a pile of democratic votes—that he and the legislative ticket will go down together as they did two years ago.

The situation thus sketched is no fancy picture, but is exactly what is described by leading Ohio republicans here who know whereof they speak.

While most of the gentlemen intend to vote the ticket they rage furiously against Foraker and his underhand methods and declare that everything in their power shall be done to save Ohio from the disgrace of replacing the greatest financial leader of the republican party by an unscrupulous demagogue.

Added to these complications comes the announcement that Foster is also in the race, not for the senatorship, but to keep Fire Alarm Foraker from getting it.

While the quarrel between Foraker and Sherman is putting the politicians at swords' points, the gloomiest news regarding the wool growers comes from the counties which have heretofore been the bulwarks of the protective party. With the price of wool far below what it was before the McKinley tariff, the growers are turning on the author of that measure to rend him.

McKinleyism is proving a keener disappointment to them than to any other element in the country, for the McKinley bill was passed for their peculiar benefit. They dictated its terms, and it was they who insolently declared that, if the New England for free wool were granted, they would wipe out the duty on manufactured woollens. They had their way, but the bauble of prohibitive duties has turned to ashes in their hands.

"Wool is lower than a year ago and the wool growers are kicking frightfully," remarked a prominent republican to me to-day. "Worse than all," he added, "woolen clothing is higher than it ever was before, and the farmers who have to wear it are joining the chorus of the wool growers in denouncing the McKinley bill."

Major McKinley is personally popular, but his friends are growing more and more alarmed at the brain fished ku vos of Foraker and Sherman men, and at the sullen growls and passionate outcries of the wool growers and farmers. While McKinley's friends may pick up three or four thousand votes in the slums of Cincinnati from the opponents of Governor Campbell, they are fearful that sheer disgust with this element will drive the decent republicans of the city into the Campbell camp and offset the losses Govern Campbell may suffer for his courage in fighting the ring.

The awkwardness of the situation in the wool growing counties can hardly be exaggerated. The republican leaders tell their followers in vain that they sacrificed everything for their sake in the McKinley bill; that they turned over New York to the triumphant democracy; that they drove the biggest manufacturers of Massachusetts and Rhode Island into the democratic camp, and that they played fast and loose with the duty on rifles and on nearly everything else for the sake of taxed wool.

The growers are not willing to accept these excuses when they see their stock falling in value on their hands and the beautiful fabrics of Rhode Island and Pennsylvania looms bringing higher and higher prices. While the silver plank adopted at Cleveland is proving a heavy cog upon Gov. Campbell, his friends say that the divisions in the republican ranks and the evil effects of McKinleyism will bring thousands of republican votes, and are likely to place him again in the chief executive office of Ohio.

HAVE ISSUED AN ADDRESS

The People's Party is Out in Cold Type.

The Declaration of Independence a Failure.

Now Remains, to Hear Them Tell It, for the Third Party to Save Us from Ruin.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 23.—The address of the national executive committee of the People's party has been sent out by Secretary Schilling.

It starts out with the information that times which try men's souls are here once more.

The descendants of British tories of 1776 and other European and American capitalists have bound the country in chains.

The declaration of independence from British arrogance needs to be supplemented by a declaration of independence from the powers of concentrated wealth; the political independence gained by the revolution is but a shallow sham unless our country can secure industrial independence.

The address enlarges on subtle power of money to oppress the poor and then declares the railroads of the country are capitalized at $9,000,000,000 and the great majority of their stock is held by people in England and other foreign countries, who have no more interest in the United States than the vampire has in its victim.

At a reasonable estimate foreign capitalists have invested $10,000,000,000 in our country. What value have they given us in return?

They did not give us gold or silver, because those metals have been carried abroad by the ship load and are mined here, not in Europe.

To secure this valuable property, these foreigners have merely loaned us their credit, in bank checks, drafts and notes, and they are paying these with the dividend they draw from our people.

Comparing the foreign capital invested here with the total wealth of the country, the address declares that, reckoned at compound interest, the former will reach the amount represented by the latter in less than 12 years.

The statement is made that the Western Union telegraph company is capitalized at $90,000,000 and makes 5 per cent, but that its plant could not be duplicated with $15,000,000, showing that the actual rate of interest is 500 per cent, and that the same applies to numerous other corporations, thus making a source of great national danger.

The policy of the government in paying high premiums for so many years to take up bonds not due so as to dispose of the accumulations of the treasury is denounced as idiotic and reference is made to the professed inability of the treasury department to redeem the $50,000,000 of 4 per cents, about to fall due.

The address makes the remarkable statement that the treasury contains $750,000,000 of money, but that the bankers who control the department fear that the release of $50,000,000 of ready money would break down the money market and ease the grip that unproductive capital has upon the people of the country.

The burden of debt resting on the people, as shown by farm mortgages, statistics, is discussed, and the following remedy proposed: "If the billions of dollars of bank and corporation paper, mortgages and other paper evidences of debt issued by individuals are good enough for the extortioners and the usurers, paper notes issued by all the people jointly, in the form of government notes, are better."

The address then goes into weary details over the debts of the country and refutes the charge that it would be improper for the government to loan money to individuals.

It calls for the control of telegraph lines by the people, the same as the postal system, and says the people's party does not propose to stop at the reform proposed, and its platform, as it is a progressive organization and cannot stand still.

An earnest appeal to the people to join the organization closes the address.

THE ST. CECELIA'S

Give a Delightful Lawn Fete on Broadway.

Last evening the young ladies of St. Cecelia society, an auxiliary branch of the Young Men's Catholic Benevolent association, gave a successful lawn fete at the residence of the Misses Farrell, on Broadway. There were not less than 1,500 young people present.

The young ladies in charge of arrangements were rushed half to death waiting on the invited guests and friends present.

The chairmen of the various committees were Misses Della Hurst, Maggie Condon, Birdie Conlisk, Evalina Varror, Alvina Goatsey, Dell Mansuy, Norat Marony, Josie Meany, and Mrs. Frey, Mrs. O'Reilly, and Misses Kate Herr, Lizzie Delaney and Rose Conlisk.

FORAKER AND SHERMAN.

Sherman and Foraker are said to have quarreled. Look out, John. Don't monkey with the fire alarm. — Rochester Post-Express.

"Fire Alarm" Foraker is still pipe-laying for that Ohio senatorship. But it is safe to say that the ex-governor will have his labor for his pains, as in previous elaborate schemes of this ambitious "shouter."—Boston Globe.

There appears to be a complete understanding between John Sherman and Joseph Benson Foraker. Each appreciates the fact the other desires to succeed Mr. Sherman as United States senator from Ohio in 1893.—Kansas City Star.

The professional mischief makers are busily at work just now trying to strain the relations between Senator John Sherman and ex-Gov. Foraker. They have made Mr. Foraker a hot candidate for the seat now occupied by Mr. Sherman and they have the two Ohio leaders fighting each other like wild cats.—Brooklyn Times.

Why, pray, should an Ohio republican not be at liberty to oppose John Sherman if he sees fit? Why should Ohio republicans be blackballed for preferring somebody else than Sherman for senator? Of course Foraker is against Sherman and doesn't like the administration. But does that make opposition to Sherman party treason?—Indianapolis Sentinel.

The renewal of hostilities between John Sherman and Foraker is hardly a surprise. Mr. Sherman believes he has foreclosed a mortgage on the senatorship and taken perpetual possession, while Foraker is never backward in asserting his inalienable right to be a candidate for anything in sight. He has it in his power either to defeat Sherman or to force him to make terms satisfactory to the Foraker faction. Sherman never makes terms when he can help it, and there is good prospect at present for a genuine old-time Ohio republican fight.—St. Louis Republic.

The open advent of Foraker as a senatorial candidate in Ohio shows that the vaunted republican harmony in that state is a sham. With McKinley looming up as a possible rival of Blaine and Harrison for the presidential nomination and the hero of the forgery conspiracy openly reaching out for John Sherman's seat, the republican party in Ohio is likely to suffer much more than the democratic from internal jealousies and dissensions.—N. Y. World.

There is no longer any doubt about it that that flabbergast chump Foraker has designs on the senatorial succession to John Sherman. He himself has said it, and to the disgrace of the republican party in Ohio he has quite a following. Not only republicans but thousands of democrats in the East are hoping that Sherman will succeed himself. He is probably the ablest financier in the country, and in the coming struggle between honest and fiat money, his services are not only desired, but needed. Were he a senator from New York we would be far too proud of his abilities and his record to allow any cheap John politican to shew up against him, but the Ohio idea is different, you know.—Buffalo News.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ON THE WAY.

The Guests of the Ohio Yacht Club Will Be Here To-day.

This evening the guests of the Ohio Yacht club will be here. A large number of the members left for Put-in-Bay this morning to meet the Cleveland delegation and escort them to the city. The visitors will be escorted to the Boody house for supper, and this evening will be spent at the club rooms, in town. All members are requested to be present at 8 o'clock, to meet the non-resident members.

Ex-Commodore H. E. Hart, of the Michigan Yacht club, arrived yesterday from Detroit on his steam yacht Louise. He is accompanied by David Gray, Robert Hart and Stanley McGraw.

To-morrow morning the visitors will be driven about the city. All the tally-hos and drags in the city have been engaged for the event, and there will be quite a turnout.

There will be about fifty here from out of town, and every effort will be made to give them a bang up time.

To-morrow evening there will be a big celebration at the Island Club house, with fireworks, a torch light parade, lantern drill and a spread.

AVERY NARROW ESCAPE.

Ex-Councilman Pheatt's Adventure in the Bay.

The Traditional Maneater of the Marsh Frenchmen — Strange Stories of This Giant Fish Corroborated.

For several years past the Frenchmen who inhabit the marsh on Cedar Point, and, in fact, on either side of Maumee bay, have asserted that a great fish existed in the waters at the mouth of the Maumee, whose size was enormous, and whose appetite was more ravenous than a shark's.

The existence of this monster fish has been traditional with these simple but truthful people, for half a century, and although their tales have been listened to with avidity by city fishermen, into whose ears the stories of this wonderful fish have been poured, they have always been incredulous, and seemed to doubt the existence of the monster.

The yarns told by these Frenchmen of the man-eater, as they call the fish, are numerous, wonderful and seemingly improbable, and yet in the light of the occurrence printed below, they can no longer be doubted.

Horses, cattle, swine and several Frenchmen have at times mysteriously disappeared and their loss was always attributed to the man-eater.

Once a small pirogue, crossing the bay with a quarter of a freshly slaughtered beef aboard, in charge of two French boys, disappeared at high noon. The water was smooth as glass at the time, and there was not the slightest chance that the boat had capsized and sunk.

The tales of the fish are told most often and with greatest effect by old Pete Lebo, who is one of the landmarks of the marsh.

"Dat man-beater, she the devil," said Lebo recently to a REE.

"Hall de Frenchman in the marsh dey kno' dat fish dere, but dey can no' tell where she live. She beat cow, horse and Frenchman, but no one see her, but hol' Tony Boie. Hol' Tony walk by the bay one dry hot noon. She see two cow wade in de water, hundred feet from de bank. Hall at once de cow go under, and hol' Tone' see dem no more. She awful scared, hand run quick from de place. One day Pierre Dusseau lead his hol' hoss to drink. Da hoss she kick and brak de strap han' jump into de water. De hoss she give a hawful yell and hol' Pierre see 'im no more. De Muskasturgon she eat four Frenchman, and nobody never can see her."

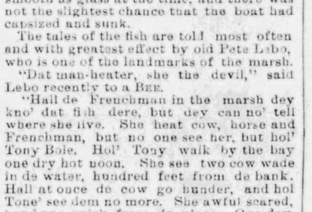
These tales have always seemed too chimerical for belief. One day the tug Carrington was put on the screws for repairs, and the workmen found an immense tooth nearly eight feet long imbedded in her bottom. Many theories were advanced for the finding of the tooth but none of them were satisfactory.

There is one man in Toledo, however, who now firmly believes in the existence of the man eater, and that man is Mr. James H. Pheatt, ex-president of the city council, and the Frenchmen are corroborated.

Last week Mr. Pheatt, who is connected with the Ohio Sand company, went down the bay to where the sandsuckers of the company were at work on the bar.

The day was beautiful, and towards evening Mr. Pheatt concluded to take a bath in the clear water on the bar between Turtle island and Cedar point. Leaving his attire on a scow and clothed only in a bathing suit, he waded out to a beautiful pebby bottom, where the water is about two and a half feet deep. What occurred to him there is best told in his own language:

"I am not much given to telling fish stories," said Mr. Pheatt, "but as I came near losing my life I take it that I may be pardoned for relating it. After reaching the beach I was disporting myself lazily in the water, at peace with the world and myself, when suddenly I noticed a great commotion in the water a hundred yards from me. All at once what looked like the stern of a big tug shot out of the water eight or ten feet and a huge mouth opened disclosing a couple of rows of teeth, each of which looked like a great steel knife. The monster resembled a catfish, and when it came above the surface emitted a noise which sounded like a board being drawn down the side of a



PHEATT AND THE CATFISH.

house. The monster started toward me, at a ten-knot gait, and I was so paralyzed with horror that I could not move. Finally by a supreme effort I got my benumbed limbs to move and dashed through the water in the direction of the sandsucker, yelling I presume like a madman. Looking over my shoulder I could see the great fish gaining on me, and noticed that he would reach me in a minute or two. As is natural I began to think seriously of things not exactly connected with this s

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A GREAT DISCOVERY.

When we view mankind in the various aspects in which he presents himself to a scrutinizing mind, are we not lead to marvel at the many ways and various modes some men will attempt in order to deceive; but the whole world stands in utter amazement and wonderment when they see Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Cough and Lagging Consumption permanently cured with a few bottles of Bergen's Asthma Cure, and at only a small cost.

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that they handle nothing but old traps.

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ICE CREAM and ICES.

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Enigmata.

I wanted the sweep of the wild wet weather,
The winds long lash and the rain's free fall
The toss of the trees as they swayed together,
The measureless gray that was over them all,
Whose roar speaks more than a language spoken;
Wordless and wonderful, cry on cry—
The sob of the earth that is vexed and broken,
The answering sob of a broken sky.

What could they tell us? We see them ever—
The trees and the sky and the stretch of the land;
But they give us a word of their secret never;
They tell no story we understand.
Yet haply the ghost-like birch out yonder
Knows much in a placid and silent way;
The rain might tell what the gray clouds ponder,
The winds repeat what the violets say.

Why weeps the rain? Do you know its sorrow?
Do you know why the wind is so sad—so sad?
Have you stood in the rift 'twixt a day and a morrow,
Seen their hands meet and their eyes grow glad?
Is the tree's pride stung at its top's abasement?
Is the white rose more of a saint than the red?
What thinks the star as it sees through the casement
A young girl lying, beautiful, dead?

—Barry Pain, in The Speaker.

BEESWAX.

A choir of 30 natives of South African tribes left for London last week to show the results of their education and training by giving concerts.

The new car on the Michigan Central railroad does the work of 300 men in scraping the dirt dumped on the sides of the track to the edges of the fill.

Owing to the new sanitary measures in England there has been a diminution of more than 30 per cent. in the death rate from consumption since 1865.

A member of parliament proposes that the Scotch deer forests should be bought and converted into popular farms and pleasure grounds. The present rental of these areas is about £90,000 a year.

Gold coin is shipped abroad in five-gallon, iron-bound oaken kegs. Each keg holds 10 bags and each bag contains $5,000, so that the value of a keg is $50,000. Gold from the other side usually comes in boxes.

The great seal of the United States is affixed to nothing but treaties, proclamations, commissions, pardons and passports. The government has had but two seals in the hundred years since its foundation.

Princess Laetitia Bonapart, widow of the duke of Aosta, attracted universal admiration at the state ball at Buckingham palace, given last week in honor of the emperor and empress of Germany. She is at the present moment one of the most beautiful women in Europe.

People who through accident are obliged to use a glass eye should have one for night and one for day use. The pupil of the natural eye is smaller by day than by night. A glass eye that looks all right during business hours gives the wearer an uncanny appearance at night.

Under the statutes of Missouri county courts are permitted to burn all accumulated documents, papers, etc., over five years old on file in the clerk's office, of such nature as poll-books, assessment lists, dram-shop petitions, merchants' statements, warrants and accounts.

M. Challamel-Lacour, at one time French ambassador to the court of St. James, rendered his position intolerable in London by installing at the emassy as housekeeper and maitresse de maison an antiquated lady of rather gorgon mein, who had served him faithfully for many years as laundress, cook and left-handed wife.

All the flowers that come to Bernhardt over the footlights of Paris are sent out to the cemetery of Pere-la-Chaise to decorate the tomb of the actress there. This tomb is already for occupancy, with Bernhardt's name inscribed on it, and is one of the dearest objects of the actress' affection.s

On Chauncey M. Depew's mantel in the reception room of his elegant home on Fifty-fourth street, there is a miniature locomotive of burnished steel, silver and gold, the workmanship on which is simply marvelous. It is perfect in every detail and forms the setting for a clock and barometer.

The Egyptian dude of old had a great advantage of the species of the present day. In the older days an Egyptian was not permitted to borrow without giving to his creditor, in pledge, the body of his father. If such a law was in vogue today there would soon be a scarcity of men of marriageable age.

The location of tumor on the brain can now be decided by instantaneous photography. A tumor on the brain causes violent spasms by pressing on a nerve center, and while the patient is in the midst of a spasmodic attack he is photographed, the nerves affected determined by the contortions shown on the picture and the tumor located.

The continuous photographic register of earth currents kept at the Greenwich (England) observatory recently showed some unusual disturbances. These soon became so regular that the stray currents were traced to the trains of the new underground electric railway, though the nearest earth-plate to the railway was two and a half miles distant.

An invention of some importance in astronomy has been made at the Georgetown college observatory near Washington. By means of an instrument called the photochronograph a star is made to record with the absolute accuracy the time of its own transit across the meridan, thus eliminating all personal errors.

The bridesmaids are in luck this year. The pin that is most in favor as gifts to them is a long, slender gold band, on which are set in diamonds the figures of the year when the marriage took place, 1891, wrought out in small rose diamonds forming a very brilliant ornament that can be used as a buckle at the waist as well as for the throat pin.

Women are proving very successful on the western cattle ranches. A western rancher says it is becoming an every-day occurrence to see women out west dealing in cattle and horses. The loneliness and hardships of the great prairies do not seem to deter energet c women from the purpose of conducting a profitable business. A few days ago a cattle queen from Idaho sold two carloads of fine horses at Omaha at a much better figure than any man could have obtained.

An enormous cavern has been discovered in Josepaine county, Oregon, near the California line, and about forty miles from the coast. It is a limestone region, which extends for miles. Many of the passages within the cave are described as of great beauty, containing semi-transparent stalactites, giant milk-white pillars and pools and streams of pure, clear water. A creek flows from the main opening to the cave. Several miles from the entrance is a small lake and a waterfall 30 feet in height. The cavern appears to be fully as large as the mammoth cave in Kentucky.

A wonderful example of patience in the Chinese is afforded by a consular report dealing with the manufacture of salt in central China. Holes about six inches in diameter are bored in the rock by means of a primitive form of iron drill, and sometimes a period of 40 years elapses before the covered urine is reached, so that the work is carried from one generation to another. During this time the boring, as may be imagined, goes down to an immense depth. When brine is found it is drawn up in bamboo tubes by a rope working over a large drum turned by bullocks. The brine is evaporated in iron caldrons, the heat being supplied by natural gas, which is generally found in the vicinity of the salt wells.

The bravery of a New Hampshire railroad engineer deserves prominent mention. More than once has some brave engineer or fireman ventured on the forward part of a locomotive to rescue a child playing on the track who had not heeded the warning bell or whistle. But in this instance the engineer, Charles J. Hutchins, himself fell while attempting to rescue the child, and was pushed from the track by the locomotive. He succeeded in catching hold of one of the cars, and found that the child, over whom the engine had passed without injury, was in no danger from the moving wheels of the following cars. With a presence of mind and a daring such as is seldom recorded, he reached under the car and succeeded in catching the child and holding it away from the wheels until the train stopped. The child was uninjured. The engineer suffered only slight bruises. His act of heroism adds a new honor to the booty of brave men to which he belongs.

THE BIG FIGHT OFF.

Fitzsimmons and Hall Fail to Meet.

The Governor Called Out the Militia—Games Yesterday in the Various Leagues—Local and Amateur Notes.

St. Paul, July 23.—The fight last night between Fitzsimmons and Hall was declared off on account of interference from the authorities. Gov. Merriam called out the militia and threatened to arrest everybody connected with the affair.

There is no telling when the match will come off.

Sore Sports.

All effort to bring off the Fitzsimmons-Hall fight across the border in Wisconsin has been abandoned, and every departing train this morning is carrying away its contingent of sleepy-eyed, disgusted, red hot sports. Most of them had stayed up all night in the expectation of a sudden summons, a ride on a special train and a ring in some secluded dell, but they were disappointed.

Every half hour or so the word would go around the hotels that the principals of the two men had agreed upon a locality and that a special train was in waiting at the depot. Then a small army of sports would tramp down to the siding, stub toes in the switches, dodge in and out between the moving freights for the train that was not there, and then tramp back again to the hotels, heaping maledictions on the author of the canards.

This program was repeated three or four times between midnight and daybreak, and did not tend very much toward reconciling the visitors to the situation. The farce of guarding the amphitheater with the national guard is being continued, but the callow young men in fatigue uniforms will probably be relieved before night and permitted to go home to their mammas.

Fitzsimmons is just as sore as he was yesterday, while Parson Davies who could have got the men together and had the fight over by midnight had he been so inclined, makes a bluff of saying that he will keep Hall in condition for a few days in the hope that there may yet be a meeting.

As the facts become generally known and it is realized that after Fitz-simmons' deal of yesterday afternoon, there was no good reason why the two men should not have been brought together either in Minneapolis or across the border line, the feeling against Hall increases in intensity and the epithets applied to him by many of his former adherents have been the reverse of complimentary.

The money received from the sale of tickets is being refunded this morning, and during the day Fitzsimmons and Hall will each receive a check for $1,500 from the Minnesota club as an honorarium in part recompense of their outlay in training The total loss to the club will not be less than $10,000.

It is given out that all the officers will resign in short order and that the organization will in all probability be disbanded. Myers and Jimmy Carroll have agreed to meet before the Olympic club of New Orleans within three months for a purse of $2,000 a side, and articles will be signed to-day. The Granite club of Hoboken, N. J., and the California Athletic club have both telegraphed their willingness to put up a purse for Fitzsimmons and Hall. A pretty sore crowd of Chicago aldermen and sports started for home to-day, leaving anything but blessings behind for Sheriff Bean. They will be accompanied as far as Milwaukee by a delegation of representative sports of the Cream City.

Cowles' Statement.

St. Paul, July 22.—President Cowles, of the Minneapolis Athletic club gave the following statement to the press:

Up to noon to-day it was hoped that under a fair and reasonable execution of law, which at most makes a prize fight a misdemeanor and felony, as is the case in many other states, the contest could proceed and the club have the opportunity of, to some extent, covering its loss. The club asked that the sheriff be content with arresting the principals and putting them under the bonds for future appearance, and that the law be allowed to take its course after the event. The sheriff was disposed to adopt this policy, but under a threat from the governor of instant removal from office if he did not prevent the fight by any means in the power of the state, the sheriff was obliged to notify the club that he should be on hand prepared to stop the fight. It was also stated that the governor had ordered the First regiment under arms for the purpose of assisting the sheriff. In such a state of things the club could not think of proceeding with the contest, and as the result of a conference in which the mayor, chief of police, sheriff, county attorney and the club officials took part at noon to-day the club threw up the sponge and declared the fight off. The club loses its deposit of $3,000 as a forfeit to protect the contestants, and in addition about $9,000 expended in constructing the big pavilion and for other necessary expenses. Under the circumstances the action of the state authorities was cruel and unjust, as the fight could and should have been prevented thirty or sixty days ago before a dollar of expense had been incurred. Mayor Smith earnestly urged that the club go on with the fight, but it was decided to drop it in order to remove all possibility of disorder or bloodshed.

(Signed) T. Z. COWLES,
President Minneapolis Athletic etc.

National League.

THE RECORD.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	44	31	75	.587
New York	40	29	69	.580
Boston	41	33	74	.554
Cleveland	39	38	77	.506
Philadelphia	36	38	74	.486
Brooklyn	34	40	74	.459
Pittsburg	33	42	75	.417
Cincinnati	31	44	75	.413

American Association.

THE RECORD.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Boston	55	25	80	.688
St. Louis	54	29	83	.651
Baltimore	50	31	76	.592
Athletics	38	36	74	.514
Columbus	38	42	80	.475
Cincinnati	35	45	80	.438
Washington	26	50	76	.342
Louisville	29	57	86	.337

Games Yesterday's.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Cleveland	Gruber—	6	8	2	4	6
Pittsburg	Maul—	4	9	3	3	2
Boston	Nichols—	11	16	4	1	4
Brooklyn	Terry—	3	9	5	2	3
Chicago	Hutchinson—	16	19	1	2	4
Cincinnati	Rhines—	8	12	0	0	4
New York	Rusie—	0	4	4	1	3
Philadelphia	Esper—	2	6	0	0	0

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Columbus	Knell—	4	9	2	0	2
Louisville	Fitzgerald—	0	4	5	0	0
Cincinnati	rane—	2	6	8	0	3
St. Louis	Duryea—	10	11	2	8	2
Athletics	Camberlain—	9	13	6	1	6
Baltimore	Cunningham—	12	17	3	4	2
Washington	Ehtel jorge—	0	4	6	0	4
Boston	Bufinton—	11	11	0	3	8

Disgraceful Scene.

New York, July 23.—A London special to the Herald says there was a disgraceful scene at a boxing exhibition given in a theater in Liverpool last night by Slavin and Mitchell. Slavin, who was very drunk, jestingly said to Mitchell that the latter could not hit him in a hundred years. Mitchell, angered at these words, knocked Slavin about the stage and finally over among the audience. During the row Slavin fell several times, Mitchell continuing to strike him while he was on his knees until blood poured from his nose and mouth. When Slavin regained the stage the curtain was lowered and the fight proceeded behind the scenes until with great difficulty the men were separated.

Sullivan and Slavin.

New York, July 23.—Charles Johnson promises to post $1,000 with the Herald, to-day, to bind a match between John L. Sullivan and Francis P. Slavin for the championship of the world. Word has been sent to Slavin of Johnson's intentions, and he is expected to authorize a representative to cover the amount.

Among the Amateurs.

Martin Lasky, of the Anchors, is the best catcher of his size in the city.

The Emmets and East Toledos cross bats Sunday at the Oak street grounds in East Toledo.

The Superiors accept the challenge of the Independents and will play with them on the White Iron Bridge grounds.

The Maroon's and Corn City will play a match game of ball Sunday July 26, on the latter grounds for $5.00 aside.

The Speranza, Jrs., defeated the Olivers by a score of 14 to 2. The feature of the game was the pitching of Beck of the Speranza, Jrs.

All members of the Maroon Base Ball Club are requested to meet at their usual meeting place to-night. Important meeting. Manager M. B. B. C.

We, the Emersons, accept the challenge of the Unknowns, for $2.25, Sunday, August 2, on their grounds.

MANAGER EMERSONS' B. B. C.

The Maroons play the Corn Citys Sunday, July 26, on the latter's grounds. The Maroons are requested to meet at their old meeting place. Important business. Manager Maroons B. B. C.

The Commercials do hereby challenge the Kiln Cadets for a game of ball, Sunday, July 26, at 2:30 p. m., for $2.25 a side, on the Pawnee's grounds. Answer through the BEE. Manager Commercials.

The Anchors hereby challenge the Emersons for a game of ball Sunday, July 26, on the Speranza park grounds on Franklin avenue. If accepted answer through the BEE. C. Lasky, manager; A. Weber, captain.

The Jays have organized and are composed of W. Kenny, p.; P. G. Kenny, c.; F. McGrath, 1st b; F. Burns, 2d b; Ayengher, 3d br H. Burns, r f; P. Curtis, c f; J. Henahan, l f, and will play any club in the city whose members are 13 years. Starjrs., preferred. W. Kenny, manager; F McGrath, captain.

ONE SURVIVOR OF 1812.

Old Michael Fritz and His History.

The hand of death has been busy of late years among the ranks of surviving veterans of the war of 1812. So busy in fact that there is but one of the patrons now drawing a pension in the state of Pennsylvania. His name is Michael Fritz, and he is living in apparent good health at Friedensburg, Schuylkill county, although the great burden of 94 years does not rest lightly on the old man's shoulders.

At a dinner given in Philadelphia 10 years ago there were present six veterans of the war of 1812. These were Zalina Luddington, Thomas Darrah, John Stillman, Henry Earick, Jacob Frink and Peter Hay. A cordial invitation was also sent to Michael Fritz, but the old man declined on the grounds of poor health, and in a long letter stated that he did not expect to survive the rigors of another winter. At the dinner Peter Hay said that he had hoped to see together all the surviving Pennsylvanians who had battled against British oppression in the war of 1812, but as his old comrade and personal friend, Michael Fritz, had arrived almost at the brink of the grave, it would be fitting that his health be drank in the old-fashioned way. At this the half dozen old soldiers, with heads uncovered, arose and silently drank to him.

Of the six who clinked glasses sorrowfully for a departing comrade not one is alive. Michael Fritz lived to send letters of sympathy to the descendants of his old comrades, and in an interview yesterday said he expected to round out the full century of his existence. The old man told his story clearly without difficulty, except when interrupted by a distressing cough, which he explained had been troubling him for 25 years.

"My life has been a simple one," said he, "and for the past 70 years there has been nothing worth relating. I was born in this country in 1797, and at the age of 15 years was apprenticed to a tanner whose name was Ulrick Unsidel. He died about sixty years ago. My master was a genuine patriot. He was a cripple and could not go to the war himself, so he raised £200 and paid it to my parents in order to gain their consent to my going. To my great delight I was allowed to go in 1813, and just at a time when men were needed. However, I didn't do much fighting until August, 1814. Then the fun began."

For a few minutes the old man closed his eyes, leaned back in his chair and gave himself up to retrospection. After muttering to himself and smiling softly for several minutes he took up the thread of his story again in a stirring tone of voice.

"You remember the time when General Ross, the red-coat fighter, marched on to destroy Washington. He was met by the Americans at Bradenburg, and I was one of the Americans. We fought hard, but the marines who were helping us didn't do so well and we were fairly whipped. Ross then marched into Washington and destroyed it. I can remember with what rage the soldiers heard that their capital had been destroyed and how anxious we all were to wipe out the insult. The opportunity came shortlyafter, when Gen. Ross with his army and fleet moved toward Baltimore. We met him at North Point, about half way, under Gen. Samuel Smith, who was a revolutionary veteran. What a whipping that British army did get! We skirmished at North Point, and two lads from my company climbed a tree and shot Gen. Ross as he was passing. We made a bold stand outside of the city and whipped the red coats fairly. They tried to bombard Fort McHenry and capture it, but they couldn't do it, and then the siege of Baltimore ended.

"That was the time when Francis Key composed the 'Star Spangled Banner.' He was confined in a British gunboat, and during the night the flash of cannon made it possible for the flag to be seen flying over Fort McHenry. For 20 years that song was a perfect craze. Well, after peace had been declared I went back home and finished my trade. Then I got married, and my life has been a simple one ever since. My wife died three years ago, and I've been lonely enough since then, but my children are good, and God is good, and I've nothing to complain of."

It is quite possible that the society of Cincinnati will take some action to fittingly show honor to the veteran of 1812. According to authority in Friedensburg, a movement is now on foot to establish a monument fund. The object is to procure a costly monument and set it up in the graveyard while Mr. Fritz is still alive.—Philadelphia Record.

BARKED UP THE WRONG TREE

The Chilian Insurgents Have Got Into Trouble.

A French Corvette Fired on Which Will Necessitate an Immediate Apology.

New York, July 23.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso says the congressionalist cruiser Esmeralda has got the insurgents into a pretty muddle with the French goverment by firing twice on the French corvette Voltu, near Coquimbo bay.

The French admiral will demand an apology and it is most probable that the insurgents will hasten to make it.

The dispatch also says that the government cruiser Lynch, which had been sent to Coquimbo to annoy the insurgent fleet, narrowly escaped capture at their hands.

"Weak and weary," describes the condition of many people debilitated with the warm weather, by disease or overwork. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed to build up and strengthen the body, purify and quicken the sluggish blood, and restore the lost appetite.

THE DAILY PROGRAM

Of Entertainments at Lakeside to August 5.

The Nineteenth Annual Camp Meeting Will Be Held Aug. 6-17—McKinley and Breckenridge Booked for Speeches.

The following is the daily program for Lakeside up to August 5:

THURSDAY, JULY 23—N P W C T U.

11 00 a m—Address, Mrs H C Campbell.
2 30 p m—Address, Mrs J Ellen Foster.
8 00 p m—Lecture (with chemical experiments,) the Lighthouse, the Sentinel of the Sea, Prof J B Demotte.

FRIDAY, JULY 24.

11 00 a m—Sunday school superintendents' congress, Marion Lawrance, esq., conductor.
2 30 p m—Sunday school teachers' congress, Marion Lawrance, esq., conductor.
8 00 p m—Lecture (with chemical experiments,) The Magic of Steam, or from Ox Cart to the Vestibule Train, Prof J B Demotte.

SATURDAY, JULY 25.

11 00 a. m.—Lecture, The Battle and the Bivovac, Judge W. R. Warnock.
2 30 p. m.—Recognition Services, Procession, Flower Girls, etc. Ceremonies at the arches and in the Auditorium; Rev. Bishop J. H. Vincent, D. D., chancellor of Chautauqua, will deliver the oration and distribute the diplomas.
8 00 p. m.—Lecture, Electricity and its Possibilities, Prof. J. B. Demotte.

SUNDAY, JULY 26.

11 a. m.—Sermon, J. H. Vincent, D. D.
2 30 p. m.—Sunday school, Marion Lawrance, esq., superintendent.
8 p. m.—Sermon, Rev. W. A. Hale, D. D.

MONDAY, JULY 27.

11 00 a m—Lecture, Itinerants Club, Bishop J H Vincent, D. D.
2 30 p m—G. A. R. service, oration, Company D, the Die no More's, Rev A J Palmer.
8 00 p m—Lecture (illustrated), A Birds-eye View of Egypt in Its Glory, Prof Lysander Dickerman.

TUESDAY, JULY 28—EPWORTH LEAGUE CONFERENCE.

11 00 a m—Address, Epworth League, Rev J F Berry, D D.
2 30 p m—Address, Rev J. Fish, D D, Look Up, Litt Up.
8 00 p m—Lecture (illustrated), the Buried Cities of Egypt, Prof Lysander Dickerman.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29.

11 00 a m—Lecture, Tuberculosis, Dr. Thad A Reamy of Cincinnati.
2 30 p m—Address, Free Trade, Hon W C P Breckenridge, M. C.
8 00 p m—Lecture, (illustrated), The Hebrews in Egypt and Route of their Exodus, Prof Lysander Dickerman.

THURSDAY, JULY 30.

11 00 a m—Address, The Farmers' Alliance, its Educational and Political Aims, Joshua Crawford, secretary of Ohio Farmers' alliance.
2 30 p m—Address, Tariff, Hon William McKinley, jr.
8 00 p m—Grand Concert.

FRIDAY, JULY 31—EDUCATIONAL DAY.

11 00 a m—Address, ——
2 30 p m—Address, —— President John P. D., John D. D.
8 00 p m—Miscellaneous, Lecture, Our Personal Inheritance, Rev. D. H. Muller, D. D. Solo, Miss Hermione Shanks. Recitation, Miss Margaret Shanks, of Boston, Mass.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1.

11 00 a m—Lecture, The Vicar of Madeley, Rev. D. H. Moore, D. D.
2 30 p m—Address, The American Civil Sabbath, from a Humanitarian and Patriotic Standpoint, Rev. W. F. Crafts, D. D.
8 00 p m—Concert, Fisk Jubilee Singers.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 2.

1 30 a m—Sermon, Rev D H Moore, editor of Western C Advocate.
2 30 p m—Sunday school, Marion Lawrance, Esq, superintendent.
8 00 p m—Address, Sunday Amusement and Sunday Work with special reference to the World's Fair, Rev W F Crafts, D D.

MONDAY, AUGUST 3.—NATIONAL REFORM.

11 00 a m—Address, Christian or Secular—which? Rev T P Stevenson, D D.
2 30 p m—Address, ——
8 00 p m—Concert, Fisk Jubilee Singers.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4.

11 00 a m—Lecture, Thirty Hours in the Sunless World, Rev Robert McIntyre.
2 30 p m—Concert, Fisk Jubilee Singers.
8 00 p m—Stereopticar, Beauties of the British Isles, Geo W Edmondson.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5.

11 00 a m—Lecture, The Coming Man, Rev John F Marley, D D.
2 30 p m—Lecture, Buttoned Up People, Rev Robert McIntyre.
8 30 p m—Grand closing concert. Cleveland Grays band present during the season.

Nineteenth annual camp meeting August 6-17.

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ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

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Mr. Davis of the Toledo Business College will conduct a class in penmanship from 8:30—9:30; arithmetic for teachers and advanced scholars, 9:30—10:15; arithmetic for those who failed to make their grade, 10:25—12.

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IT IS NOT TRUE that one school is "just as good as another," any more than that one doctor or lawyer is just as capable as another.

EXERCISE CREAT CARE therefore lest you be placed in the situation of the many young men and women who have said to us, "I wish I had examined your methods before I paid my money to the other school."

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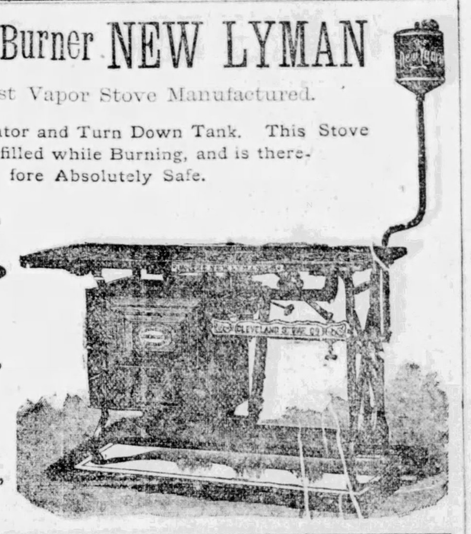

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Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 25	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
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Open buggy as good as new	35	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels and tires and all newly jointed good as new job. Eastern make	125
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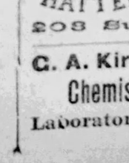

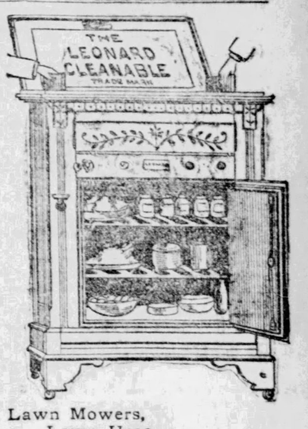

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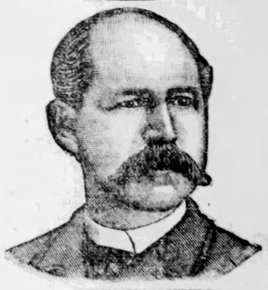

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THE MOSQUITO.

All About the Sweet Singer of the Gloaming.

The Male Mosquito Harmless—It is the Female Which Has the Poisonous Bill.

"I stood on the bridge at midnight," the anything but genial "mosquito," "musketo," "musquito," "musquetoe," "moschito," "moschetto," "mosquetto," "muschetto," "mushetto" or "musquetto" sings on these cool, damp evenings St. Louis has been enjoying during the past week. For such a very little pest the "mosquito" has more names and in more languages than any other living thing. Scientists variously call her the culex pipiens,ailex. Americanus, the cousin, the moucheron and the "humming gnat." The Century Dictionary describes the insects of many aliases as one of many kinds of gnats or midges, the female of which bites animals and "draws blood." Persons given to attributing to the female sex all the gentleness and amiability there is in the world will bear this in mind.

Mr. Mosquito is an easy-going, gorgeously arrayed creature, with neither the disposition nor the ability to bite animals and draw blood. He is a sort of a Turveydrop in the insect world, who seems to have no higher object during his brief life than "to show himself about town." His life to be sure is a short one, but then it is full of indolence and luxury. He is expected to pay certain delicate attentions to his infinitesial spouse, which she rewards when tired of him by giving a short, sharp and fatal prod of the remarkable lance which she carries concealed in her proboscis. He is not provided with such a weapon, and is as much at her mercy as a boxer at that of a skilled swordsman. He is if gentle and perhaps amiable character. He lives on a strictly vegetable diet, which may account for the absence of the bloodthirsty and ferocious spirit of his spouse. She can, at a pinch, lead the life of a vegetarian; but what she wants is gore, piping hot gore, human, if she can get it, but never overlooking any chance. The toughest hide that ever covered a horse or a steer does not intervene beteen the lady mosquito and her vampirish thirst. It is even doubted that Colonel Mosquito is given to vocal efforts. If he ever does he sings very low and his performance is entirely overlooked, when the restless human appreciates the ease with which my lady takes high C and holds it until driven out of the room by the exasperated wielder of a wet towel.

Less is known about the origin of the mosquito's name than of his habits, and Americans have no monopoly of information upon this latter phase of the subject. All climates claim the mosquito as pest in chief. On the upper waters of the Missouri mosquitoes, after a rainy season, are the greatest impediment to navigation met with. They swarm by millions. Cattle are driven in the river, and they stand with their muzzles alone held above the water, which are black with the pests. Pilots on the boats are forced to burn smudge fires. They are of every conceivable degree of minuteness, and no veil has fine enough texture to exclude them. Arctic explorers all write of sufferings at the hands or rather stings of mosquitoes.

In England mosquitoes are called gnats, and on the continent of Europe cousins, moucherons, and other names. The gnat belongs to the genus culer. It is found in most of the temperate and tropical portions of the globe where man has penetrated. About thirty species are known in the United States.

In the human family the female is the more ornamental as well as the more amiable animal. In the insect world, particularly among mosquitoes, the reverse is the case. There are mosquitoes which confine their activities to the daylight hours, and lavish their caresses principally on the tender foliage of trees and aromatic plants. These principally inhabit woods and marshes. The other varieties make themselves heard and felt during the night chiefly. The greater portion of their active existence is passed in or near human habitations. These are the varieties with which man is most intimately acquainted.

But in all the species of the mosquito family the male apparently is the superior being. In grace and elegance of architectural construction, as well as in variety and gorgeousness of raiment, the male mosquito far surpasses the female. The male also enjoys privileges and prerogatives to which the female can never aspire—certainly can never gain. The function which she performs in propagation of the species compels her to consume more food than he does and all this food she is obliged to get herself. In every essential particular she has to make her own and the family's living without the slightest aid from him. Such food as he requires for himself, which is neither large in quantity nor varied in quality, he picks up. Beyond that he does little except to display his charms and enjoy life. It is the female of the mosquito family with which the human species comes in most intimate contact. The female does by far the greater portion of the biting done by the family and the warblings of the mosquito are those of the female mosquito alone.

The mosquito first appears in the form of an egg. The eggs are deposited in the water by the mother mosquito. Before doing this she crosses her hind legs in the form of a letter X. As the eggs are dropped they are caught by the crossed legs, the gultinous substance attaching to the eggs holding them together. The number of eggs laid by one female before rising is very great. The eggs are arranged in the form of a raft and left to ride on the water; shallow, stagnant fresh water usually being selected. By the additions made to the number of eggs the raft is converted into a sort of a boat, and when the laying process is all completed the boat consists of from 300 to 350 eggs. This is the first stage in the existence of the embryo mosquito. After the last egg is lain and the boat competed, the mother's functions, so far, at east, as regards this particular brood, ends, and the eggs are left to shift for themselves.

A few days after the egg boat is launched the larvae appear. These are of an elongated wormlike form, and come out of the lower end of the eggs, leaving the empty shells forming the boat floating on the surface of the water. The ship is soon destroyed by the action of the winds and water. When the larvae appear the eggs are hatched. Most country readers of this article have seen these larvae in immense numbers on the surface of stagnant water during the warm months. They are vulgarly called "wigglers." Suspended from the surface of the water, with head downward, they are enabled to breathe by means of a sort of tube communicating with the trachea. The appearance of the larvae may be said to complete the second stage in the existence of the mosquito.

From ten to fifteen days after the appearance of the larvae the pupae state is entered upon. They take on a thin skin and roll around in the water, their motions being directed by a fin-like contrivance at the end of the tail. The quick, seemingly irregular movements of the pupae give them the name of "tumblers." They, too, are familiar to persons residing in the rural districts in the spring and summer. The change of the larvae into the pupae completes the third stage.

Between five and ten days after the pupae appear the last and most critical stage in the entire metamorphosis of the egg into the perfect insect arrives. About this period the pupa skin bursts open and the mosquito takes its first look at daylight. The pupa shell is in the form of a boat, the opening appearing on the surface of the shell which is furthest from the water. The insect rests lightly and deliberately, until it at length balances itself on its tail. A small gust of wind now or a slight eddy and the shell boat would tip over, when the mosquito's active existence would end before it began.

If the gust of wind or eddy fail to appear—and it is certain that they often do fail to appear—the insect slowly extricates its front pair of legs and places them on the surface of the water, still clinging to its shell boat. Then it slowly and deliberately spreads its wings. They at first strike the water, but are raised above it again, and the sun—for these affairs invariably take place on sunny days—and air dry them. The hind legs are then slowly drawn from the shell until their ends rest on the edge of the boat, the body is stretched out and the wings expanded. A moment afterward the wings flap, the shell is tipped over, the head is turned shoreward and the mosquito is ready for business.

Entomologists are by no means agreed as to the number of pieces in the proboscis, or "sting," of the common mosquito. This is the instrument which punctures the flesh and serves as a sort of introduction of the mosquito to the human family. Some authorities declare that it has four pieces, others aver that it has six, while still others assert that it has but five. The average layman would be unwilling to place the number below 20. The proboscis is tubular in form. The lances attached to it, whatever their number may be, are sharper than any instrument know to the surgeon. It is not the size or depth of the wound inflicted which makes the mosquito's "sting" so painful, but rather the secretion which is injected under the skin by the proboscis. This always produces itching.

There is no unanimity among scientists regarding the question of poison in the mosquito's "sting." No poison gland has yet been found in the head of any of these insects which have been examined. The wounds have been known to swell and become inflamed in many cases. In some delicate skins, indeed, fevers are said to have been produced, but on this latter point many entomologists throw doubts. It is certain, as millions of victims will very feelingly testify, that the wounds are often painful and always decidedly unpleasant. The saliva injected is believed to be slightly acrid. This quality, aggravated with the action of the "sucker," causes irritation, which is sought to be allayed by scratching, but which in reality makes the wound the more inflamed and painful.

Unhappily, the mosquito's "sting" is not so irritating to the victim's flesh as its "song" is to his nerves. Concerning the manner in which this sound is produced the naturalist is almost as much in the dark as the most ignorant and thoughtless non-scientist. The ordinary person, it is true, if questioned on the subject, would unhesitatingly answer offhand that it is made by the respiratory organs, as the vocal music of man and many of the lower animals is made. The naturalist, however, would not make this mistake. For whatever produces this sound, it appears tolerably certain that it has no direct connection with the breathing apparatus. Kirby, a well-known British entomologist, attributes it to the friction made by the base of the wings against the chest in flying. Other naturalists, equally skilled and observant, ascribe it to the rapid motion of the winglets, the motion of the poisers, or the vibration of the thorax,caused by the contractions of the muscles of the wings. The wings, indeed, move rapidly enough to produce a buzz of a fairly robust and pronounced character. One authority estimates that they vibrate 50 times every second while flying. Let 100 or 200 of these songsters be flying at one time within a dozen feet of a person's head—and twice or thrice as many as that are often flying within a space smaller than that in a woods, beside a brook, or in a garden—and it would be wonderful if the air were not vocal with sound.—Globe Democrat.

SAVING THE MOONSHINERS.

I make no bones about telling you that I'm an out-and-out friend of the Southern moonshiner. I know he makes whiskey in defiance of the law, but were I situated as he is I'd defy the law just the same. I've eaten with him, slept in his house and watched with him beside the still, hidden away in a mountain gulch, and there isn't one mean trait in his character.

The moonshiner, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, makes whiskey that he may make an honest living. His little mountain farm will grow a few acres of corn, but the product isn't worth drawing fifteen or twenty miles to market. Converted into whiskey it will bring him money enough to buy his necessaries He doesn't ask for more, nor could he do better. I've met dozens of them, and I never found one whose income from the still was a clean dollar a day. It's against the law, of course, but the Moonshiner knows that law stands between him and decent food and clothes, and he asks you if he has not a right to live.

One afternoon as I halted at a log cabin up in the North Carolina mountains a puff of black smoke suddenly poured out of the chimney. I had seen such things before. It was a signal. I was received kindly enough, but it wasn't 10 minutes before two men entered the house each carrying a rifle. Had I been a spy I shouldn't have had time to breathe a prayer. I had a password which made them friends in a moment. Two hours before I had seen a posse of men eating lunch among the rocks just off the road. I believed them to be a party of federal officers raiding up the mountains after stills, and I at once put the people of the cabin on their guard. Nice sort of business for a loyal citizen, you may say, but let me tell you something. I had seen 22 moonshiners cooped up in a room 20 feet square in a South Carolina jail—every man penniless, half-fed, ragged and been waiting trial for four or five months. I bought a dollar's worth of tobacco to divide around, but by the lord of creation in the shape of a deputy marshal refused to let them have it, and poured hot his abuse on us all I had that episode in mind when I saw that posse hiding in the woods.

I went up to the still with the two men. It was situated in a dark and narrow gulch which branched off a larger one. Seven or eight farmers were interested in the still and not one had averaged simply $4 per week out of it. They were simply using up corn for which no market could be found. Before night came there were 13 men and boys there with rifles or shotguns. A barricade of rocks was built across the gulch and every man swore to die there if need be. I not only helped build that barricade, but after it was finished I went with one of the men on a scout down the main gulch. I had in mind the sight of eight or ten poor devils whom I saw tried in a United States court and sent to Albany prison on long sentences. Some of the deputies perjured themselves on that trial—lied in a shameful manner, and they were afterwards called liars and dared not resent it. A few of us wanted to make up a purse for their families, but a United States czar, in the shape of a marshal, menaced us with vengeance.

"They are coming!"

It was an hour after dark on a summer's evening. Down the rocky bed of the gulch we heard the posse picking its slow way along, and we returned to the barricade. Thirteen men crouched down behind the rocks to wait. Every one had been told to fire at the word, and every one meant to obey. That volley would sweep the posse off the face of the earth.

"Hist! Here they are!"

It was almost midnight darkness in the smaller gulch. The raiders came down as far as its mouth and halted. This was the still they were after, but they were not certain as to location. Only thirty feet from the muzzles of the guns resting on the baricade they hated and debated. Some said it was farther up—some said further down. One man separated himself from the crowd and advanced to within five feet of the baricade. If he saw the wall of rocks he mistook it for the end of the gulch. He stood for a minute peering and listening, and my heart thumped so I was afraid he would hear it. Then he rejoined his companions, and we plainly heard him say:

"Boys, we are off on our landmarks. This is no gulch, but an elbow. We've got to go further down."

They went away without knowing that the gentle breeze sweeping up the gulch came from the wings of Death as they fluttered in the darkness, and we heard of them no more.—N. Y. World.

Maumee Notes.

Maumee, July 23.—The M. E. social was held at the home of Miss Emma Lucas last evening.

Mrs. H. Fallis, Mrs. J. L. Knowlton and Mrs. U. B. Taylor, of Toledo, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Lautzenheiser Sunday.

Rev. Washburn and wife and Mrs. John Cowling were guests of Rev. and Mrs. Richardson Monday.

Miss May Bates was tendered a surprise party by her young friends Monday evening in honor of her 20th birthday.

The office of the Toledo Cotton Mill company has been moved to this city with Mr. Creps in charge.

Alex C. Forsyth, of San Francisco, an old Maumee boy, visited Mrs. R. Robbins, of the Children's home, and Mrs. N. Graham, relatives, this week.

The Epworth league will hold a lawn fete at the M. E. parsonage yard next Tuesday evening.

Fits, spasms, St. Vitus dance, hysteria, headache, neuralgia, and nervous prostration cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Free samples at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

MILLIONS AT SEA.

How Specie is Shipped to and Fro Across the Ocean.

How Gold is Sent to Europe for Foreign Hoarders—Bagged and Kegged Like Ordinary Freight.

In one little tightly locked room on many of the large ocean steamers there frequently goes over a treasure large enough to buy the entire steamer and its fittings several times over. This little chamber is the gold room or treasure chest. It receives its precious freight at the last moment before the steamers start and its contents are the first portion of the cargo to leave the ship when she has been securely berthed. During the recent rush of gold abroad, the strong boxes have been kept in very active use, and the pursers of the several ships have had correspondingly increased responsibilities placed upon them.

Contrary to the general notion, a shipper of gold does not go to the sub-treasury in New York to get a consignment of gold simply because the government keeps its supply there for the payment of its legitimate obligations. It is not an exchange office in the sense of taking any sort of securities or legal tender and giving out gold coin instead. If gold certificates are proffered gold may be had, and it is as a member of the Associated Banks, doing business through the clearing house, that much gold goes out from the sub-treasury into the hands of the several banking institutions. They do not keep all the coin or bars or whatever shape the precious metal may be in their own vaults, but instead employ the great vaults of the Bank of North America, which nas become by general arrangement between the several banks a sort of depot for the deposit of gold. There is a sort of a cooper shop attachment to the bank as well, and a bag factory, too. The bags are strongly sewed, snug little affairs of stout canvas. Into each one $5,000 in gold coin is placed, $5 pieces if no other sort is to be had, and $20 pieces in preference, because then the surface of abrasion is less and the loss from this cause is very much reduced. The specie kegs are made of hardwood and have an extra iron band about them. There is a room in the rear of the bank specially set apart for the packing of the specie, and the operation is witnessed by a representative of the shipping firm which has received the coin order from abroad and upon whose order the shipment is making. Ten bags just fill a keg, and when the head has been put in by an attendant cooper a tape check is applied, four holes are bored through the ends of the staves above the head and bottom of the keg, and red tape run through and the ends run to a common point at the centre of the head, where they are sealed by a great batch of wax, bearing the seal of the shipper. A stout, low cart stands outside the door of the bank, and on this the $50,000 kegs are placed. A couple of men jump on with the driver, another couple perhaps look on and follow along, and the treasure moves off. A single truck will carry as much as forty kegs or $2,000,000, and a fixed sum per keg is charged. The delivery to the steamer is simply as other freight, so many packages, contents declared, but not vouched for by the receiving steamer people. The marine insurance companies will insure at the rate of about $2,400 on a million dollar shipment. Each shipper has a different notion of doing his business, and many do not insure at all. The steamer is designated, and as an extra precaution a large shipment, say of a million and a half, may go on as many as five or six various boats. It is on the simple rule of not intrusting too many eggs to one basket.

If foreign hoarders of gold would trust Uncle Sam to the extent of believing that a gold certificate really meant that a gold piece would be kept ready for its redemption then the vaulting away of these yellow-backed bits of paper would answer every purpose, but Russian and English bank men do not take chances in that way, and the consequence is the lugging back and forth of the gold to "meet balances," as is the current expression, but really to satisfy the mood of foreign bankers who take a notion now and then to demand something tangible, as gold coin or bars.

With bars duly stamped as to weight and fineness in the United States Assay office adjoining the sub-treasury the same kegs are used, but instead of canvas bags closely packed sawdust is used to keep the bars apart and the loss from abrasion is reduced to a minimum. It is all the same nominally to the Bank of England, where the English drawn gold goes, whether it be in coin or bars, since all goes into the melting pot, to be used if necessary for English coin, and the depositor receives a certificate of deposit, good for so much gold, just as the associated banks here get from the bank of North America a certificate of deposit good for each bank's proportion of the twenty to forty millions of specie kept in safety there.

What a magnificent chance for a grand bit of highway robbery the shipment of gold through the streets of a great city some one may say. Not a bit of it. The first intimation of anything of the kind would be met by a fusillade of pistol balls, for the instructions to these treasure-guarders are to shoot to kill at the first assurance on their part that a plan of robbery is about to be perpetrated. When a rush is made for that coin it is practically a sort of piracy on the dry land, and piracy means death in the modern code. Besides, a plan to be carried out would necessitate a lot of preliminary "piping off," a careful laying out of a plan from the moment of the appearance of the gold on the street, and any crook found downtown is pretty sure to be gathered in by one of Byrnes's men. The habitual vagrant act enables the police to arrest any known crook at any time and have him up for an examination before a police magistrate, and this is what is done where a known bad character is found down in the jewelry or the banking section. It is a simple rule, readily understood by man and marauder alike, and has been found to work satisfactorily.

Closely akin to the short shipment of gold from the strong boxes of Wall street to the nearby steamers is the passage to and fro of valuables for the government over the country. There is no official carriage system provided, but instead the government depends upon the appliances of a private express company. For 25 years Adams Express company had the monopoly of the landing of Uncle Sam's cash from one pocket to another, so to speak. There are the several mints and the several sub-treasuries always swapping gold and silver either in coin or bars. Twenty-five cent per $1,000 handled was the price which the Adams Express company received for years, but Tom Platt's company, the United States Express, came in recently with a bid of 15c per $1,000 and now has the contract. Mr. Jordan, during his reign in the treasury department, did some very lively hustling about of coin, sending millions across the continent from San Francisco to Washington and New York, much to the surprise of the old treasury officials. He did it, too, in queer ways, and depended upon secrecy for security. He came out without loss, but it made some of the old hands very uneasy. The present contract with the United States Express company covers the transfer of all sorts of securities, of mutilated money, of coin, etc., between the treasury department and the national banks of the country; with a bond of $500,000 to secure the government. In the case of the express company it must make good all losses. It does not merely receipt for such and such packages, but for their contents as well, so that when, in a recent shipment faom Grand Rapids, Mich., a batch of $1,700 was neatly extracted from a package and a wad of rags substituted, the express company was called upon to make good the deficiency. It arrested the thief, but did not recover the cash.

In the old stage-coach days, when the Wells-Fargo Express company carried enormous quantities of gold in dust and nuggets across the western plains and over the Rockies, there were tales of close calls and bold robberies beyond number. The train agents had a lively time of it and the coach drivers and guards a still livelier. There is some of it going on yet, but a well-run railroad affords facilities for the most secure transit, and the little iron safes which are bundled into and out of the baggage cars carry yearly enormous sums, so much that the best informed treasury and express authorities decline to make even an approximate estimate, and the percentage of loss—well, it is so small that it is hardly worth mentioning, and enforces the fact that the great public is a pretty honest one in the aggregate. —New York World.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Can You Believe It?

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimilated in every detail to

Carter's LITTLE LIVER Pills!

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrappers, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecing purchaser, who wants CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING.

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R'-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A Positive Cure for Sick Headache.

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

PURIFIES as well as Beautifies THE SKIN. Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient) "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

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Rheumatism and Neuralgia

And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.

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Tutt's Pills

This popular remedy never fails to effectually cure

Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness

And all diseases arising from a Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion.

The natural result is good appetite and solid flesh. Dose small, elegantly suar coated and easy to swallow.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FOUGHT FOR HIS DOG.

Because the Worthless Cur Had Once Fought Valiantly for Him.

It is no uncommon thing for a man to be drawn into a dog fight through desire to defend his particular canine, but a little incident occurred near here yesterday that had one or two unique features about it, says the Portland (Ore.) correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Hank Jackson is quite an experienced hunter and trapper, but he has the ugliest and most worthless cur on the coast, and, after running in bare-handed for the tenth time to protect his mischief-making dog from another deserved whipping, he was asked what the dog was good for. He finally admitted that the ugly pup was utterly worthless, but he added: "I stands by him kase he stood by me."

A judicious supply of corn-juice and a little well-simulated skepticism on the subject warmed Hank up.

"Yer see, it was this way," he remarked. ""I was up in the mountain thar and seen nothin' all day, when I got got durned tired. Tramp, thar, (he was nowin' but a durned tramp when he tuck up with me, says he to me in his fool way: 'They's a bar 'round here somewhars nigh.' But I thort he was thes tellin' a common dog lie,and laid my things down while I went to a spring a few steps off to get me a drink o' water. Tramp got mad, I reckon, kase I didn't believe him, an', when I got up offen my marrer bones and started back to my gun, thar stood the biggest grizzly you ever see right astraddle of my things, and Tramp settin' off on one side grinnin', as much as to say: 'Reckon you believe me now.' What to do I didn't know. I hed tuk off my belt with pistol and knife for to take a good rest, and so I hed nothin' but my claws against him, which warn't a fair match by considerable. The bar give me no time fer figgerin', and in a half a second away we was a-goin' up the branch, and him a-gainin' on me every jump with not a tree in a mile. When I felt his hot breath on the back o' my neck I jes' give one last spurt, scrambled up on top of a bowlder that stood next to the bed of what was sometimes a branch, and waited for the bar to reach up and pull me off. He was thar on time—no waitin' on his account—and was ready for work.

"The bowlder on which I stood jes' had room on top for me to stand thar, but it was over five feet up, and the bar, like a blame fool, when he seen me up thar like a statoo, instead of jumpin' up an' knockin' me off, stopped and riz on his hind laigs, and reached over to ketch my foot, when all at once down down he goes of a sudden. Lookin' down to see what the trouble was I see Tramp scampering off and the bar arter him. Of course the bar couldn't ketch Tramp dodgin' around, and so back they kem again. The same performance was repeated prezackly as before. When the bar riz on his hind legs Tramp nipped him on the heels till down he'd come. And all this time I war a-standin' thar jes es if I war a-standin' on aigs. This special side-show performance begun long 'bout the shank o' the evenin' and I'd a' been doin' the statoo act and Tramp and the bar still performin' yet, I reckon, of Tom Hivers and a crowd hadn't come along and busted up the show, long after the moon had riz. Under all the sarcumstances, ef Tramp could stand by me all the hot evenin' and clean into the night, is it any more'n fair for me to stay by Tramp in his fool scrimmages?"

And not a man in the crowd could say him nay.

DON'T DELAY TO

Stop that cough! Else the bronchial tubes will be enlarged and the delicate tissues of the lungs exposed to injury. No other medicine is so speedily operative in throat and lung troubles as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. A few doses have been known to break up an obstinate and distressing cough. Sufferers from asthma, bronchitis, croup, consumption, sore throat, and whooping cough find a sure relief in the use of this preparation. It Try soothes the inflamed membrane, promotes expectoration, and induces repose. Don't be without it in the house. Sallie E. Stone, Hurt's store, Va., writes: "I have found, in my family, that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral was always a certain cure for colds and coughs."

"Five years ago I had a constant cough, night sweats, was greatly reduced in flesh, and had been given up by my physicians. I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was completely cured."—Anga A. Lewis, Ricard, N. Y. *

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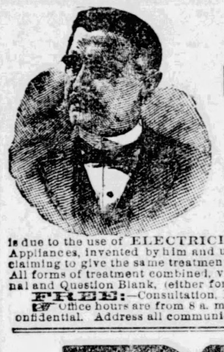

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ESTABLISHED---IN---1837.

MR. J. A. DEMUTH, (Professor of Music, Oberlin College.)

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Gentlemen:—Your favor asking how I like my Boardman & Gray Piano is before me, and replying will say it is truly a magnificent instrument. In tone, touch and action, it is the equal of any upright piano I have ever seen; while of its durability I have no fear whatever. Their record on that point would satisfy any one.

Before purchasing this instrument I carefully examined first-class pianos in othe" cities, and also made comparisons in your warerooms with Steinway, Weber, Decker Bros. and Steck. I finally bought the Boardman & Gray, and am so well pleased that I would not exchange for any piano in your warerooms, unless it should be one of your best Grands. Yours Truly, J. A. DEMUTH.

The Whitney & Currier Co., General Agents, Toledo, O.

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Be sure to make the investment in Englewood, the Home Center, because:

First—All the facts about Toledo Real Estate, in general, apply to Englewood in particular.

Second—It is the best and most conveniently situated of any of the additions open to investors or home-seekers in Toledo.

Third—Some of the shrewdest investors in Toledo, men who do not put their money where it will bring no return, own several lots in Englewood.

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A valuable PRIVATE MEDICAL WORK sent FREE (sealed) to the unfortunate, for home-cure of Night Emissions, pimples, lost power, vital urinary drain, emaciation and other vital evils of YOUTHFUL ERROR, and all forms of PRIVATE DISEASES. Address DR. CLEGG, CLEVELAND, O.

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PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
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DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians for the cure of diseases of the urinary organs, whether inherited or acquired. $1.00 per box. All druggists.

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EXCITEMENT!

Is running high over the wonderful bargains offered in Cushing's Lawrence Ave. Sub-Division of 24 choice city lots, situated on Lawrence Ave., between Bancroft and Virginia Sts., one block from Monroe. These lots are in the most rapidly developing and by all odds the handsomest residence portion of the city, and

AT THE

low figure at which we are holding them at present, and with the improvements about to be made, they are the best investments in the Toledo market. To those desiring a home in a growing locality, where building restrictions insure a fine neighborhood, no such investments are offered anywhere as in this sub-division The

OUTING CLUB

and the Monroe Street School are but a stone's throw from these lots, whilst the Electric Belt Line and Monroe Street Cars are within hailing distance. Call at our office and let us drive you out to see these beautiful lots before they are all gone. It will cost you nothing and we would be happy to do so.

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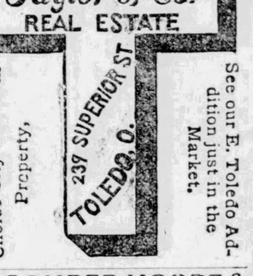

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FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1567 Monroe st. Hicks' block, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences; $500 per annum; ready May 1st.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $600 per annum.
FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near Bancroft, eight rooms, good barn; $20 per month.
FOR RENT—Dwellings from $6.00 to $20.00 per month.
FOR SALE—Building lots in all parts of the city. Cottages built to order and sold on long time, and on monthly payments when desired.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue
30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 Madison St.

GOLD IN IT { TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange, for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished.
Address,
THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

Robt. McCaskey Real Estate

Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my old customers and as many new ones as wish to get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY.

FOR SALE—
Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,500.
Building lot on Hicks st, 30x140, $600.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $1,000.
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

PHONES 119. 289. 285.

DEATH.

Ex-Vice President Hamlin is Dead.

Dr. Clarke will be at Lake Side on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday the 15th, 16th and 17th, so his Health Parlors will be closed until 10 a m, Saturday, the 18th

Dr. Clark cures all forms of chronic diseases; also loss of manhood and special diseases of women. Gonnorrhea and syphilis positively cured. Office next to Hote Hamilton, 419 Madison St

STORAGE
AND GENERAL TRUCKING.
Covered Vans for Furniture!
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE
Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.
The Moreton Truck and Storage Co.

FOR MEN ONLY. A NEW BOOK ON "Debility and Abuse." Puts in plains the only method to enlarge and strengthen all weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also, the quickest, surest cure for premature sexual, and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, partial or total impotence, etc., cured to stay cured." Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. Many forms of Sexual Abuse and Perversion are Always Consequences. You can write them, it may be the mistake of your life if you fail to answer this and irrefutable system of treatment which is as absolutely unfailing as any human agency can be. Readers of this paper who write us in good faith, and enclose 4c. in stamps, will receive, by return mail, a book sealed from observation, containing full particulars, testimonials and address. ERIE MEDICAL CO., Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

MEN ONLY REMEDY FREE.

Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. I have found a certain cure for all forms. I will send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a reliable and lasting cure. Address, CHAS. H. GAUS, Box 76, Marshall, Mich.

REAL ESTATE

EXCITEMENT!

Is running high over the wonderful bargains offered in Cushing's Lawrence Ave. Sub-Division of 24 choice city lots, situated on Lawrence Ave., between Bancroft and Virginia Sts., one block from Monroe. These lots are in the most rapidly developing and by all odds the handsomest residence portion of the city, and

AT THE

low figure at which we are holding them at present, and with the improvements about to be made, they are the best investments in the Toledo market. To those desiring a home in a growing locality, where building restrictions insure a fine neighborhood, no such investments are offered anywhere as in this sub-division The

OUTING CLUB

and the Monroe Street School are but a stone's throw from these lots, whilst the Electric Belt Line and Monroe Street Cars are within hailing distance. Call at our office and let us drive you out to see these beautiful lots before they are all gone. It will cost you nothing and we would be happy to do so.

CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 MADISON STREET.

Taylor & Co.
REAL ESTATE

239 SUPERIOR ST
TOLEDO, O.

MARKETS.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Dennis B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., July 23, }

Liverpool Corn Trade News of July 11th.

We have received by this evening's mail a further crop report from our own correspondent at Kieff (South Central Russia.) There need be no longer any doubt that the wheat and rye crops are practically total failures in the government of Moscow, Kaluga, Tula, Orel, Tamboff, Voronesh, Panza, Samara, Saraboff, Kazan and Viatka. The area comprised in those provinces is about 200,000 square miles, or twice the size of Great Britain. Our subscribers may place absolute reliance upon the "bona fide" character of our correspondent.

We have condenced an extract from the above report as follows:

"The reports received grow worse every day. In the interior governments, viz: Moscow, Koluga, Tula, Orel, Tamboff, Penza, the famine is already evident. In Samara, Saratoff, Kazen and Viatka, partly so. The rye crop in these governments is very bad; in fact not even the quantity sown has been harvested. People are entirely without food, even to-day. The administration in these governments are at their wits end, in their endeavors to relieve the distress. * * *

Since the 25th of April not a drop of rain has fallen; all plants are withered, additional injury has been done by the late frosts. In Central Russia the crop is reported to have failed completely. We may estimate our wheat crop in South Western Russia as being 50 per cent under the average.

Extensive heat in Spain is reported from Madrid, under the date of the 8th inst. The heat, which appears to have been equally oppressive all over Spain, is said to have scorched the wheat crop in Valencia.

Latest mail advices from Hungary report damage to the crop done by excessive heat. The crop is anticipated to turn out a middling crop as regards to quantity, and a good one as to quality.

Our New Zealand correspondent writes us that practically there will be no further shipments made from that colony during the ensuing seven months. Shipments from Australia during the second half of June were apparently nil, as our fortnightly cable had not come to hand, and nothing appears in our supplement as having left during that period."

London wheat market firmer, held higher. California advanced. Corn turn dearer. Weather cold and wet. Liverpool wheat firm; corn firm and ½ pence higher.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 952,879 bu, compared with 287,813 bu on the same day last year.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 715,006 bu in excess of the corresponding Tuesday in 1890.

The export clearances from four Atlantic ports includes 318,000 bu wheat, and the flour will make an aggregate of 400,000 bu.

English markets as reported herein are firmer and in some situations higher.

Seaboard Sales.

Large sales of wheat for July and August have been reported as made at the seabord ports since June. Statements of the quantity—doubtless exaggerated—are as large as 50,000,000 bushels. Whatever the amount is, it bears only small proportion to the movement thence, which for all the days in July has aggregated 3,652,000 bushels.

The wheat market of this country opened this a. m. with considerable spirit and made an advance of ½ to ⅝c, but it was succeeded by heavy selling East and West by the great plungers on the short side and weak side, and they broke the market East to a loss of ¾ on July and Sept. wheat and in Chicago to a loss of 1⅞ on Sept.

Corn also opened strong but very soon weakened, and while July closed in New York ½c higher, September was ½c lower. Chicago made a bad break. September closed at a loss of 1½c.

In Toledo.

The trading in wheat was fairly active. Opening prices for wheat futures were at a slight advance but the market soon lost its firmness and steadily declined. On the call July wheat sold at 90¼c to 90c; August at 89c to 89¼c, and December at 93c. After the call July sold at 90½c and closed at 89¼c, a loss of 1c; August sold at 89½c and closed at 88¾c, a loss of 1¾c; September sold at 90¾c and closed at 89c; December at 93¼c and closed at 91¼c, a loss of 1¾c.

The demand for cash wheat was large, and the sales aggregate 175,000 bus. Prices close lc lower; No 2 soft sold at 90¼c and closed at 89¼c; No 3 soft at 89@88c; rejected No 1 at 82@83c; No 1 white at 90¾c.

Corn—No 2, 63c; No 3, 62c.

Oats—No 3 white, 41c; No 2 for August, 29c.

Rye—No 2 at 69½c.

Clover seed—December at $4 25.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS.				SHIPMENTS.			
	Wht	Corn	Oats	Wht	Corn	Oats	
N Y	183500	52500	204 00	270721	34107	2597	
Balto	143535	46412	800	24 00			
Phila	23402	7602	14912	13808	18786	10039	
Boston		6150	17175		59950		
Toledo	953403	9240	12261	163731	900		
Chicago	357804	289458	133789	205353	263657	144725	
Milw'ke	24200		5400			600	
St L	185000	57000	55 00	231000	21000	9000	
Detroit	55873	6725	2715	42894		1893	
Duluth	1253			80572			
Minne	64000			112000			

Markets by Telegraph.

LONDON, July 23.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening, firmer and higher; inquiry moderate; nothing offering. Wheat and maize cargoes on passage and for shipment, turn dearer. No 1 Cala wheat just shipped or promptly to be shipped 40s 9d; No 1 Cala wheat nearly due, 40s 3d. English country markets firm, French rather firmer. Weather cool and wet.

LIVERPOOL, July 23.—1:00 p. m.—Wheat market firm, demand poor; holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn firm, demand fair, 5s 9d. Wheat off coast, demand poor; corn demand fair.

U S Yanns, July 23—Cattle—Receipts 14,000; weak; 10@15c lower. Hogs—Receipts 18,000; weak; 10c lower; heavy, $4 5 @5 05; mixed and medium, $4 20@5 00; light $4 50@4 85. Sheep—Receipts 5,000; unchanged, except for lambs, which dropped 25@35c.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 8. Futures steady; July, 7.63; August, 7.67; September, 7.81.

CHICAGO, July 23.—Opening: Wheat—September, 87½c. Corn—September, 55¾c. Oats—July, 33c; September, 28@28¼c. Pork—July, $11 45; September, $11 60. Lard—July, $6 55@6 55; September, $6 75@6 72½. Ribs—July, $6 72½; September, $6 75.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Flour strong with holders making a slight advance. Minn extra $3 85@5 30; superfine, $3 65@4 25; fine, $3 00@3 85; city mill extra, $5 05@5 10 for West Indies. Wheat opened strong and on an active buying frenzy prices rapidly advance until noon. At that hour prices were up 2¼c; No 2 red winter, cash, 99¼c; July, 98c; August, 96¼c; September, 96¼c; October, 87¾c. Corn opened strong and 1@2c higher and further improved 1@1½ in the first hour. From this there was a reaction of ⅝c and at noon the market was weak. No 2 mixed cash, 72½c; July, 70¾c; August, 66c. Oats dull but firm. No 2 mixed cash, 44c; August, 34½@35c; September, 32¾c. Rye and barley neglected. Pork stronger and more active new mess, $12 50@13 25. Lard quiet; August, $6 84; September, $6 91. Molasses quiet; Cuba 50c test 13c. Turpentine easier at 46@48c. Rosin soft; strained to good, $1 37½@1 42½. Petroleum nominal. Freights quiet and firmly held; grain to London steady.

Butter dull and weak with free offerings; western firsts 16@16½c. Cheese dull and weak. Ohio flat, common to fine, 5½@7c. Eggs easier; western fresh, 16¼@16½c. Rice nominal. Sugar, refined, quiet and weak; cutloaf and crushed, 6½c; granulated, 6¼@6⅝c; mould A, 6⅜c. Tallow firm; prime city, 4¾@4 3-16c. Coffee dull; fair Rio cargoes, 19c.

New York, July 23.—Money 2 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 485 for 60 days and 488 for demand; actual rates, 484@484¼ for 60 days, and 487@487¼ for demand.

Government quiet; currency, 6s, 109 bid; 4s coupon, 117 bid; 4½s do, 103½ bid.

The stock market was exceedingly dull this morning. There were only 35,700 shares sold in the two hours to noon. The little business done was in St. Paul, L. & N., Burlington, Rock Island, Wheeling, Lake Erie & Western preferred and St. Paul. There was no feature. Prices opened weak and declined ⅛ to ⅞ per cent, but towards 11 o'clock there was a slight rally only to be lost later on. At this writing the market is stagnant at prices slightly below those of yesterday.

PRODUCE CURRENT.

POULTRY—Spring hens, 20@22c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, 25 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

PROVISIONS—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 15 lbs and over, 10½c; 15 lbs, average 11c; 12 lbs and under, 11½c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 12c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8¼c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8¼c; refined, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c.

BUTTER—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 20c; fancy northwestern cream, ery, 17@18c; fancy dairy, 15@16c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

CALVES—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

TALLOW—City, 4c per lb; country, 4c. Market strong.

HIDES—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 3c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry-salted, 6@7c per bbl; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

WOOL—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 14@15c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31; fine merino, A and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c. Market firm, with fair demand for new clip.

BLACKBERRIES—$1 00 per bu.

CURRANTS—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

GOOSEBERRIES—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

CHERRIES—$2 00 per bu.

RASPBERRIES—$3 50 per bu.

PEACHES—$2 25@3 00 per bu.

WATERMELONS—15@30c.

BLUEBERRIES—$4 00@5 00 per bu.

CELERY—25@30c per dozen.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, new, $2 00 per bbl; new roses, 75 00. Cabbage home grown, $1 00 per bbl. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00 per crate; southern, $1 75@2 25 per sack. Cucumbers, 20c per dozen. New beets, 20c per dozen. Peas, $1 00 for home grown. Tomatoes, $2 00@2 25 per crate. String beans, green, 75c; wax, $1 00.

EGGS—Quiet but scarce and firm at 16@17c per dozen.

HAY—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $12 00@13 00; mixed, $10 00@11 00. Straw, $10.

SEEDS—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 10@1 15 per bu on arrival.

MILLFEED—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

FLOUR—Spring patent, $5 50; spring family 5 25, winter patent, $5 50@5 60; fancy, $5 25@5 00 winter family, $5 20@5 50; extra, $3 70@4 00; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 25@5 50 per bbl.

SALT—5c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

BEANS—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 00@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 00@2 75.

MAPLE SWEETS—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c. per lb.: Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

SORGHUM—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, 3@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

CHEESE—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 9@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14½@15c; twins, 11½@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

FISH—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 shore, $16 00@17 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $6 00@6 25. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. box herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

OILS—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white 150 headlight, 8¾c; land oil, 32@33c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

TURPENTINE—Dull at 39@40c per gal.

FEATHERS—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

HOPS—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, per lb.

PEANUTS—Farmers' rough, 2@2½c per lb; do screened, 3¼@3½c; recleaned and handpicked, 3¾@4¼c.

GROCERIES—Coffee, common, 19½c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20¼c; fair, 20¾@21c; prime, 21¼c; choice, 21¾@22c; yellow, 23½@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Java, 24¾@29c; Mochas, 27@30c. Sugars strong; granulated, 6¼c; powdered 6¾c; granulated, 6¼c; confectioner's A, 4¾c; mould A, 4¾c; off A, 4 5-16c; extra C, 4c; yellows, 3¾@3¾c. Great demand for high grades with shipments heavy. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 31½@32c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@30c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 5¼@6½c per pound; Japan, 6¼@6¾c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices. Wholesale confectionary dull.

SALTPETER—B C Henrietta satteens, 10½c net; A Henrietta satteens, 10c reg; B Henrietta satteens, 10c reg; C Henrietta satteens, 9½c reg; D Henrietta satteens, 9c reg; E Henrietta satteens, 8½c reg.

WARPS—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, 21c; wadding black, 20c; wadding white, 16c; Stark A bags, $20 00 a bale; Georgia bags $15 50; Eureka bags, $17 00.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, July 23.—Cattle—Receipts 79 loads through, 10 loads for sale; the market was a shade easier; no good cattle here. Extra steers at $5 80@6 00 per cwt; choice at 5 60@5 75; good at $5 40@5 50; medium butchers' at $4 90@5 30.

Hogs—Receipts 32 loads through, 11 loads for sale. The market was stronger. Sales of mediums at $5 75@5 80 per cwt; extra at $5 85.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 12 loads through, 6 loads for sale. The market was 10@15c stronger. Sales of best sheep at 5 00@5 25 per cwt; common to fair at $3 75@4 50; lambs at $5 50@6 00.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts 14,000; shipments, 4,000; the market was slow and weak to 10c lower; sales of prime to extra steers at $5 00@6 25 per cwt; others at $5 00@5 55; Texans and yearlings at $2 75@5 75; cows at $2 10@3 85.

Hogs—Receipts 40,000; shipments, 10,000; the market opened steady, closing weak and 10@15c lower; sales of rough at $4 80 per cwt; mixed and packers at $5 10@5 40; prime heavy and butcher weights at $5 50@5 60; prime light at $5 65@5 75.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; shipments, 3,000; the market was active; sales of native ewes at $3 75@4 6per cwt; mixed and wethers at $4 75@5 35; mutton Texans at $3 12½@4 50; western at $4 70; lambs higher at $4 00@6 25.

Kansas City, July 23.—The Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle—Receipts 7,610 head; shipments 3,630 head; the market for choice fat was steady, others weak to 10c lower. Sales of native steers at $3 00@5 50 per cwt; cows at $1 50@4 25; stockers and feeding steers at $2 00@3 75.

Hogs—Receipts 7,050 head; shipments 4,070 head; the market opened steady and closed 2½c higher; sales of all grades at $4 00@5 35 per cwt; the bulk at $5 20@5 30.

Sheep—Receipts 910 head; shipments 600 head; the market was steady.

EAST LIBERTY, July 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 462 head; shipments, 546 head. The market was slow. Prime steers at $5 50@5 90 per cwt; fair to good at $4 25@5 45; common at $3 25@4 00; bulls, cows and stags at $2 00@3 50. No cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts, 3,200 head; shipments, 1,800 head. The market was firm. Sales of choice selected Philadelphias at $5 90@6 00 per cwt; best Yorkers and mixed at $5 75@5 80; common to fair Yorkers at $5 50@5 70; fair to best pigs at $4 75@5 25. Seven cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,500 head; shipments, 1,500 head. The market was very slow. Prime sheep at $4 75@4 90 per cwt; fair to good at $4 35@4 80; common at $3 00@4 00; spring lambs at $5 00@6 00; veal calves at $5 50@5 75.

OHIO PENSIONS.

Buckeye Veterans and Their Dependents Granted Pensions

Washington, July 23.—Pensions have been granted to the following residents of Ohio.

Original—Alexander Jacoby (navy), Henry B. Kofler, Peter Wilson, Edmund B. Spooner, George W. Clark, George Shirey, Joseph V. Keller, Edwin Adams, Joseph S. Boone, Joseph W. Bryant, Joseph R. Gale, Peter Perry, Franklin H. Stratton, John W. Lasser, Wooley B. Lewis, Alfred Boyd, David Fryar, Benjamin F. Woodruff, Thomas Roach, Archie Emory, Robert Martin, Frederick Aller, Henry Goas, Charles Missner, Lewis Zosbman, Stephen C. Leas, William A. Chappelcar, Jacob I. Overholt, John Ditrick, Jacob F. Baker, William H. Bain, George W. Harper, John Block, John H. Powell, Michael McLaughlin, John G. McCoy, William McCord, William J. Melcher, William Oyster, John R. Wilson, Jas. Truman, Henry Smith, Avery Olney, William H. Acker, James A. Bowers, Pulaski Chapman, Frederick Walfort, John Richardson, John H. Hauser, Frank Borden, Richard Brown, James M. Dixon, Isaac Clark, Benia Galvin, William Martin, David Fulson, William C. Reed, William T. Glassford, Thomas Wilson, Edward Zaeller, Thomas Freeman, George R. Pickel, Isaac P. England, Henry Myers, Alexander Ruckert, John W. Boyd, John Keen, Theodore U. Ball, Frederick Yockee, Henry Bear, James W. Perry, Lafayette Johnson, Henry Coleman, John Garman, George W. M. Fuller, Edgar H. Terrell, Jacob Fritz, John Price, Ashbury Mills, Aug. Gran, Nelson W. Benson, Thomas C. Fisher, Jacob W. Parrott, John Lees, Samuel Dearth, William P. Pennell, George W. Spohn, Christopher Bodmer, Ensign A. Johnson, Ellis H. Insley, Thomas Adams, William Mack, Jacob Miller, Joseph J. Peave, George Lewis, Michael Fisher.

Additional—Jacob Haulba, Thomas M. Graham, Christian Albert, Thomas Bradley, Augustus Snyder, Leonard Helder, Charles Whelpley, William J. Rhodes, Samuel Geller, William Berry, Samuel H. Hains, Anthony Henwick, Louis Klein, William Rice, John S. Clouser, Geo. W. Esline, John Martin, Stewart E. Henderson, John Zimmerman, Greenberry Delay, William Dixen, John B. McGinnis, Henry Corden, George W. Ray, Charles M. Masters, John Zink, John Yager, Henry Kunker, Joseph Borland, Stephen P. Haines, George Daugherty, John W. Gerard, Henry Mills (navy), James Bates.

Increase—John Hughes, James R. Earich, David Haselback (navy), William C. Haverfield, Richard Eberhardt, Andrew Degnan, James H. Gowdy, James R. Arnold, Thomas Gains, Walter W. Rhoads, Peter H. Patton, Zachariah T. Darnell.

Reissue—William E. Townsend, Joseph Lovett, Edward O'Donnell.

Reissue and increase—Charles Teman.

Original widows, etc.—Elizabeth Vaughn, mother; Parnella Shepard; Cassandra Gifford, Mary A. Smith, Lucinda M. R. Pool, mother; Josephine Sand.

Widow of 1812—Mary A. Glas.

Sickness Among Children,

Especially infants, is prevalent more or less at all times, but is largely avoided by giving proper nourishment and wholesome food. The most successful and reliable of all is the Gail Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Your grocer and druggist keeps it.

IN THREE GREAT STATES.

OHIO.

Warren now has a driving club.

Dayton Baptists will build a new church.

Delaware is to have new drinking fountains.

Akron will give chemical fire engines a trial.

Switchmen at Springfield are out on a strike.

Findlay is talking of a kite shaped race track.

Licking county election board has organized.

Good Templar annual convention at Conneant.

New viaduct a mile long will be built at Cincinnati.

Gang of boy burglars were captured at Salineville.

The patrol system of Youngstown is to be extended.

Three big gas wells were torpedoed yesterday at Lima.

Wood county crops are simply phenomenal this year.

Cedar Point is one of the popular Ohio resorts this season.

Springfield K. of Ps. went into camp at Middle Bass yesterday.

Hsrry Bennet fell at New Philadelphia and was instantly killed.

Dr. Owen Ellison, pension examiner at Ironton, has been bounced.

Wellsville ministers have suspended meetings until September.

Government improvement on the Muskingdom river have begun.

Ninth regiment uniform rank, K. of P., will camp at Huron, August 11 to 17.

The Ohio Flow works are talking of removing from Steubenville to Youngstown.

Ladies' Foreign Missionary society will hold convention at Wakeman, August 27.

Secretary Probst, of the state board of health, is investigating the filthy condition of the Onio river.

Zanesville is very much tickled over the prospect of getting another rolling mill to manufacture bar iron.

The Rose family, of Cleveland, will have a reunion at Linwood Park, Vermillion, O., August 26 and 27.

Big yield of wheat is reported from Champaign county. Thirty bushels to the acre is a common occurrence.

Advanced the price of natural gas from 12 to 20 cents at Springfield and Dayton, and there's great indignation.

At a meeting of the state university trustees at Columbus it was decided to erect a geology building at a cost of $100,000. Horace Wilgus, of Columbus, was elected instructor in law and Prof. Kellerman, of Kansas, was elected to the chair of botany.

Fremont has been stirred up of late by the finding at different times of ancient remains while excavations were being made on certain streets in that city. Several days ago workmen unearthed a number of curiosities. A large skeleton was dug up, and with it were found brass buttons, old Spanisa coins and pieces of cloth all well preserved. It is supposed the skeleton is that of an English soldier who took part in the war of 1812. The coins were not very old, bearing date of 1793, 1795 and other dates in that century.

INDIANA.

Decatur wants better fire protection.

Big oil well drilled in near Montpelier.

The State fair will be a big success this year.

Fort Wayne preachers are kicking on Sunday ball.

Anna Pyatt of Lebanon sues a man for $2,000 damages who said she was drunk.

A man named Moffat at Mitchell exploded a gun, blowing part of his head off.

Michigan.

Muskegon is to have a new union depot.

Saginaw factories employ more than 8,000 men.

Dogs are killing great numbers of sheep near Lexington.

Over 60,000 pounds of cheese were shipped out of Sanilac county in one day recently.

Holly is the third interior town to have a typesetting machine. The Oakland County Advertiser commenced to use one last week. Ann Arbor and Pontiac have already been using one for some time.

A hail storm, which pursued a southerly course for 12 miles, taking in Hudson in its track, inflicted great damage to crops in Lenawee county. Hail stones fell to a depth of three inches and, 24 hours after the storm began, loads of them could still have been picked up.

A. Walton, of Bay City, will sue the Cheboygan Democrat for libel. He is the father of the girl who married one of the Considine crowd, and objects to the Democrat's article, in which his daughter was referred to a uncomplimentary terms and the statement that a crook named "Pokey" had often spent the night at Walton's house.

A Fortune in a Colt.

Five years ago "White Hat" McCarthy sold an old mare called Aurora to an obscure California thoroughbred breeder for $210. The following season she gave foal to a big, raw-boned colt, and at the yearling sale the embryotic racehorse was knocked dow to C. V. Tupper for $85. Dan McCarthy's $210 was part of the purchase money for C. H. Todd, which carried that patriotically ugly headgear to victory in a sensational American derby and earned $12,000 for its eccentric owner. The bank roll of which Aurora's $210 was the nucleus grew into a fortune for Dan who, with $20,000 of it, yesterday purchased a lot of property on Jefferson street in this city. Aurora's ungainly son thickened into a seemly looking youngster, was named Guido, showed some quality as a 2-year-old, became a racehorse last year, and was sold to W. H. H. Babb for $5,000. McCarthy got his warrenty deed just in time to rush to Washington park and see Guido win a race at mile heats and smash a turf record that held a stereotyped place on the guides for 10 years. In 1881 Bouree, a 4-year-old, 90 pounds up, ran heats at Sheepshead Bay in 1.42 and 1.41 1-2. Guido's performance was immeasurably superior, for with 117 pounds tilted upon his back, he covered the circuit time in 1.41 and 1.41 1-2.—Chicago Herald.

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
NONE SUCH
CONDENSED
Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD received at all Pure Food Expositions for Superior Quality, Cleanliness, and convenience to housekeepers.
Each Package contains material for two large pies.
Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.
MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N.Y.

ARE YOU TROUBLED
With an old sore, ulcer, or gun shot wound that refuses to heal up. If so take S.S.S., and become your former self. S. S. S., has cured many such cases after every other remedy had failed.

For Five years
I had a sore leg, which would yield to no treatment—until I took two bottles of S. S. S., which promptly cured it, and there has been no sign of return; this was in 1886.
E. R. Bost, Newton, N. C.

BOOKS ON BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES FREE.
The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

DR. KALKHOFF
SPECIALIST FOR ALL CHRONIC, PRIVATE & SURGICAL DISEASES
25 Years' Private Practice and Hospital Experience in both Europe and America.
507 Summit St., Toledo, O.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Inhalation with Compressed Gases (both home and office treatment—world-renowned) the only rational and scientific treatment for Consumption, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Deafness, Heart Disease and all Diseases of the Throat, Nasal Passages and Lungs. The worst cases of Catarrh are positively cured in from 3 to 6 weeks.
DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Dieting. Each patient is furn shed with a Diet Chart. It is very important for every sick person to know what to eat and what not to eat.
Specific Remedies, pleasant to take, but potent in their action, of Roots, Barks, Flowers, Berries and Plants, prepared under his own supervision in his expensive laboratory.
SPECIALTIES—All Chronic and Desperate Diseases, which do not yield to the treatment of the general practioner, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Fistula, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeple-sness, Brain Congestion, St. Vitus Dance, Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Deformities, Skin Diseases, including Pimples, Freckles, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and all Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Female Diseases cured without exposure.
PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES cured under a positive guarantee. Young and middle aged men, who are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses of later years, Special Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility, Impotence, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion of Society, Loss of Memory and Energy. Remember that I will forfeit $1,000 for every case of private d sease that I undertake and fail to cure. My treatment of Spermatorrhœa and Impotency is based upon its theories of my own, and has never yet failed in my hands to effect a speedy and permanent cure.
Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. I will guarantee a cure when others fail. My office and consultation rooms are furnished with a complete supply of Manikins, Charts, Electrical and Surgical Instruments, Apparatus for Deformities, Appliances for Examining Diseases in fact the most valuable collection of Medical, Surgical and Anatomical outfit to be found in this part of the country.
Low charges, and consultation is free and sacredly confidential.
Office hours: 8 a m to 4 p m; 7 p m to 8 p m. Sundays 9 a m to 12 m.
Out of town patients treated with unfailing success through correspondence. One visit desirable but not necessary. Write for examination blank.

BICYCLES
AND SUNDRIES
AT COST--FOR CASH
CALL SOON!
C. W. MUNSON, 336 SUMMIT ST.
TRANSFER BUILDING."

LOTS FOR $175.00
Small Down Payment---$5 Per Month!
FAIR GROUNDS ADDITION
At No Time in the History of Toledo

Have there been such rare opportunities for the prudent investor to place his money in land as at present. Toledo property is away down at rock bo tom figures. Don't fail to take advantage of these prices as they are sure to go up.

Fortunes Have Been Made

By judiciously investing a few dollars in real estate, and the secret of success n often buying in a growing locality at a ow figure, and holding the prope rty

Why Don't You Buy a Home?

You may try to get around it by saying that you cannot afford it. This is nonsense as every one of us spends more money needlessly every month than the small payment required to secure a lot.

Houses Built on Monthly Payments

With a small down payment. If you are worth $5 a month you are good for a lot in Fair Ground Addition. With the New Depot, Electric Street Ry. Water and City Gas this part of the city is bound to go ahead and prices will be from 50 to 100 per cent. higher a year later.
For further particulars apply to
I. H. DETWILER & CO.,
Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts. Real Estate and Insurance Agents.
Branch Office on the Grounds, corner Detroit Ave. and Dorr St.
OPEN EVENINGS.

THE
KANSAS CITY INVESTMENT
COMPANY

Invite your attention to the opportunities they are offering to parties to secure first-class homes at small cost—something really good, with merit enough in it to attract your attention if you will only look at it. We have one hundred and fifty choice lots in Kensington Addition, between Collingwood avenue and Fulton street, which we will sell at favorable terms. The streets are graded, sewered and ready for first-class buildings. The property is restricted to buildings costing at least $2,500. You are not required to build at once, but you can secure a lot now, cheaper than you can later. The property is sure to advance in price. Look it over; or better let us show it to you. We have some very nice houses there which we would be pleased to have you inspect. If you want a home we can suit you, for we will build for you a house after plans selected by you. Call at our office for further particulars, and get plat of property.

The Kansas City Investment Co.,
GEO. M. VAN EVERA, Manager,
Superior and Madison Sts.

Perhaps I Am Speaking to You

Persons,
Who intend leaving home on business or for pleasure for few days, Weeks or months this summer should have the BEE regularly mailed to them! The address can be changed as often as desired and no extra charge for mailing the papers. HAVE THE BEE WITH YOU EVERY DAY when you are away from home.

FOR SALE!
—BY—
I. H. DETWILER & CO.
IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$1,050...Tecumseh st, 2 story frame.
2,900...Oakwood ave near Shaw ave, 2 story frame.
1,800...Fourth st, East Toledo, 2 story frame house, 50 ft frontage.
1,700...Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
1,100...Franklin ave near Cherry, 5 room cottage.
8,000...Bartlett st near Collingwood, modern frame, large lot.
1,300...New house, Michigan st near Buckeye.
2,000...Cherry st, East Toledo, large frame house.
1,300...New cottage, Dorr st near Hawthorn.
1,275...Lorain ave, Broadway, cottage.
1,250...Six room cottage, new, Missouri st.
1,250...Bloomfield st near Union depot.
4,500...Collingwood ave near Bartlett, modern and new dwelling.
1,325...Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,250...Washington st near Forest ave, new cottage.
16,000...Jefferson st near 17th, modern dwelling, large yard.
1,275...Frame dwelling, Wakeman st near Oak.
800...Bexter st near Lagrange, 5 room cottage.
5,500...Large modern dwelling, 21s st near Monroe.
875...Bancroft st near railroad, 5 room cottage.
5,000...21st s near Jefferson, large, modern 2 story frame.
4,000...Large modern dwelling, Huron st near Elm.
1,000...Cottage, Moore st near Chestnut.
1,250...Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
7,500...Modern 12 room dwelling, Vermont ave
700...1½ story frame dwelling on Seaman st.
750...Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
850...Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
2,200...Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750...Brown st, East Toledo, cottage.
800...Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
1,200...Congress st cor Orchard, 2 story frame.
1,275...13th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
900...Cottage, Indiana ave near Clark st.
2,500...Missouri st near Lenk, two cottages, 80 feet frontage.

VACANT PROPERTY.

6 00 per ft...Bartlett st near fair grounds.
50 00 " ...Erie st near Ash.
15 00 " ...Dorr st near Detroit ave.
20 00 " ...Bartlett near Shaw ave.
40 00 " ...Collingwood near Washington.
25 00 " ...Robinwood ave near Virginia st.
18 50 " ...Maplewood ave near Virginia.
33 00 " ...Erie near Stickney ave.
10 00 " ...Cherry st, East Toledo, 40 feet.
10 00 " ...Oakwood ave near Detroit ave.
25 00 " ..." " " Shaw ave.
57 50 " ...11th st near Monroe.
25 00 " ...Jefferson st near 10th.
18 00 " ...14th st near Madison.
85 00 " ...Broadway cor Thayer, 44 feet.
875 00 " ...Monroe st near Huron, with frame building.
10 00 " ...Germania st near Hawley.
90 00 " ...Smith st near Union, 70 feet.
12 00 " ...Hick st near Forest ave, 30 feet.
12 50 " ...Vermont ave near Bancroft.
22 00 " ...Franklin ave near Bancroft.
15 00 " ...Indiana ave near Lenk.

We build Houses, buy, sell and exchange Property, and lend money. See us if we can save you money in these lines.
I. H. Detwiler & Co.,
Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.

Fire and Burglar Proof
SAFES
H. M. PIXLEY & SON
Are in position to furnish promptly any thing from a small office safe to a
BANK VAULT WITH TIME LOCK.
PRICES RIGHT.
OFFICE AND SALESROOM,
106 SUMMIT STREET.
PHONE 767.

Angier's Petroleum Emulsion is used by Physicians in Wasting Diseases, Nervous Prostration, Cholera Infantum, Chronic Diarrhœa, General Debility, as well as in all Lung Diseases.
Sold by Druggists.
SENT FREE! An interesting book, entitled "Petroleum: Its Mission." It is instructive. ANGIER CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Do you want a "HAWKEYE" or "KODAK" CAMERA to take with you on your vacation? If so, call at HEADQUARTERS for all kinds of PHOTO GOODS.
SESSIONS & KOHNE,
602 Summit St., Toledo.

"He Gives Twice, Who Gives Quietly."
I quietly give my Customers
Honest Values in Shoes!
Weber, 837 Summit St

Manhood Restored.
Small weak organs Enlarged, Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) Free to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, I. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS.
Manufacturers desirous of improving their interests will be given Free Gas, Free Plants, Magnificent and spacious Buildings, well located; suitable for foundry and machine shops, or manufacturing of any kind, with a capacity of twenty-five men or any number desired. I also have thirty-two first-class patents and inventions.
For particulars address
CARL C. L. WULFF, McClure, O.

JEWELRY, Roulet & Armstrong,
BADGES, ETC.
141 SUMMIT STREET. Over Strasburger's.

TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C

The Bee:

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 29 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: One week: Three times. 60cts: Six times 90cts.

BOYS—Wanted, two good feed boys. Apply at once. Bellman Bros, cor St Clair and Oak sts. 23jy2

BARBER—Wanted immediately, white barber, first-class workman; single preferred; sober and steady; $11 per week; no sunday work. Telegraph Fockler & Nelson, Bowling Green, O. 22jy2

WANTED—Business man with experience energy and capital—or a couple of such—to manufacture and push the sale of article needed in every factory, public building, store house, hotel, market and private dwelling; greatest invention of the age; cost small; demand universal; profits fair. For particulars address with reference, C 28, Bee office, Toledo, O. 21jy3p

WANTED—Porter, at the Jefferson. 22jy-tf

WANTED—Good brush boy at barber shop, No 310 Adams st. H Bowers. 22jy2p

WANTED—Salesmen—Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers; write at once. Ellwanger & Barry, Mt Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N Y. jy22:oaug13p

CUTTERS WANTED—Indications point to the Cleveland cutting school, Cleveland, O, being crowded during the entire season. What is the reason? Simply this: Cutters produce better results with the A D Rude New Method than by any principle of cutting taught. 22jy4

WANTED—Successful insurance solicitors to work in the city of Toledo; those who have worked in the accident line preferred. For particulars call at the Hotel Union after 6 p m. Inquire G R F. 21jy6p

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy3

WANTED—Teachers—Applications will be received until 6 o'clock p m, Monday, July 27, 1891, for one male teacher for a term of six months, at $50 per month, and one female teacher for four months at $32 per month; certificates must accompany each application. By order board of education, Waynesfield school, District No 1 (one), Lucas county, O. Attest: O C Geer, District clerk, Maumee. 18jy6

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell goods to merchants by sample; big pay for workers; new goods; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade. Model Mfg Co, South Bend, Ind. 18jy1mp

WANTED—For the United States army able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly6m

WANTED—Permanent office assistant. Salary $750. Railway fair paid. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, box 592, Chicago. 17jnetf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Competent girl at 123 21st st, between Monroe and Jefferson; small family, modern conveniences, liberal wages; reference required. Mrs Geo K Detwiler. 23jy-tf

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a competent girl for general housework; apply mornings at 356 Irving st. 23jy3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl for general housework, at 232 18th st. 23jy2

COOK—Wanted, one good second cook, at New York House, 125 St Clair st. 23jy3p

WANTED—A servant girl. Call at Mrs Siebert's, 309 Orange st, near Summit. 22jy3

HOUSEWORK—Wanted a girl to do general housework. Apply at 128 19th st, between Monroe and Jefferson. 22jy2p

WANTED—Kitchen girl; no washing and ironing; good wages. 124 Prescott st. 21jy3p

WANTED—Three first-class dining room girls at once; will pay $16 per month. Fountain hotel, Mt. Clemens, Mich. 15jy2wsn

WANTED—A nurse girl between 16 and 18 years old at 211 Irving st. 27jnetf

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 932 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

A GOOD PLACE to buy crockery, glass and tinware, lamps, etc. 612 South St Clair st, 5th ward. Isidor Heyn. 23jy3p

MARENGO GROVE—Picnic parties will find covered wagon at Broadway street car barns; make arrangements by calling phone 1110; fare round trip 25 cents. 22jy1m

DR. MINGOS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend all calls; special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 2jy1mp

WANTED—Everybody to insure their property in the old and tried Ohio Farmers' insurance company; 43 years' experience and $1,634,230.50 assets. Geo C Stahl, agt, 429 Adams st. 22jne1m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jnaly

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 861. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 7mayly

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—Laundry work, janitress or cleaning of any kind; first-class reference. Mrs Allen, 553 Wisconsin st. 23jy1

WANTED—Situation, by a woman to wash out by the day or at the house. Call at 113 Nebraska ave. 23jy3

WANTED—Situation, by a young married man, 30 years' residence in the city; speaks German and English; experience in wholesale and retail groceries, dry goods, notions and spice and coffee business; good recommendations. Address C 34, Bee office. 23jy3

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in private family; can give reference if required. Inquire at 718 Cherry st. 22jy3

WANTED—By young man 18 years of age, work of any kind; speak German and English. Address 1305 Peck st. 22jy3

WANTED—By a young lady a position as stenographer and typewriter. Address C 30, Bee office. 21jy3

WANTED—A middle-aged lady would like work of any kind to do by the day. Address Jessie Henderson, 14 Erie st. 21julyd

COOK—wanted situation as cook by a man that understands the business. Address C 29, Bee office. 22jy3

WANTED—Situation by a girl of 14 to take care of children. Address C 26, Bee office. 21jy3

WANTED—Situation to do light housework in small family. Address C 27, Bee office. 21jy3

WANTED—By a middle-aged American woman, engagements as lady's nurse, or care of an invalid. Call or address Miss Haley, 1511 Forrer st, city. 21jy3p

WANTED AGENTS.

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $500 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Kenner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 11jy3m

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—Cheap—Furnished house, No. 448 Twelfth st. Has 9 rooms, all modern conveniences; nicely furnished and ready for housekeeping. Apply at the house. 21julyd3p

FOR RENT—Old saloon, 1705 Summit st; good location for grocery or saloon; owner next door. Dennis McElroy. 28jy6

FOR RENT—Small house on Beech st near Ontario st. Inquire on premises; reference required. 18jy6p

FOR RENT—The commodious storeroom No 39 North Erie st, between Monroe and Washington; phone 257. Chas J Kirschner & Co, 512 Madison st. 17jy12

HOUSE—For rent, one house with 5 rooms, cellar, etc, cor Prouty and Stocking aves. Inquire of Jacob Bopp, 2 Superior, cor Washington st. 17jy6p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 230 Summit st. 4apr-tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY—To let—$700. Address H L H, 815 Locust st, city. 2jy3p

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

MONEY TO LOAN on farm or city property in large or small amounts at low rate of interest; will buy notes, bonds, mortgages or liber alterms. Merrell & Eastell, 312 Madison st. 21julyd

WANTED—TO RENT.

HOTEL—Wanted to rent, hotel or boarding house; will buy furniture, etc. Address P O Box 17, Hoytville, O. 20jy4w-p

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two-seat surrey, extension top buggy; price $125; good as new; can be seen at Geo Kapp's, 326 West Woodruff ave. 22jy6

FOR SALE—Horses, one family and one roadster; also one fine milch cow for sale cheap. Inquire 1154 Dorr st. 22jy2p

FOR SALE—Two young milch cows, one fresh, the other soon will be; will sell at a bargain. Address or call on Margaret McNally on Bowling Green road, at edge of Perrysburg. 21jy2p

BANCROFT PLACE—Lots for sale on Bancroft, Utica and George sts. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Frontage to suit for sale between Locust and Lagrange sts. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Well located lots with nicely graded streets and broad alley. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Stores, schools and street cars convenient; lots at a reasonable figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Neighborhood good lots well laid out, property cheap; get our prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Lots for sale on easy time and small payments; look at the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—A short walk from center of the city; business closes. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has a number of homes already built; more will soon follow. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is an attractive addition for homes at a low figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is especially cheap to parties wishing to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is easily reached by street cars from all parts of the city. Irving B Hiett & Co

BANCROFT PLACE—Title perfect, abstract furnished with each lot sold. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Money advanced to parties wishing to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Lots cheap; house built to suit purchasers; if you want one call on Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—For sale at prices which will surprise you; see us soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Look at this addition and judge for yourself; our prices are right. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has pavement and street cars on Bancroft st and street cars on Lagrange. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is well drained and in healthful neighborhood. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is good place for investment; property will increase in value. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has lots suitable for business or residence at proper prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is sold in lots on warranty deed, with good title making purchase safe. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is not far from Wheeling depot; is convenient for railroad men. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Should be seen to be appreciated; look at the lots Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Has lots for sale at prices that are right; call for figures Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—If you buy now all advances and profits you will receive yourself. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is a first-class place to buy; fortunes have been made by buying real estate cheap. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is in a growing district; good neighborhood already started. Irving B Hiett & Co.

BANCROFT PLACE—Is open for your inspection; let us show you the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

MANUFACURING PLANT FOR SALE—Owing to a scarcity of elm timber in this vicinity, we have decided to move our machinery, our 50 horse power engine and 80 horse power boiler, with main building 50x140 feet, and warehouses and sheds, we offer for sale cheap. An excellent manufacturing site and power sufficient for most any purpose; can be bought for half what it is worth; time given. The Edgerton Mfg Co, Edgerton, O. 17jy6

FOR SALE—Cheap—One two-seated open wagon and one single top carriage; also one good 5-year old mare, sound and gentle, or will exchange for building lot in good location. Call at 423 12th st. 16jy6

FOR SALE—Lots on Oakwood ave, street paved and sewered, at $20 per front foot; will build to suit; reasonable down payment, balance monthly. Call at 443 12th st. 16jy6

FOR SALE OR RENT—The stone building recently occupied by Byrul & Merick as a furniture, planing and jobbing establishment; the building is eighty (80) by seventy-three (73) feet, 3 stories in height with cellars, situate on Water st, Sandusky, in the center of the city; there are three railroads passing at the rear of the building, one within 10 feet; there is also an engine of 100 horse power, with a new steel boiler and planing machine matcher, resawing, moulding, ripping and cross-cutting off machine, all in good order for business manufacturing; the owner is going out of business; the property will be sold at a sacrifice or rented to a good tenant. James D Lea. Sandusky, June 5, 1891. 16jo6w

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Washington bridge, $1,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 74 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 109 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell. 16 Produce Exchange. 28sunetf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 5x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT ROOMS.

ROOMS—For rent nicely furnished rooms; also basement rooms for light housekeeping, with use of bath. Apply at 28 Ontario, between Monroe and Washington. 2jy6p

FOR RENT—Store room, cellar and dwelling above, No 605 Cherry st. Epnstein block, fitted up for a saloon; none but good parties need apply. Inquire of M M Eppstein, Finlay's brewery, or H Weltzel, Secor block, cor Superior and Monroe sts. 20jy11

FOR RENT—Several suits of rooms in the Eppstein block, Cherry st; modern improvements. Inquire of M M Epostein, at Finlay's brewery, or H Weltzel, Secor block, cor Superior and Monroe sts. 20jy11

ROOMS—For rent, five nice rooms on second floor; natural gas and water. 406 Irving st. 20jy6p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at $1 per week. Apply to Miss Pulver, cor St Clair and Knapp sts. 18jy6p

STOLEN.

STOLEN—One Lozier & Yost safety bycicle, No 458. $10 reward for the return of the same to J W Armstead, 577 Wisconsin st, city 17jy6p

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG—Lost English pug dog; when left home had collar on. Reward is offered for return of same to 442 Tecumseh st. 22jy6

LOST—Brown and white pointer with leather collar. Bring to 923 Erie st and get reward. 21jy3p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, a 33 acre farm just outside the corporation under the influence of the lake air and well adapted for truck gardening and fruit. George E Pomeroy & Son, 414 Madison st. 20jy1m

BUSINESS CHANCE.

HOTEL WANTED—Wanted to rent in live town of about 1,000 population, hotel, furnished or would buy furniture at appraisal; no attention to answers unless full particulars are given. Address James Walker, 403 West Harrison st, Chicago, Ill. 11jy3p

EARLY INTELLIGENCE.

Small Boy—"You're in love with my sister, aren't you?"

Sappy—"How do you know that?"

Small Boy—"Because you're always sending her presents, just like Mr. Brown, who's going to marry her."

DIED.

ALLEN—At Arkansas City, Ark., Friday, July 17th, of swamp fever and congestion of the brain, Wilson S. Allen, aged 45 years, 1 month and 18 days. P

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

Sunday school picnics are the order of the day.

Judge Harmon will adjourn court next Saturday.

Committee night at the council chamber this evening.

A number of Toledo people are in Detroit attending the races.

Excursion business on the river was never so lively as at present.

New chamber suits, fall styles, just received at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson St.

John Harbauer knows what his customers want; he keeps Leroux' Cider Vinegar.

Collars 2 cents, cuff, 4 cents, shirts 10 cents, at Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

New side boards and dining suits for fall trade at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson St.

Order a carriage or surrey for an evening drive from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Work has been commenced on the new building of the Woolson Spice company on Huron street.

A very large force of men is at work pushing the improvements on Superior and St. Clair streets.

Special prices in diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware at B. H. Broer's, 606 S. St. Clair street.

Toledo sent three boys to the Lancaster Reform school this week, and it was not a very good week, either.

Chas. Gable was arrested for obstructing the street and his case continued in police court until to-morrow.

To-night the committees on streets, sidewalks, police, health, and claims meet at the council chamber.

Mrs. C. J. Wooley caught a nine pound pickerel at Lake St. Clair several days ago and sent it to Toledo friends.

When you buy Buckeye paints and varnishes, you are certain to get good goods, and they are made right here in Toledo.

Iron and brass bedsteads just received. Prices low at M. Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson St.

Reception at the Pythian castle this evening to Gen. James R. Carnahan, of Indianapolis, the chief officer of the uniform rank.

John Majeski, who was arrested several days ago on the charge of assault with intent to rape, was released yesterday on $500 bail.

The following drunks were disposed of in police court this morning: George Haunessee, John Walters and Charles Clickler, costs.

Having no rent to pay we can and do sell furniture at lower prices than any other house. See our prices. M. Bartlett, 618 Jefferson St.

Building permits were to-day granted to H. S. Walbridge for a $750 frame on Clinton avenue, and Henry Kruse a $2,000 frame on Michigan street.

The salesmen's association will enjoy an excursion this evening on the City of Toledo. There will be vocal and instrumental music and dancing.

To tone up the system and stimulate the the appetite, take Angostura Bitters. Dr. J. G. B. Seigert & Sons, sole manufacturers. Ask your druggist.

Try the celebrated Rose brand hams' bacon and dried beef; also fresh, salt and smoked meats, sausage, etc., at Jacob Folger's, South St. Clair street.

Next week Governor Campbell will preside over the democratic meeting at Lakeside, when Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, will talk on the tariff question.

Fred Smith was arrested yesterday for challenging to fight. The case was withdrawn from the police court docket this morning by the defendent paying the costs.

Get non-board fire insurance rates in five of the best companies licensed to do business in Ohio at 411 Washington street, before going elsewhere. P. J. Mettler, agent.

William Johnson and Annie Johnson, his wife, who reside on Oak street, were each fined $10 and costs in police court this morning for engaging in a family row last Sunday.

The condemnation suit of the Pennsylvania Railway company against Bailey et al, assigned for hearing in probate court yesterday was continued until next Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

Henry Weis took a horse and buggy yesterday without the owner's consent, and used it, for which he was arrested and brought before Judge Sala this morning. The case was continued until to-morrow.

Toledo will have an opportunity to hear some of the best speakers in the country during the campaign. Both parties expect to put in their guns in Lucas county and it is possible ex President Cleveland may be among them.

The ladies of St. Paul's Episcopal church gave a lawn fete at the corner of Cherry street and Starr avenue, last night, which was largely attended and a thorough success. The fete partook of a pinafore nature, which has already been described in the BEE. Refreshments were served and Tony Leon dispensed music.

The little office in Cherry Grove at the corner of Walnut and Frederick streets is now open from 12 to 7 p. m. for the sale of the remaining lots in Cherry Grove addition. Call on Mr. H. H. Modewell at the office, or on R. W. Smith, 224 St. Clair st.

The Young Men's Catholic Benevolent Association have changed their night of meeting from Friday to Tuesday, and now meet at Friendship hall, corner Summit and Jefferson streets. The members will attend the dedication of St. Ann's church, at Fremont, next Sunday, and anticipate a large attendance.

Mrs. Hubbard, living at the corner of Monroe and Fifteenth streets, reported to the police last night that at about 9:30 two men came to her house and asked for food, which, when given to them, they refused to take, and demanded money. Miss Hubbard became frightened and called to the men folks who were in the house, when the two intruders made their escape.

The Ladies' Aid society of Clark Street M. E. church, East Side, will give a lawn fete at the residence of Mr. Robert Barber, 1609 Miami street, to-morrow evening. Ice cream and cake will be served during the evening. All are invited to have a good time, as this society never does anything by halves.

Don't worry your horse or deny your self any pleasure when out riding. Just drive up to Shipherd's Carriage Repository on Cherry street where you will not only see the finest stock of buggies, carts and light wagons in the state, but also a complete line of fly nets, light robes and dusters—everything in horse goods. Quality of goods way up. Prices way down.

Last evening about 7:30 there was considerable excitement at the corner of Huron and Magnolia streets. Two of the Robison cars met at this point, both claiming to be on time. There was much jawing. Neither of the crews would consent to return to the switch and in the meantime the passengers got out and walked. Some rule should be applied to this kind of business, and the sooner the better.

An Old Nurse for Children.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Summer Tours.

The Wabash railroad are offering round trip tourist tickets, at very low rates, to Excelsior Springs, Eureka Springs, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Butte, Helena, Ogden, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Sitka, Alaska and many other points.

They are the only line east of Chicago that have a complete line of tourist tickets, obviating the annoyance to passengers of exchanging their ticket at some point en route. Palace reclining chair cars (seats free) elegant sleepers and famous Wabash dining cars on all trains.

Through Pullman buffet sleeping cars and palace reclining chair cars to Kansas City without change.

For illustrated printed matter, maps, folders, routes and rates apply to Boody house ticket office or P. E. Dombaugh, passenger and ticket agent Wabash railway, 308 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

Your Own Prices

on hardware and stoves at the Receiver's Auction Sale of the Loeffler & Crane stock now going on at 706 Summit street, below Cherry.

Moonlight Excursion On City of Toledo Thursday evening, July 23, given by the Clerks Mutual Protective union, No 5121, A. F. L. Good music and dancing. Tickets 25c.

Your Own Prices

on Hardware and Stoves at the Receiver's Auction Sale of the Loeffler & Crane stock now going on at 706 Summit street below Cherry.

Hardware at auction prices this week at the Receiver's Sale of the Loeffler & Crane stock, 706 Summit st., below Cherry. W. G. Alexander, Auct'n'r.

It is easy to start a style if you have a little notoriety back of it, and it is easy to get into the habit of using Smoketto cigars when you find that they are popular and that they equal the best 10-centers, while they only sell for a nickel.

Hardware at auction prices this week at the Receiver's Sale of the Loeffler & Crane stock, 706 Summit st., below Cherry. W. G. Alexander, Auct'n'r.

PRINCE GEORGE'S BIG CANE.

It Is of Heroic Size and the Greek Hercules Sticks to It as a Mascot.

Giant Prince George of Greece used an enormous walking stick to rap the assailants of the czarevitch in Japan. It is a familiar object to the members of the Russian, Danish and Grecian courts. It is of absolutely gigantic size and weight, bears a striking analogy to the traditional weaver-beam staff of Goliah, and was cut especially for the prince in the woods around Poros. It is for all the world like one of those monstrous canes, or rather clubs, which walking stick and umbrella dealers display in front of their stores for purposes of advertisement. This most extravagant-looking stick was the despair of Prince Georges' family and attendants, who repeatedly urged him to abandon it for a less gigantic and less conspicuous article.

This, however, Prince George absolutely refused to do, and even when in the act of bidding adieu to his father before his departure for the far east with his Russian cousin, he laughingly refused to leave it behind him, declaring that it was his mascot. And so, indeed, it has proved to be, for the most extraordinary honors are awaiting the young prince in Russia on his return to Europe.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injures the complexion, induce pimples, sallow skin. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Try them

A Brilliant Affair

is what the National Encampment at Detroit will be. Members of the G. A. R. and W. R. C. should avail themselves of the opportunity offered by the Lake Shore R'y for visiting Detroit by Special train August 3, and at low rates.

Carpenters are hustling their work along; we are hustling the goods out; prices no object as we must have room. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Lakeside.

The City of Toledo will run to Lakeside daily except Sundays, up to August 18. July 29 will be Democratic Day; free trade address by Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, M. C. July 30 will be Republican Day; address on the tariff by Hon. Wm. McKinley, jr. Fare round trip $1.50.

Lowest prices on Dry Goods can be had at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Your Last Chance

to see the celebrated war picture of the Battle of the Monitor and Merrimac. This is the last week in Toledo.

We have a complete stock of Pianos and Organs that are being offered at great bargains to save expense and damage in moving. Call this week. J. W. GREENE & Co.

DRESSES MADE OF PURE GOLD.

The Costumes of Sumatra Women Discount Those of the Civilized Heiress.

I have seen women of Sumatra, says a New York Sun correspondent, wearing dresses of pure gold and others wearing silver gowns. Both these metals are mined there in Sumatra and the natives —of sufficient knowledge of the arts to smelt and form the ingots into wire. The weaving of the handsome and costly cloths is quite the principal occupation of both the women and the men.

Never in Christian countries do women dress as extravagantly. I remember that once the chief told me he would have two pretty maidens dress as they would on their marriage. The two bright-eyed girls were gone some time and came back wearing, one a dress of gold and the other one of silver. They had bracelets one above another from the hands and above their elbows. At the elbows they wore peculiar bracelets, jointed to permit easily moving the joint. In brief, their arms were armored with precious metal. They had necklaces of gems and other costly ornaments, and the cloth-of-silver dresses were made loosely fitting above the waist, and the skirts in flounces.

Give me a package of Dr. Story's Five Minute Headache cure. I have so much work to do, and that will cure my headache. I know it.

Such a Slaughter

of prices as John Daiber is making on Summer Suitings is astonishing. Get your orders in early.

Dedication Excursion to Fremont, Sunday, July 26, 1891.

The special train to be run on the occasion of the dedication of St. Ann's church, Fremont, on Sunday, July 26, will leave Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad depot, Cherry street, at 8 a. m., standard time. Excursion rate 75 cents.

The Special Train

account of the G. A. R. Encampment at Detroit, runs through without change of cars over the Lake Shore.

Save money by buying Dry Goods, Carpets, etc., at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Before moving into our new quarters (Pythian Castle) we would like to dispose of all our second hand goods, and for that reason will make extremely low prices for the remainder of the week. J. W. GREENE & Co.

Do Not Miss This Chance

of attending the National Encampment, by Special train over the Lake Shore on August 3.

Attend the Alteration Sale at NEUHAUSEL BROS.'

No Change of Cars to Detroit

will be made by members of the G. A. R. or W. R. C. who take the Lake Shore Special Train August 3.

Excursion to Detroit.

The First Baptist church and Y. P. S. C. E. give an excursion on the Idlewild to Detroit, Friday, July 24.

Tickets for sale by members and at the boat.

We give you your choice of any article in the store at actual cost price. NEUHAUSEL BROS.'

Special Train to Detroit for the G. A. R.

For the National Encampment of the G. A. R., the Lake Shore & Mich. South. R'y will run Special train to Detroit, August 3, for which tickets will be sold at low rates. For time of trains, etc., see posters, or apply to local ticket agent for full particulars.

$1.50 A BOX | We are showing a fine Lisle Thread Hose for gentlemen. By the Box only. Only a limited quantity. LASALLE & KOCH.

A Boardman & Gray Piano In good condition for $125 cash this week only. J. W. GREENE & Co.

G. A. R. Special Train to Detroit August 3, via Lake Shore R'y.

Alteration Sale is booming—everything at cost—nothing held back; do not miss the opportunity. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

THE time to get Furniture below cost is now at Hager's Closing Out Sale.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is no humbug. "Everything goes" below cost.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grand Central!

A First-Class Restaurant. MEALS 25 CENTS.

503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space

HENRY WEITZEL, Propr.

F. H. PENFIELD,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & Illuminating Oils

Naphtha, Gasoline, Linseed Oil and Paraffine Wax.

11 and 13 MERWIN ST., CLEVELAND, O.

TAIT'S BREAD

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT

A PERFECT DIAMOND

COMBINES

Purity of Color,	A Diamond to take rank as "First Quality" must have perfect color. A stone showing any deflection from this essential is not a Perfect Diamond.
Mathematical Exactness In Cutting.	All Perfect Diamonds should have the facets true and mathematically correct.
Perfection in Dimensions.	Many stones with perfect colors cannot be termed Perfect Diamonds from lack of proportionate equalties.
True Adamantine Luster.	A Diamond having all the qualities of a Perfect Gem will exhibit true Adamantine Luster, otherwise known as brilliancy.

Visitors to our Diamond Department can be shown the largest stock of Perfect Diamonds in the State.

WRIGHT, KAY & Co.,

Diamond Merchants and Direct Importers,

140 WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT.

GLASS!

from Bohemia, New York, Fostoria, in Colored, Cut and Pressed, at Prices to Suit Yourself.

L. HASSENZAHL,

232 and 234 Summit St.

OFFICE OF

N. & G. TAYLOR CO.

301, 303, 305 Branch St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

AMERICAN ROOFING TIN.

We are making the Genuine Taylor "OLD STYLE" Brand of Extra Heavily Coated Ternes in Philadelphia.

Samples and prices upon application.

All orders will be filled in rotation as received.

N. & G. TAYLOR CO.

DO YOU THINK

Your Carpets ought to last forever? Is it not a fact that they have served you well, and that the uncomplaining old floor ought to have a new covering?

If that is so, come to us for the New Patterns in all grades of Carpets and Rugs.

V. B. SNYDER & SON,

The Old Reliable Carpet House.

N. HAUGHTON

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE COMPANY

HYDRAULIC, HAND AND POWER

ELEVATORS

FOR PASSENGER AND FREICHT SERVICE.

Steel Shafting, Iron and Wood Pulleys, Hangers, Couplings, Gearing, Etc. Largest Stock in the City.

Works, 114 to 130 South Huron St., Toledo, O.

OUR STOCK OF

FURNITURE!

MUST BE REDUCED

Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.

Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

HUDSONS

The Best in Toledo at the Prices

ARE

OUR	$12.00 SUITS
OUR	10.00 SUITS
OUR	7.50 SUITS
OUR	5.00 SUITS

Bargains in Pantaloons in Prices at $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00 and $3.50.

IN LADIES' FINE SHOES!

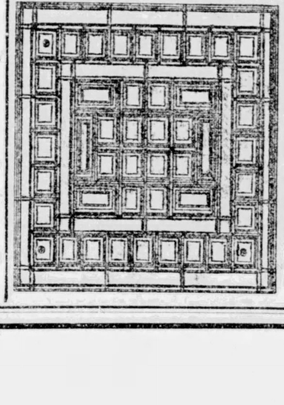
We show all the late styles in the best makes. Our $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes have best of style and extra worth.

Men's Patent Leather Shoes of Every Style, Excellent Value, at $5 and $6.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES OF THE BEST MAKES, STYLISH AND SERVICEABLE.

Outing Shirts of Every Style at $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00; $3.50 and $4.00 Shirts Reduced to $2.48.

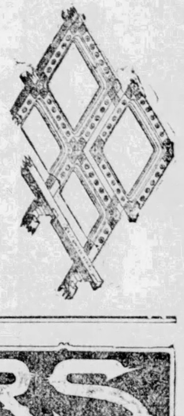
HUDSONS Clothing, Hats and Caps, Shoes, Furnishings.



Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

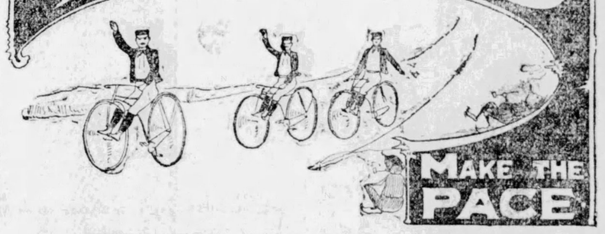
We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.



THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

VICTORS



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The Chapman Hardware Co.,

515-517 ADAMS STREET.

GREAT CHINA MATTING SALE!

5,000 ROLLS CHINA MATTING!

Direct Importations! Elegant Patterns!

Prices Below the Lowest!

STERLING & CO., 408-410 SUMMIT ST.

A. R. SISSON, Manager.

ACORN COOKING STOVES AND RANGES

Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors and Windows, Acme Mixed Paints.

MECHANICS' TOOLS AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

H. E. Kuhlman & Co., 620 S. St. Clair St.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL

We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from, and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.

We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.

We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains, Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.

Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.

OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

LARGE BOAT DISPLAY

Showing everything from a Canoe to a Steamer, to be seen at

The Toledo Exposition and the Great Inter-State Fair,

SEPTEMBER 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12,

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Exclusive Agency!

—FOR THE—

COLUMBIA, HARTFORD, —AND— FEATHERSTONE'S PNEUMATIC!

BICYCLES

Phone 630.

EMIL GRAH, 406 SUMMIT ST.

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS!

Merchants' and Clerks' Savings Bank

138 Summit St., near Jefferson.

CAPITAL, $150,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.

Interest allowed on Savings Deposits, payable Semi-Annually.

OLIVER S. BOND, Pres. J. E. BAILEY, Vice Pres. E. LOUIS SCHOMBURG, Treas